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AND

**HALF A HUNDRED BURLESQUES, EPIGRAMS, POEMS, SHORT SATIRES, ETC.**

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The Garden
By Sara Teasdale

My heart is a garden tired with autumn,
Heaped with bending asters and dahlias heavy and dark,
In the hazy sunshine the garden remembers April,
The drench of rains, and a snowdrop quick and clear as a spark.

Daffodils blowing in the cold wind of morning,
And golden tulips, goblets holding the rain—
The garden will be hushed with snow, forgotten soon, forgotten—
After oblivion will spring come again?
From the Reports of the Devil’s Secret Service

By Sam Hellman

I

Her modesty was widely praised. He met her and found that her demureness was genuine. She never saw him again.

II

He was old, crabbed, but very rich. Because of his wealth, she married him. They were very happy.

III

She loved him for his intellect—the intellect that prevented him from returning her affection.

IV

She talked of cooking, sewing and babies and he was enraptured. She kept on with the same subjects after marriage and he left her.

V

Four times he proposed and was rejected. The fifth time he was accepted. He looked so different, so handsome, with his hair brushed straight back.

VI

He had money. She was a delight to the eye. His dollars helped enhance her beauty, thus accentuating his insignificance.
The Last of the Delcasars

(A Complete Novelette)

By Harvey Fergusson

CHAPTER I

The year that Ramon Delcasar returned to his native town in New Mexico, after four years in a Middle-western university, the annual fair was an especially gorgeous and throngful event.

A steer was roped and hog-tied in record time by Clay MacGarnigal, of Lincoln County. A seven-mile Indian relay race was won by a buck named Slonny Begay. In the broncho-busting contest one man was killed and two were injured, to the huge enjoyment of the crowd. The twenty-seventh cavalry from Fort Bliss performed a sham battle. The home team beat several other teams. Enormous apples raised by irrigation in the Pecos Valley attracted much attention, and a hungry Mexican absconded with a prize Buff Orpington rooster.

Twice a day the single narrow street which connected the neat brick and frame respectability of New Town with the picturesque adobe squalor of Old Town was filled by a curiously varied crowd. The tourist from the East, distinguished by his camera and his unnecessary umbrella, jostled the pueblo squaw from Isleta, with her latest-born slung over her shoulder in a fold of red blanket. Mexican families from the country marched in single file, the men first, then the women, enveloped in huge black shawls, carrying babies and leading older children by the hand. Cowboys, Indians and soldiers raced their horses through the swarming street with reckless skill. Automobiles honked and fretted. The street cars, bulging humanity at every door and window, strove in vain to relieve the situation. Several children and numerous pigs and chickens were run over. From the unpaved street to the cloudless sky rose a vast cloud of dust, such as only a rainless country made of sand can produce. Dust was in everyone's eyes and mouth and upon everyone's clothing. It was the unofficial badge of the gathering. It turned the green of the cottonwood trees to gray, and lay in wait for unsuspecting teeth between the halves of hamburger sandwiches sold at corner booths.

Ramon, who had obtained a pass to the grounds through the influence of his uncle, went to the fair every day, although he was not really pleased with it. He was assured by everyone that it was the greatest ever held in the Southwest, but to him it seemed smaller, dustier and less exciting than the fairs he had attended in his boyhood.

This impression harmonized with a general feeling of discontent which had possessed him since his return. He had obtained a position in the office of a lawyer at fifty dollars a month, and spent the greater part of each day making out briefs and borrowing books for his employer from other lawyers.

It seemed to him a petty and futile occupation, and the way to anything better was long and obscure. The town was full of other young lawyers who were doing the same things and doing them with a better grace than he. They
THE LAST OF THE DELCASARS

were impelled by a great desire to make money.

He, too, would have liked a great deal of money, but he had no taste for piling it up dollar by dollar. The only thing that cheered him was the prospect of inheriting his uncle's wealth, and that was an uncertain prospect. Don Diego seemed to be doing what he could to get rid of his wealth before he died.

Local society did not please Ramon either. The girls of the gringo families were not nearly as pretty, for the most part, as the ones he had seen in the East. The dryness and the scorching sun had a bad effect on their complexions. The girls of his own race did not much interest him; his liking was for blondes. And besides, girls were relatively scarce in the West because of the great number of men who came from the East. Competition for their favors was keen, and he could not compete successfully because he had so little money.

The fair held but one new experience for him, and that was the Montezuma ball. This took place on the evening of the last day and was an exclusive invitation event, designed to give elegance to the fair by bringing together prominent persons from all parts of the state. Ramon had never attended a Montezuma ball, as he had been considered a mere boy before his departure for college and had not owned a dress suit. But this lack had now been supplied, and he had obtained an invitation through the governor of the state, who happened to be a Mexican.

He went to the ball with his mother and his eldest sister in a carriage which had been among the family possessions for about a quarter of a century. It had once been a fine equipage, and had been drawn by a spirited team in the days before Felipe Delcasar lost all his money, but now it had a look of decay, and the team consisted of a couple of rough-coated, low-headed brutes, one of which was noticeably smaller than the other. The coachman was a ragged native who did odd jobs about the Delcasar house.

When the Delcasar carriage reached the hotel, it had to take its place in a long line of crawling vehicles, most of which were motor cars. Ramon felt acutely humiliated to arrive at the ball in a decrepit-looking rig, when nearly everyone else came in an automobile. He hoped that no one would notice them. But the smaller of the two horses, who had spent most of his life in the country, became frightened, reared, plunged, and finally backed the rig into one of the cars, smashing a headlight, blocking traffic, and making the Delcasars a target for searchlights and oaths.

The Doña Delcasar, a ponderous and swarthy woman in voluminous black silk, became excited and stood up in the carriage, shouting shrill and useless directions to the coachman in Spanish. People began to laugh. Ramon roughly seized his mother by the arm and dragged her down. He was trembling with rage and embarrassment.

It was an immense relief to him when he had deposited the two women on chairs and was able to wander away by himself. He took up his position in a doorway and watched the opening of the ball with a cold and disapproving eye. The beginning was stiff, for many of those present were unknown to each other and had little in common. Most of them were "Americans," Jews and Mexicans.

The affair finally got under weigh in the form of a grand march, which toured the ball a couple of times and disintegrated into waltzing couples.

Ramon watched this proceeding and several dances without feeling any desire to take part. He was in a state of grand and gloomy discontent, which was not wholly unpleasant, as is often the case with youthful glooms. He even permitted himself to smile at some of the capers cut by prominent citizens.

But presently his gaze settled upon one couple with a real sense of resentment and uneasiness. The couple con-
sistied of his uncle, Diego Delcasar, and the wife of James MacDougall, the lawyer and real-estate operator with whom the Don had formed a partnership, and whom Ramon believed to be systematically fleecing the old man.

Don Diego was a big, paunchy Mexican with a smooth brown face, strikingly set off by fierce white whiskers. His partner was a tall, tight-lipped, angular woman, who danced painfully, but with determination. The two had nothing to say to each other, but both of them smiled resolutely, and the Don visibly perspired under the effort of steering his inflexible partner.

Although he did not formulate the idea, this couple was to Ramon a symbol of the disgust with which the life of his native town inspired him. Here was the Mexican sedulously currying favor with the gringo, who robbed him for his pains. And here was the specific example of that relation which promised to rob Ramon of his heritage.

For the gringoes he felt a cold hostility—a sense of antagonism and difference—but it was his senile and fatuous uncle, the type of his own defeated race, who he despised.

For Ramon came of one of the oldest of the local Spanish families. It had been established in New Mexico in the eighteenth century by Don Eusabio Delcasar y Morales, an officer in the Spanish army, who had done good service in conquering the country from the savages and had been rewarded by the King of Spain with a great grant of land. For a century the Delcasars had been barbarian lords, rich in land and slaves and power, living picturesque lives full of battle and amour and adventurous journeyings.

Then the railroad had come to New Mexico, bringing with it a new race and a new thing called business. Ever since, the gringoes and their business methods had been taking away from the Dons their wealth in lands. Ramon’s great-grandfather had been lord of a great domain, his grandfather had been a substantial land-owner, and his father had cut the family possessions down to a house in Old Town and a small sheep ranch in the Guadalupe mountains. His uncle, Diego Delcasar, was the only one of a numerous family who remained wealthy, and Diego had formed a partnership with Gordon MacDougall for the purpose of developing the former’s mountain lands. It was freely predicted by those competent to judge that the leading development would be a transfer of title to Mr. MacDougall.

Ramon Delcasar, therefore, faced the gringoes almost barehanded. And he faced them with the handicap of a faint and covert but ever-present prejudice against his blood. His forebears had been called caballeros; he had heard himself called a “damned Mexican.”

Against this prejudice he balanced the advantages of a plucky, primitive fighting spirit, of an intelligence keener than ordinary, and of an inbred pride which nothing could crush.

CHAPTER II

When the music stopped Ramon left the ball for the hotel lobby, where he soothed his sensibilities with a small brown cigarette of his own making. In one of the swinging benches covered with Navajo blankets two other dress-suited youths were seated, smoking and talking. One of them was a short, plump Jew with a round and gravely good-natured face; the other a tall, slender young fellow with a great mop of curly brown hair, large, soft eyes and a sensitive mouth.

“She’s good looking, all right,” the little fellow asserted as Ramon came up.

“Good looking!” exclaimed the other with enthusiasm. “She’s a little queen! Nothing like her ever hit this town before.”

“Who’s all the excitement about?” Ramon demanded, thrusting himself into the conversation with the easy familiarity which was his right as one of “the bunch.”
Sidney Felberg turned to him in mock amazement.
"Good night, Ramon! Where have you been? Asleep? We're talking about Julia Roth, same as everybody else...

"Who's she?" Ramon queried coolly, discharging a cloud of smoke from the depths of his lungs. "Never heard of her.

"Well, she's our latest social sensation... sister of some rich lunger that recently hit town; therefore very important. But that's not the only reason. Wait till you see her."

"All right; introduce me to her," Ramon proposed.
"Go on; knock him down to the lady," Sidney proposed to his companion.
"No, you," Conny demurred. "I refuse to take the responsibility. "He's too good looking."

"All right," Sidney assented. "Come on. It's the only way I can get a look at her anyway—introducing somebody else. A good-looking girl in this town can start a regular stampede. We ought to import a few hundred."

It was during an intermission. They forced their way through a phalanx of men, brandishing programs and pencils, each trying to bring himself exclusively to the attention of a small blond person who seemed to have some such quality of attractiveness for men as spilled honey has for insects.

When Ramon saw her he felt as though something inside of him had bumped up against his diaphragm, taking away his breath for a moment, agitating him strangely. And he thought he saw an answering flash of interest in her wide gray eyes.

"May I have a dance?" he inquired as their hands met.

"Let me see... you're awfully late." They put their heads close together over her program. He saw her cut out the name of another man who had two dances, and then she held her pencil poised.

"Of course I didn't get your name," she admitted. "No, I'll write it... Was it Carter? Delcasar? Ramon Delcasar. You must be Spanish. I was wondering... you're so dark. I'm awfully interested in Spanish people..."

She wrote the name in a bold, upright, childish hand.

Ramon found that he had lost his mood of discontent after this, and he entered with zest into the spirit of the dance, which was fast losing its stiff and formal character. Punch and music had broken down barriers. The hall was noisy with talk and with the ringing, high-pitched laughter of excitement. It was warm and filled with an exotic, stimulating odour compounded of many perfumes.

Everyone danced. Young folk danced as though inspired, swaying their bodies in time to the tune. The old and the fat danced with pathetic joyful earnestness, going round and round the hall with red and perspiring faces, as though in this measure they might recapture youth and slimness if only they worked hard enough.

Now and then a girl sang a snatch of the tune in a clear young voice, full of abandon, and sometimes others took up the song and it rose triumphant above the music of the orchestra for a moment, only to be lost again as the singers danced apart.

Ramon had been looking forward so long and with such intense anticipation to his dance with Julia Roth that he was a little self-conscious at its beginning, but this feeling was abolished by the discovery that they could fox-trot together perfectly. He danced in silence, looking down upon her yellow head and white shoulders, the odor of her hair filling his nostrils, forgetful of everything but the sensuous delight of the moment.

This mood of solemn rapture was evidently not shared by her, for presently the yellow head was thrown back, and she smiled up at him a bit mockingly.

"Not a thing to say for yourself," she remarked. "Are you always this silent?"
Ramon grinned.

"No," he countered. "I was just trying to get up the nerve to ask if you'll let me come to see you."

"That doesn't take much nerve," she assured him. "Practically every man I've danced with tonight has asked me that. I never had so many dates before in my life."

"Well, may I follow the crowd, then?"

"You may," she laughed. "Or call me up first, and maybe there won't be any crowd."

CHAPTER III

His mother and sister had left early, for which fact he was thankful. He walked home alone with his hat in his hand, letting the cold wind of early morning blow on his hot brow. Punch and music and dancing had filled him with a delightful excitement. He felt glad of life and full of power. He could have gone on walking for hours, enjoying the rhythm of his stride and the gorgeous confusion of his thoughts, but in a remarkably short time he had covered the mile to his house in Old Town.

It was a long, low adobe with a paintless and rickety wooden verandah along its front, and with deep-set, iron-barred windows looking upon the square about which Old Town was built. Delcasars had lived in this house for over a century. Once it had been the best in town. Now it was an antiquity pointed out to tourists. The Delcasars had never been able to afford a removal. They were deeply attached to the old house and also deeply ashamed of it.

Ramon passed through a narrow hallway into a courtyard and across it to his own room. The light of the oil lamp which he lit showed a large, oblong chamber with a low ceiling supported by heavy timbers, whitewashed walls and heavy, old-fashioned walnut furniture. A large colored print of Mary and the Babe in a gilt frame hung over the wash-stand, and next to it a college pennant was tacked over a photograph of his graduating class. Several Navajo blankets covered most of the floor and a couple of guns stood in a corner.

When he was in bed his overstimulated state of mind became a torment. He rolled and tossed, beset by exciting images and ideas. Every time that a growing confusion of these indicated the approach of sleep, he was brought sharply back to full consciousness by the crowing of a rooster in the backyard. Finally he threw off the covers and sat up, cursing the rooster in two languages and resolving to eat him.

Sleep was out of the question now. Suddenly he remembered that this was Sunday morning, and that he had intended going to the mountains. To start at once would enable him to avoid an argument with his mother concerning the inevitability of damnation for those who miss early Mass.

He rose and dressed himself, putting on a cotton shirt, a faded and dirty pair of overalls and coarse leather riding boots; tied a red and white bandana about his neck and stuck on his head an old felt hat minus a band and with a drooping brim. So attired he looked exactly like a Mexican countryman—a poor rancshero or a woodcutter. This masquerade was not intentional, nor was he conscious of it. He simply wore for his holiday the clothes he had always worn about the sheep ranches.

Nevertheless, he felt almost as different from his usual self as he looked. A good part of his identity as a poor, discontented and somewhat lazy young lawyer was hanging in the closet with his ready-made business suit. He took a long and noisy drink from the pitcher on the wash-stand, picked up his shotgun and slipped cautiously out of the house, feeling care-free and happy.

Behind the house was a corral with an adobe wall that was all of ten feet high except where it had fallen down and been patched with boards. A scrub cow and three native horses were kept there. Two of the horses made the ill-
matched team that hauled his mother and sister to church and town. The other was a fiery, ragged little roan mare which he kept for his own use. Having deftly saddled and bridled her, he mounted and was off at a gallop.

His way led up a long, steep street lined with new houses and vacant lots; then out upon the high, empty level of the mesa. It was daylight now of a clear, brilliant morning.

He was riding across a level prairie, which was a gray desert most of the year, but which the rainy season of late summer had now touched with rich colors. The grass in many of the hollows was almost high enough to cut with a scythe, and its green expanse was patched with purple-flowered weeds. Meadow larks bugled from the grass; flocks of wild doves rose on whistling wings from the weedpatches; a great gray jack-rabbit with jet-tipped ears sprang from his form beside the road and went sailing away in long, effortless bounds, like a wind-blown thing. Miles ahead were the mountains—an angular mass of blue distance and purple shadow, rising steep five thousand feet above the mesa, with little round foothills clustering at their feet. A brisk, cool wind fanned his face and fluttered the brim of his hat.

But with the rising of the sun the wind dropped, it became warm and he felt dull and sleepy. When he came to a little juniper bush which spread its bit of shade beside the road, he dismounted, pulled the saddle off his sweating mare, and sat down in the shade to eat a lunch he had in his pocket. When he had finished he wished for a drink of water and philosophically took a smoke instead. Then he lay down, using his saddle for a pillow, puffing luxuriously at his cigarette.

It was cool in this bit of shade, though all the world about him swam in waves of heat. . . . Cool and very quiet. He felt drowsily content. This sunny desolation was to him neither lonely nor beautiful; it was just his own country, the soil from which he had sprung . . . . Colors and outlines blurred as his eyelids grew heavy. Sleep conquered him in a sudden black rush.

It was late afternoon when he awakened. He had meant to shoot doves, but it was too late now to do any hunting if he was to reach Archulera's place before dark. He saddled his mare hurriedly and went forward at a hard gallop.

Archulera's place was typical of the little Mexican ranches that dot the Southwest wherever there is water enough to irrigate a few acres. The brown block of the adobe house stood on an arid, rocky hillside, and looked like a part of it, save for the white door, and a few bright scarlet strings of chile hung over the rafter-ends to dry. Down in the arroyo was the little fenced patch where corn and chile and beans were raised, and behind the house was a round goat corral of wattled brush. The skyward rocky waste of the mountain lifted behind the house, and the empty reach of the mesa lay before . . . . An immense and arid loneliness, now softened and beautified by many shadows.

Ramon could see old man Archulera far up the mountainside, rounding up his goats for evening milking, and he could faintly hear the bleating of the animals and the old man's shouts and imprecations. He whistled loudly through his fingers and waved his hat.

"Como lo va primo!" he shouted, and saw Archulera stop and look, and heard faintly his answering "Como lo va!"

Soon Archulera had his goats penned, and Ramon joined him while he milked half a dozen ewes.

"I'm glad you came," Archulera told him. "I haven't seen a man in a month except one gringo that said he was a prospector and stole a kid from me. . . . How was the fair?"

When the milking was over, the old man selected a fat kid, caught it by the hind leg and dragged it, bleating in wild terror, to a gallows behind the house,
where he hung it up and skilfully cut its throat, leaving it to bleat and bleed to death while he wiped his knife and went on talking volubly with his guest. The occasional visits of Ramon were the most interesting events in his life, and he always killed a kid to express his appreciation. Ramon reciprocated with gifts of tobacco and whiskey. They were great friends.

Archulera was a short, muscular Mexican with a swarthy, wrinkled face, broad but well-cut. With no more disguise than a red blanket and a grunt, he could have passed for an Indian anywhere, but he made it clear to all that he regarded himself as a Spanish gentleman.

He was descended, like Ramon, from one of the old families, which had received occasional infusions of native blood. There was probably more Indian in him than in the young man, but the chief difference between the two was due to the fact that the Archuleras had lost most of their wealth a couple of generations before, so that the old man had come down in the social scale to the condition of an ordinary goat-herding pelado.

The old man was now skinning and butchering the goat with speed and skill. Nothing was wasted. The hide was flung over a rafter-end to dry. The head was washed and put in a pan, as were the smaller entrails with bits of fat clinging to them, and the liver and heart. The meat was too fresh to be eaten tonight, but these things would serve well enough for supper, and he called to his daughter Catalina to come and get them.

The two men soon joined her in the low, whitewashed room, which had hard mud for a floor, and was furnished with a bare table and a few chairs. It was clean, but having only one window, and that always closed, it had a pronounced and individual odour.

In one corner was a little fireplace, which had long served both for cooking and to furnish heat, but as a concession to modern ideas Archulera had lately supplemented it with a cheap range in the opposite corner. There Catalina was noisily distilling an aroma from goat liver and onions. These viands were supplemented by a pan of large pale biscuits and a big tin pot of coffee.

Catalina served the two men, saying nothing, not even raising her eyes, while they talked and paid no attention to her. After eating her own supper and washing the dishes, she disappeared into the next room. This self-effacing behaviour on the part of the girl accorded with the highest standards of Mexican etiquette, and showed her good breeding.

After the meal, Archulera became reminiscent of his youth. Some thirty-five years before he had been one of the young bloods of the country and had fought against the Navajos and Apaches. He had made a reputation, long since forgotten by everyone but himself, for ruthless courage and straight shooting, and many a man had he killed.

In his early life, as he had often told Ramon, he had been a boon companion of old Diego Delcasar. The two had been associated in some mining venture, and Archulera claimed that Delcasar had cheated him out of his share of the proceeds, and so doomed him to his present life of poverty.

When properly stimulated by food and drink Archulera never failed to tell this story, and to express his hatred for the man who had deprived him of wealth and social position. He had at first approached the subject diffidently, not knowing how Ramon would regard an attack on the good name of his uncle, and being anxious not to offend the young man. But finding that Ramon listened tolerantly, if not sympathetically, he had told the story over and over, each time with more detail and more abundant and picturesque denunciation of Diego Delcasar, but with substantial uniformity as to the facts.

As he spoke he watched the face of Ramon narrowly. Always the recital ended about the same way,
"You are not like your uncle," he assured the young man earnestly, in his formal Spanish. "You are generous, honorable. When your uncle is dead, you will repay me for the wrongs which I have suffered—no?"

Ramon would always laugh at this. This night, in order to humor the old man, he asked him how much he thought the Delcasar estate owed him for his ancient wrong.

"Five thousand dollars!" Archulera replied with slow emphasis.

He probably had no idea how much he had lost, but five thousand dollars was his conception of a great deal of money.

Ramon again laughed and refused to commit himself. He certainly had no idea of giving Archulera five thousand dollars, but he thought that if he ever did come into his own he would certainly take care of the old man.

Soon after this Archulera went off to sleep in the other end of the house, after trying in vain to persuade Ramon to occupy his bed. Ramon, as always, refused. He would sleep on a pile of sheep skins in the corner. He really preferred this, because the sheep skins were both cleaner and softer than Archulera's bed.

After the old man had gone, he stretched out on his pallet, and lit another cigarette. He could hear his host thumping around for a few minutes; then it was very still, save for a faint moan of wind and the ticking of a cheap clock. This late, still hour had always been to him one of the most delightful parts of his visits to Archulera's house. For some reason he got a sense of peace and freedom out of this far-away quiet place.

He was the product of a transition, and two beings warred in him. In town he was dominated by the desire to be like the Americans, and to gain a foothold in their life of law, greed and respectability; in the mountains he relapsed unconsciously into the easy, barbarous ways of his fathers. Incidentally, this periodical change of personality was refreshing and a source of strength.

CHAPTER IV

At ten o'clock in the morning Ramon was hard at work in the office of James B. Green. He worked efficiently and with zest, as he always did after one of his trips to the mountains. He got out of these ventures into another environment about what some men get out of sprees—a complete change of the state of mind. Archulera and his daughter were now completely forgotten, and all of his usual worries and plans were creeping back into his consciousness.

But this day he had a feeling of pleasant anticipation. At first he could not account for it. And then he remembered the girl—the one he had met at the Montezuma ball. It seemed as though the thought of her had been in the back of his mind all the time, and now suddenly came forward, claiming all his attention, stirring him to a quick unwonted excitement. She had said he might come to see her. He was to phone first. Maybe she would be alone...

She gave him the appointment, and she herself admitted him. He thought he had never seen such a dainty bit of fragrant perfection, all in pink that matched the pink of her strange little crinkled mouth.

"I'm awfully glad you came," she told him. (Her gladness was always awful.) She led him into the sitting-room and presented him to a tall, emaciated sick man and a large, placid woman, who were her brother and her mother.

Gordon Roth greeted him with a cool and formal manner into which he evidently tried to infuse something of cordiality, as though a desire to be just and broad-minded struggled with prejudice. Mrs. Roth looked at him with curiosity, and gave him a still more restrained greeting.

The conversation was a weak and painful affair, kept barely alive, now
by one and now by another. The atmosphere was heavy with disapproval. If their greetings had left Ramon in any doubt as to the attitude of the girl's family toward him, that doubt was removed by the fact that neither Mrs. Roth nor her son showed any intention of leaving the room. This would have been not unusual if he had called on a Mexican girl, especially if she belonged to one of the more old-fashioned families, but he knew that American girls are left alone with their suitors if the suitor is at all welcome.

He knew a little about this family from hearsay. They came from one of the larger factory towns in northern New York, and were supposed to be moderately wealthy. They used a very broad "a" and served tea at four o'clock in the afternoon. Gordon Roth was a Harvard graduate and did not conceal the fact. Neither did he conceal his hatred for this sandy little western town, where ill-health had doomed him to spend many of his days and perhaps to end them.

The girl was strangely different from her mother and brother. Whereas their expressions were stiff and solemn, her eyes showed an irrepressible gleam of humour, and her fascinating little mouth was mobile with mirth. She fidgeted around in her chair a good deal, as a child does when bored. Mrs. Roth decorously turned the conversation toward the safe and reliable subjects of literature and art.

"What do you think of Maeterlinck, Mr. Delcasar?" she enquired in an innocent manner that must have concealed malice.

"I don't know him," Ramon admitted. "Who is he?"

Mrs. Roth permitted herself to smile. Gordon Roth came graciously to the rescue.

"Maeterlinck is a great Belgian writer," he explained. "We are all very much interested in him . . . ." 

Julia gave a little flounce in her chair, and crossed her legs with a defiant look at her mother.

"I'm not interested in him," she announced with decision. "I think he's a bore. Listen, Mr. Delcasar. You know Conny Masters? Well, he was telling me the most thrilling tale the other day. He said that the country Mexicans have a sort of secret religious fraternity that most of the men belong to, and that they meet every Good Friday and beat themselves with whips and sit down on cactus and crucify a man on a cross and all sorts of horrible things . . . for penance, you know, just like the monks and things in the Middle Ages. He claims he saw them once and that they had blood running down to their heels. Is all that true? I've forgotten what he called them . . . ."

Ramon nodded.

"Sure. The _penitentes_. I've seen them lots of times . . . ."

He proceeded to describe in the bald but vivid way of a man who has imagination but is not conscious of it, a procession of the penitent brothers which he had once witnessed near his father's ranch in the Guadelupe mountains. He made them see the long line of half-naked, blindfolded men marching in the raw wind with torn backs and blood dripping from their heels. He described this brutal survival of the middle ages simply and casually because it had always been a commonplace thing to him.

Two things he achieved by his recital. He gave his hearers a convincing impression of the primitive background of his own life, and for the first time he caught their interest. Julia listened with wide eyes and parted lips, as a child listens to the story of Jack the giant killer. But Mrs. Roth and her son listened with the ill-concealed horror and aversion which persons of relatively narrow sympathies always feel for anything foreign to their own experience and aspiration.

"And you mean to tell me that at one time nearly all the—er—native people belonged to this organization, and that many of them do yet?" Gordon Roth demanded.

"Nearly all the common _pelados_," Ramon hastened to explain. "Most of
them are Indian or part Indian, you know. . . . Not the educated people.” Here a note of pride came into his voice. “We are descended from officers of the Spanish army—the men who conquered this country. In the old days, before the American came, all these common people were our slaves.”

“I see,” said Gordon Roth in a dry and judicial tone.

The *penitentes*, as a subject of conversation, seemed exhausted for the time being, and Ramon had given up all hope of being alone with Julia. He rose and took his leave. To his delight, Julia followed him to the door. In the hall she gave him her hand and looked up at him, and neither of them found anything to say.

For some reason the pressure of her hand and the look of her eyes fluttered and confused him more than had all the coldness and disapproval of her family. At last he said good-by and got away, with his hat on wrong side before and the blood pounding in his temples.

CHAPTER V

During the following weeks Ramon worked even less than was his custom. He also neglected his trips to the mountains and most of his other amusements. These seemed to have lost their interest for him. But he was a regular attendant upon the weekly dances which were held at the Country Club, and to which he had never gone before.

The Country Club was a recent acquisition of the town, backed by a number of local business men, and designed primarily to make the place more acceptable to the wealthy Eastern health-seeker. It consisted of a picturesque little frame lodge far out upon the mesa, and a nine-hole golf course, made of sand and haunted by lizards and rattlesnakes. It had become a center of local society, although there was a much more exclusive organization known as the Forty Club, which gave a very formal ball once a month.

Ramon had never been invited to join the Forty Club, but the political importance of his family had procured him a membership in the Country Club and it served his present purpose very well, for he found Julia Roth there every Saturday night. This fact was the sole reason for his going. His dances with her were now the one thing in life which he looked forward with pleasure, and his highest hope was that he might be alone with her.

In this he was disappointed for a long time because Julia was the belle of the town. Her dainty, provocative presence seemed always to be the center of the gathering. Women envied her and studied her frocks, which were easily the most stylish in town. Men flocked about her and guffawed at her elfin stabs of humour. Her program was always crowded with names, and when she went for a stroll between dances she was generally accompanied by at least three men, of whom Ramon was often one. And while the others made her laugh at their jokes or thrilled her with accounts of their adventures, he was always silent and worried—an utter bore, he thought.

This girl was a new experience to him. With the egotism of twenty-four, he had regarded himself as a finished man of the world, especially with regard to women. They had always liked him. He was good to look at and his silent, self-possessed manner touched the feminine imagination. He had had his share of the amorous adventures that come to most men, and his attitude toward women had changed from the hesitancy of adolescence to the purposeful, confident and somewhat selfish attitude of the male accustomed to easy conquest.

This girl, by a smile and touch of her hand, seemed to have changed him. She filled him with a mighty yearning. He desired her, and yet there was a puzzling element in his feeling that seemed to transcend desire. And he was utterly without his usual confidence and purpose. He had reason enough to doubt his success, but aside from that she loomed in his imagina-
tion as something essentially high and unattainable. He had no plan. His strength seemed to have oozed out of him. He pursued her persistently enough—in fact, too persistently—but he did it because he could not help it. The longer he followed in her wake, the more marked his weakness became. When he approached her to claim a dance he was often aware of a faint tremble in his knees, and was embarrassed by the fact that the palms of his hands were moist. He felt that he was a fool and swore at himself. And he was wholly unable to believe that he was making any impression upon her.

True, she was quite willing to flirt with him. She looked up at him with an arch, almost enquiring glance when he came to claim her for a dance, but he seldom found much to say at such times, being too wholly absorbed in the sacred occupation of dancing with her. And it seemed to him that she flirted with everyone else, too. This did not in the least mitigate his devotion, but it made him acutely uncomfortable to watch her dance with other men, and especially with Conny Masters.

Masters was the son of a man who had made a moderate fortune in the tin-plate business. He had come West with his mother, who had a weak throat, and had fallen in love with the country, and scandalized his family by resolutely refusing to go back to Indian and tin cans. He spent most of his time riding about the country, equipped with a notebook and a camera, studying the Mexicans and Indians, and taking pictures of the scenery. He said that he was going to make a literary career, but the net product of his effort for two years had been a few sonnets of lofty tone but vague meaning, and a great many photographs, mostly of sunsets.

Conny was not a definite success as a writer, but he was unquestionably a gifted talker, and he knew the country better than did most of the natives. He made real to Julia the romance which she craved to find in the West. And her watchful and suspicious family seemed to tolerate if not to welcome him. Ramon knew that he went to the Roths' regularly. He began to feel something like hatred for Conny, whom he had formerly liked.

This feeling was deepened by the fact that Conny seemed to be specifically bent on defeating Ramon's ambition to be alone with the girl. If no one else joined them at the end of a dance, Conny was almost sure to do so, and to occupy the intermission with one of his ever-ready monologues, while Ramon sat silent and angry, wondering what Julia saw to admire in this windy fool, and occasionally daring to wonder whether she really saw anything in him after all.

But a sufficiently devoted lover is seldom wholly without reward. There came an evening when Ramon found himself alone with her. And he was aware with a thrill that she had evaded not only Conny, but two other men. Her smile was friendly and encouraging, too, and yet he could not find anything to say which in the least expressed his feelings.

"Are you going to stay in this country long?" he began.

The question sounded supremely casual, but it meant a good deal to him. He was haunted by a fear that she would depart suddenly, and he would never see her again.

She smiled and looked away for a moment before replying, as though perhaps this was not exactly what she had expected him to say.

"I don't know. Gordon wants mother and me to go back East this fall, but I don't want to go and mother doesn't want to leave Gordon alone. . . We haven't decided. Maybe I won't go until next year."

"I suppose you'll go to college, won't you?"

"No; I wanted to go to Vassar and then study art, but mother says college spoils a girl for society. She thinks the way the Vassar girls walk is perfectly dreadful. I offered to go right on walking the same way, but she said"
anyway college makes girls so frightfully broad-minded. ..."
Ramon laughed.
"What will you do then?"
"I'll come out."
"Out of what?"
"Make my début, don't you know?"
"Oh, yes."
"In New York. I have an aunt there. She knows all the best people there, mother says."
"What happens after you come out?"
"You get married if anybody will have you. If not, you sort of fade away and finally go into uplift work about your fourth season."
"But, of course, you'll get married. I bet you'll marry a millionaire."
"I don't know. Mother wants me to marry a broker. She says the big financial houses in New York are conducted by the very best people. But Gordon thinks I ought to marry a professional man—a doctor or something. He thinks brokers are vulgar. He says money isn't everything."
"What do you think?"
"I haven't a thought to my name. All my thinking has been done for me since infancy. I don't know what I want, but I'm pretty sure I wouldn't get it if I did ... Come on. They've been dancing for ten minutes. If we stay here any longer it'll be a scandal."
She rose and started for the hall.
He suddenly realized that his long-sought opportunity was slipping away from him. He caught her by the hand.
"Don't go, please. I want to tell you something."
She met his hand with a fair grip, and pulled him after her with a laugh.
"Some other time," she promised.

CHAPTER VI

In most of their social diversions the town folk tended always more and more to ape the ways of the East. Local color, they thought, was all right in its place, which was a curio store or a museum, but they desired their town to be modern and citified, so that the wealthy eastern health-seekers would find it a congenial home. The scenery and the historic past were recognized as assets, but they should be the background for a life of "culture, refinement and modern convenience" as the president of the Chamber of Commerce was fond of saying.

Hence the riding parties and picnics of a few years before had given way to aggressively formal balls and receptions; but one form of entertainment that was indigenous had survived. This was known as a "mesa supper." It might take place anywhere in the surrounding wilderness of mountains and desert. Several auto-loads of young folks would motor out, suitably chaperoned and laden with provisions. Beside some water hole or mountain stream, fires would be built, steaks broiled and coffee brewed. Afterward there would be singing and story-telling about the fire, and romantic strolls by couples.

It was one of these expeditions that furnished Ramon with his second opportunity in three weeks to be alone with Julia Roth. The party had journeyed to Los Ojuellos, where a spring of clear water bubbled up in the center of the mesa. A grove of cottonwood trees shadowed the place, and there was an ancient adobe ruin which looked especially effective by moonlight.

The persistent Conny Masters was a member of the party, but he was handicapped by the fact that he knew more about camp cookery than anyone else present. He had made a special study of Mexican dishes and had written an article about them which had been rejected by no less than twenty-seven magazines. He made a specialty of the enchilada, which is a delightful concoction of corn meal, eggs and chile, and he had perfected a recipe of his own for this dish which he had named the Conny Masters junior.

As soon as the baskets were unpacked and the chaperones were safely anchored on rugs and blankets with their backs against trees, there was a general demand, strongly backed by
Ramon, that Conny should cook supper. He was soon absorbed in the process, volubly explaining every step, while the others gathered about him and offered encouragement and humorous suggestion. But there was soon a gradual dispersion of the group, some going for wood and some for water, and others on errands unstated.

Ramon found himself strolling under the cottonwoods with Julia. Neither of them had said anything. It was almost as though the tryst had been agreed upon before. She picked her way slowly among the tussocks of dried grass, her skirt daintily kilted. A faint but potent perfume from her hair and dress blew over him. He ventured to support her elbow with a reverent touch. Never had she seemed more desirable, nor yet, for some reason, more remote.

Suddenly she stopped and looked up at the great desert stars. "Isn't it big and beautiful?" she demanded. "And doesn't it make you feel free? It's never like this at home, somehow."

"What is it like where you live?" he enquired. He had a persistent desire to see into her life and understand it, but everything she told him only made her more than ever to him a being of mysterious origin and destiny.

"It's a funny little New York factory city with very staid ways," she said. "You go to a dance at the country club every Saturday night and to tea parties and things in between. You fight, bleed and die for your social position and once in a while you stop and wonder why... It's a bore. You can see yourself going on doing the same thing till the day of your death..."

Her discontent with things as they are found ready sympathy. "That's just the way it is here," he said with conviction. "You can't see anything ahead."

"Oh, I don't think it's the same here at all," she protested. "This country's so big and interesting. It's different. "Tell me how," he demanded. "I haven't seen anything interesting here since I got back—except you."

She ignored the exception. "I can't express it exactly. The people here are just like people everywhere else—most of them. But the country looks so big and unoccupied. And blue mountains are so alluring. There might be anything beyond them... adventures, opportunities..."

This idea was a bit too rarefied for Ramon, but he could agree about the mountains. "It's a fine country," he assented. "For those that own it."

"It's just a feeling I have about it," she went on, trying to express her own half-formulated idea. "But then I have that feeling about life in general, and there doesn't seem to be anything in it. I mean the feeling that it's full of thrilling things, but somehow you miss them all."

He glanced at her with quick admiration. "I have felt something like that," he admitted. "But I never could say it."

This discovery of an idea in common seemed somehow to bring them much closer together.

His hand tightened gently about her arm; almost unconsciously he drew her toward him.

But she seemed to be all absorbed in the discussion. "You have no right to complain," she told him. "A man can do something about it.

"Yes," he agreed, speaking a reflection without stopping to put it in conventional language. "It must be hell to be a woman... excuse me... I mean..."

"Don't apologize. It is... just that. A man at least has a fighting chance to escape boredom. But they won't even let a woman fight. I wish I were a man!"

"Well; I don't," he asserted with warmth, unconsciously tightening his hold upon her arm. "I can't tell you how glad I am that you're a woman!"

"Oh, are you?" She looked up at him with challenging, provocative eyes.
For an instant a kiss was imminent. It hovered between them like an invisible fairy presence of which they both were sweetly aware, and no one else.

“Hey there! all you spooners!” came a jovial and irreverent voice from the vicinity of the campfire. “Come and eat!”

The moment was lost; the fairy presence gone. She turned with a little laugh, and they went in silence back to the fire. They were last to enter the circle of ruddy light, and all eyes were upon them. She was pink and self-conscious, looking at her feet and picking her way with exaggerated care. He was proud and elated.

This, he knew, would couple their names in gossip, would make her partly his.

CHAPTER VII

He wanted to call on her again, but he felt that he had been insulted and rejected by the Roths, and his pride fought against it. Unable to think for long of anything but Julia he fell into the habit of walking by her house at night, looking at its lighted windows and wondering what she was doing.

Often he could see the moving figures and hear the laughter of some gay group about her, but he could not bring himself to go in and face the chilly disapproval of her family. At such times he felt an utter outcast, and sounded depths of misery he had never known before. For this was his first real love, and he loved in the helpless, desperate way of the Latin, without calculation or humor.

One evening there was a gathering on the porch of the Roth house. She was there, sitting on the steps with three men about her. He could see the white blur of her frock and hear her funny little bubbling laugh above the deeper voices of the men. Having ascertained that neither Gordon Roth nor his mother was there, he summoned his courage and went in. She could not see who he was until he stood almost over her.

“Oh, it’s you! I’m awfully glad.” Their hands met and clung for a moment in the darkness. He sat down on the steps at her feet, and the conversation moved on without any assistance from him. He was now just as happy as he had been miserable a few minutes before.

Presently two of the other men went away, but the third, who was Conny Masters, stayed. He talked volubly as ever, telling wonderful, and sometimes incredible, stories of things he had seen and done in his wanderings.

Ramon said nothing. Julia responded less and less. Once she moved to drop the wrap about her shoulders, and the alert Conny hastened to assist her.

Ramon watched and envied with a thumping heart as he saw the gleam of her bare white shoulders, and realized that his rival might have touched them.

Conny went on talking for half an hour with astonishing endurance and resourcefulness, but it became always more apparent that he was not captivating his audience. He had to laugh at his own humor and expatiate on his own thrills. Finally a silence fell upon the three, broken only by occasional commonplace remarks.

“Well, I guess it’s time to drift,” Conny remarked at last, looking cautiously at his watch.

This suggestion was neither seconded by Ramon nor opposed by Julia. The silence literally pushed Conny to his feet.

“Going, Ramon? No? Well, good night.” And he retired, whistling in a way which showed his irritation more plainly than if he had sworn.

The two impolite ones sat silent for a long moment. Ramon was trying to think of what he wanted to say and how he wanted to say it. Finally without looking at her he said in a low, husky voice.

“You know . . . I love you.”

There was more silence.
At last he looked up and met her eyes. They were serious for the first time in his experience, and so was her usually mocking little mouth. Her face was transformed and dignified. More than ever she seemed a strange, high being. And yet he knew that now she was within his reach. . . . That he could kiss her lips . . . incredible. . . . And yet he did, and the kiss poured flame over them and welded them into each other's arms.

They heard Gordon Roth in the house coughing, the cough coming closer.

She pushed him gently away.

"Go now," she whispered. "I love you . . . Ramon."

CHAPTER VIII

His conquest was far from giving him peace. Her kiss had transformed his high, vague yearning into hot, relentless desire. He wanted her. That became the one clear thing in life to him. Reflections and doubts were alien to his young and primitive spirit. He did not try to look far into the future. He only knew that to have her would be delight almost unimaginable and to lose her would be to lose everything.

His attitude toward her changed. He claimed her more and more at dances. She did not want to dance with him so much because "people would talk," but his will was stronger than hers and to a great extent he had his way. He now called on her regularly, too. He knew that she had fought hard for him against her family, and had won the privilege for him of calling "not too often."

"I've lied for you frightfully," she confessed. "I told them I didn't really care for you in the least, but I want to see you because you can tell such wonderful things about the country. So talk about the country whenever they're listening . . . and don't look at me the way you do . . . ."

Mother and brother were alert and suspicious despite her assurance, and maneuvered with cool skill to keep the pair from being alone. Only rarely did he get the chance to kiss her . . . once when her brother, who was standing guard over the family treasure, was seized with a fit of coughing and had to leave the room, and again when her mother was called to the telephone. At such times she shrank away from him at first as though frightened by the intensity of the emotion she had created, but she never resisted. To him these brief and stolen embraces were almost intolerably sweet, like insufficient sips of water to a man burned up with thirst.

She puzzled him as much as ever. When he was with her he felt as sure of her love as of his own existence. And yet she often sought to elude him. When he called up for engagements she objected and put him off. And she surrounded herself with other men as much as ever, and flirted gracefully with all of them, so that he was always feeling the sharp physical pangs of jealousy. Sometimes he felt egotistically sure that she was merely trying by these devices to provoke his desire the more, but at other times he thought her voice over the phone sounded doubtful and afraid, and he became wildly eager to get to her and make sure of her again.

Just as her kiss had crystallized his feeling for her into driving desire, so it had focussed and intensified his discontent. Before, he had been more or less resigned to wait for his fortune and the power he meant to make of it; now it seemed to him that unless he could achieve these things at once, they would never mean anything to him. For money was the one thing that would give him even a chance to win her. It was obviously useless to ask her to marry him poor. He would have nothing to bring against the certain opposition of her family. He could not run away with her. And indeed he was altogether too poor to support a wife if he had one, least of all a wife who had been carefully groomed and trained to capture a fortune.
There was only one way. If he could go to her strong and rich, he felt sure that he could persuade her to run away with him, for he knew that she belonged to him when he was with her.

He pictured himself going to her in a great motor car. Such a car had always been in his imagination the symbol of material strength. He felt sure he could destroy her doubts and hesitations. He would carry her away and she would be all and irrevocably his before anyone could interfere or object.

This dream filled and tortured his imagination. Its realization would mean not only fulfillment of his desire, but also revenge upon the Roths for the humiliations they had made him feel. It pushed everything else out of his mind—all consideration of other and possibly more feasible methods of pushing his suit. He came of a race of men who had dared and dominated, who had loved and fought, but had never learned how to work or to endure.

When he gave himself up to his dream he was almost elated, but when he came to contemplate his actual circumstances, he fell into depths of discouragement and melancholy. His uncle stood like a rock between him and his desire. He thought of trying to borrow a few thousand dollars from old Diego, and of leaving the future to luck, but he was too intelligent long to entertain such a scheme. The Don would likely have provided him with the money, and he would have done it by hypothecating more of the Delcasar lands to MacDougall. Then Ramon would have had to borrow more, and so on, until the lands upon which all his hopes and dreams were based had passed forever out of his reach.

The thing seemed hopeless, for Don Diego was reputed to be spending unusually large sums of money. As he generally had not much ready cash, this must mean either that he had sold land or that he had borrowed from MacDougall, in which case the land had doubtless been given as security. Once it was converted into cash in the hands of Diego, Ramon knew that his prospective fortune would swiftly vanish. He determined to watch the old man closely.

He learned that Don Diego was playing poker every night in the back room of the White Camel pool hall. Gambling was supposed to be prohibited in the town, but this sanctum was regularly the scene for a game, which had the reputation of causing more money to change hands than any other in the Southwest.

Ramon hung about the White Camel evening after evening, trying to learn how much his uncle was losing. He would have liked to go and stand behind his chair and watch the game, but both etiquette and pride prevented him doing this.

On two nights his uncle came out surrounded by a laughing crowd, a little bit tipsy, and was hurried into a cab. Ramon had no chance to speak either to him or to anyone who had been in the game. But the third night he came out alone, heavy with liquor, talking to himself.

The other players had already gone out, laughing. The place was nearly deserted.

The Don suddenly caught sight of Ramon and came to him, laying heavy hands on his shoulders, looking at him with bleary, tear-filled eyes.

"My boy, my nephew!" he exclaimed in Spanish, his voice shaking with boozey emotion, "I am glad you are here. Come, I must talk to you."

And steadied by Ramon he led the way to a bench in a corner.

Here his manner suddenly changed. He threw back his head haughtily and slapped his knee.

"I have lost five hundred dollars to-
night," he announced proudly. "What do I care? I am a rich man. I have
lost a thousand dollars in the last three	nights. That is nothing. I am rich!"

He thumped his chest, looking
around defiantly.

Then he leaned forward in a con­fi­den­tial manner and lowered his voice.

"But these gringoes—they have gone
away and left me. You saw them?
Cabrones! They have got my money.
That is all they want. My boy, all
gringoes are alike. They want nothing
but money. They can hear the rattle
of a peso as far as a burro can smell a
bear. They are mean, stingy! Ah,
my boy! It is not now as it was in the
old days. Then money counted for
nothing! Then a man could throw
away his last dollar and there were
always friends to give him more. But
now your dollars are your only true
friends, and when you have lost them,
you are alone indeed. Ah, my boy!
The old days were the best!"
The old Don bent his head over his hands
and wept.

Ramon looked at him with a mighty
disgust and with a resentment that
filled his throat and made his head hot.

He had never before realized how
much broken by age and drink his
uncle was. Before, he had suspected
and feared that Don Diego was wast­
ing his property; now he knew it.

The Don presently looked up again
with tear-filled eyes, and went on talk­
ing, holding Ramon by the lapel of the
coat in a heavy, tremendous grip.

He talked for almost an hour, his
senile mind wandering aimlessly
through the scenes of his long and
picaresque career. He would tell tales
of his loves and battles of fifty years
ago—tales full of lust and greed and
excitement. He would come back to
his immediate troubles and curse the
gringoes again for a pack of miserable
dollar-mongers, who knew not the
meaning of friendship. And again his
mind would leap back irrelevantly to
some woman he had loved or some man
he had killed in the spacious days
where his imagination dwelt.

Ramon listened eagerly, hoping to
learn something definite about the
Don's dealings with MacDougall, but
the old man never touched upon this.
He did tell one story to which Ramon
listened with interest. He told how,
ten years ago, before he and an­
other man named Cristobal Archulera
had found a silver mine in the Guada­
lupe mountains, and how he had cheat­
ed the other out of his interest by filing
the claim in his own name. He told
this as a capital joke, laughing and
thumping his knee.

"Do you know where Archulera is
now?" Ramon ventured to ask.

"Archulera? No, no; I have not
seen Archulera for twenty years. I
heard that he married a very common
woman, half Indian... I don't know
what became of him."

The last of the pool players had now
gone out; a Mexican boy had begun to
sweep the floor; the place was about to
close for the night.

Ramon got his uncle to his feet with
some difficulty, and led him outdoors
where he looked about in vain for one
of the cheap autos that served the town
as taxicabs. There were only three or
four of them, and none of these were
in sight. The flat-wheeled street car
had made its last screeching trip for
the night. There was nothing for it
but to take the Don by the arm and
pilot him slowly homeward.

Refreshed by the night air, the old
man partially sobered up, walked with
a steady step, and talked more elo­
quently and profusely than ever.

Women were his subject now, and it
was a subject upon which he had great
store of material. He told of the wo­
men of the South, of Sonora and
Chihuahua where he had spent much
of his youth, of how beautiful they
were. He told of a slim little creature
fifteen years old with big black eyes
whom he had bought from her
peon father, and of how she had feared him
and how he had conquered her and her
fear. He told of slave girls he had
bought from the Navajos as children
and raised for his pleasure. He told
of a French woman he had loved in Mexico City and how he had fought a duel with her husband. He rose to heights of sentimentality and delved into depths of obscenity, now speaking magnificently of his heart and what it had suffered, and again leering and chuckling like a satyr over some tale of splendid animal desire.

Ramon, walking silent and outwardly respectful by his side, listened to all this with a strange mixture of envy and rage. He envied the old Don the rich share he had taken of life's feast. Whatever else he might be, the Don was not one of those who desire but do not dare. He had taken what he wanted. He had tasted many emotions and known the most poignant delights. And now that he was old and his blood was slow, he stood in the way of others who desired as greatly and were as avid of life as ever he had been.

Ramon felt a great bitterness that clutched at his throat and half blinded his eyes. He too loved and desired. And how much more greatly he desired than ever had this old man by his side, with his wealth and his easy satisfactions! The old Don apparently had never been thwarted, and therefore he did not know how keen and punishing a blade desire may be!

Tense between the two was the enmity that ever sunders age and youth —age seeking to keep its sovereignty of life by inoculating blind respect and reverence, and youth rebellious, demanding its own with the passion of hot blood and untried flesh.

Between Old Town and New Town flowed an irrigating ditch, which the connecting street crossed by means of an old wooden bridge. The ditch was this night full of swift water, which tore at the button willows on the bank and gurgled against the bridge timbers. As they crossed it, the idea came into Ramon's head that if a man were pushed into the brown water he would be swiftly carried under the bridge and drowned.

CHAPTER IX

The following Saturday evening Ramon was again riding across the mesa, clad in his dirty hunting clothes, with his shotgun hung in the cinches of his saddle. At the start he had been undecided where he was going. Tormented by desire and bitter over the poverty which stood between him and fulfilment, he had flung the saddle on his mare and ridden away, feeling none of the old interest in the mountains, but impelled by a great need to escape the town with all its cruel spurs and resistances.

Already the rhythm of his pony's lope and the steady beat of the breeze in his face had calmed and refreshed him. The bitter, exhausting thoughts that had been plucking at his mind gave way to the idle procession of sensations, as they tend always to do when a man escapes the artificial existence of towns into the natural, animal one of the outdoors.

His visit to Archulera this time proceeded just as had all of the others, and he had never enjoyed one more thoroughly. Again the old man killed a fatted kid in his honor, and again they had a great feast of fresh brains and tripe and biscuits and coffee. Afterward, there were many cigarettes and much talk, as before, Archulera telling over again the brave wild record of his youth. And, as always, he told, just as though he had never told it before, the story of how Diego Delcasar had cheated him out of his interest in a silver mine in the Guadalupe mountains. As with each former telling he became this time more unrestrained in his denunciation of the man who had betrayed him.

"You are not like him," he assured Ramon with passionate earnestness. "You are generous, honourable! When your uncle is dead—when he is dead, I say—you will pay me the five thousand dollars which your family owes to mine. Am I right, amigo?"

Ramon, who was listening with only half an ear, was about to make some
off-hand reply, as he had always done before. But suddenly a strange, stirring idea flashed through his brain. Could it be? Could that be what Archulera meant? He glanced at the man. Archulera was watching him with bright black eyes—cunning, feral—the eyes of a primitive fighting man, eyes that had never flinched at dealing death.

Ramon knew suddenly that his idea was right. Blood pounded in his temples and a red mist of excitement swam before his eyes.

"Yes!" he exclaimed, leaping to his feet. "Yes! When my uncle is dead I will pay you the five thousand dollars which the estate owes you!"

The old man studied him, showing no trace of excitement save for the brightness of his eyes.

"You swear this?" he demanded.

Ramon stood tall, his head lifted, his eyes bright.

"Yes; I swear it," he replied, more quietly now. "I swear it on my honour as a Delcasar!"

CHAPTER X

The murder of Don Diego Delcasar, which occurred about three weeks later, provided the town with an excitement which it thoroughly enjoyed.

Although there was really not a great deal to be said about the affair, since it remained from the first a complete mystery, the local papers devoted a great deal of space to it. The Evening Journal announced the event in a great black headline which ran all the way across the top of the first page. The right-hand column was devoted to a detailed description of the scene of the crime, while the rest of the page was occupied by a picture of the Don, by a hastily written and highly inaccurate account of his career, and by statements from prominent citizens concerning the great loss which the state had suffered in the death of this, one of its oldest and most valued citizens.

In the editorial columns the Don was described as a Spanish gentleman of the old school, and one who had always lived up to its highest traditions. The fact was especially emphasized that he had commanded the respect and confidence of both the races which made up the population of the state, and his long and honourable association in a business enterprise with a leading local attorney was cited as proof of the fact that he had been above all race antagonisms.

The morning Herald took a slightly different tack. Its editorial writer was a former New York newspaper man of unusual abilities who had been driven to the Southwest by tuberculosis.

In an editorial which was deplored by many prominent business men, he pointed out that unpunished murders were all too common in the state. He cited several cases like this of Don Delcasar in which prominent men had been assassinated, and no arrest had followed. Thus, only a few years before, Col. Manuel Escudero had been killed by a shot fired through the window of a saloon, and still more recently Don Solomon Estrella had been found drowned in a vat of sheep-dip on his own ranch. He cited statistics to show that the percentage of convictions in murder trials in that state was exceedingly small. Daringly, he asked how the citizens could expect to attract to the state the capital so much needed for its development, when assassination for personal and political purposes was there tolerated much as it had been in Europe during the Middle Ages. He ended by a plea that the Mounted Police should be strengthened, so that it would be capable of coping with the situation. This editorial started a controversy between the two papers which ultimately quite eclipsed in interest the fact that Don Delcasar was dead.

Meanwhile, the known facts about the murder of Don Delcasar remained few, simple and unilluminating. About once a month the Don used to drive in his automobile to his lands in the northern part of the state. He always took the road across the mesa, which passed near the mouth of Domingo
Canyon and through the Scissors Pass, and he nearly always went alone.

When he was half way across the mesa, the front tires of the Don's car had been punctured by nails driven through a board and hidden in the sand of the road. Evidently the Don had risen to alight and investigate when he had been shot, for his body had been found hanging across the windshield of the car with a bullet hole through the head.

The discovery of the body had been made by a Mexican wood-cutter who was on the way to town with a load of wood. He had, of course, been held by the police and had been closely questioned, but it was easily established that he had no connection with the crime.

It was evident that the Don had been shot from ambush with a rifle, and probably from a considerable distance, but absolutely no trace of the assassin had been found. Not only the chief of police and several patrolmen and the sheriff with a posse, but also many private citizens in automobiles had rushed to the scene of the crime and joined in the search. The surrounding country was dry and rocky. Not even a trace had been found.

The motive of the murder was evidently not robbery, for nothing had been taken, although the Don carried a valuable watch and a considerable sum of money. Indeed, there was no evidence that the murderer had even approached the body.

The local police arrested as a suspect a man who was found in hiding near a water tank at the railroad station, but no evidence against him could be found and he had to be released. The sheriff extracted a confession of guilt from a sheep-herder who was found about ten miles from the scene of the crime, but it was subsequently proved by this man's relatives that he was at home and asleep at the time the crime was committed, and that he was well known to be of unsound mind.

For some days the newspapers continued daily to record the fact that a "diligent search" for the murderer was being conducted, but this search gradually came to an end along with public interest in the crime.

CHAPTER XI

The day after the news of his uncle's murder reached him, Ramon lay on his bed in his darkened room fully dressed in a new suit of black. He was not ill and anything would have been easier for him than to lie there with nothing to do but to think and to stare at a single narrow sunbeam which came through a rent in the window blind. But it was a Mexican custom, old and revered, for the family of one recently dead to lie upon its beds in the dark and so to receive the condolences of friends and the consolations of religion.

To disregard this custom would have been most unwise for any ambitious young man, and besides, Ramon's mother clung tenaciously to the traditional Mexican ways, and she would not have tolerated any breach of them. At this moment she and her two daughters were likewise lying in their rooms, clad in new black silk and surrounded by other sorrowing females.

It was so still in the room that Ramon could hear the buzz of a fly in the vicinity of the solitary sunbeam, but from other parts of the house came occasional human sounds. One of these was an intermittent howling and wailing from the placita. This he knew was the work of two old Mexican women who made their living by acting as professional mourners. They did not wait for an invitation but hung about like buzzards wherever there was a Mexican corpse. Seated on the ground with their black shawls pulled over their heads, they wailed with astonishing endurance until the coffin was carried from the house, when they were sure of receiving a substantial gift from the grateful relatives.

Ramon resolved that he would give them ten dollars each. He felt sure they had never got so much. He was determined to do handsomely in all things connected with the funeral.
He could also hear faintly a rattle of wagons, footsteps coming from the front of the house. A peep had shown him that already a line of wagons, carriages and buggies half a block long had formed in the street, and he could hear the arrival of another one every few minutes. These vehicles brought the numerous and poor relations of Don Delcasar who lived in the country. All of them would be there by night. Each one of them would come into Ramon’s room and sit by his bedside and take his hand and express sympathy. Some of them would weep and some would groan, although all of them, like himself, were profoundly glad that the Don was dead. Ramon hoped that they would make their expressions brief. And later, he knew, all would gather in the room where the casket rested on two chairs. They would sit in a silent, solemn circle about the room, drinking coffee and wine all night. And he would be among them, trying with all his might to look properly sad and to keep his eyes open.

All the time that he lay there in enforced idleness he was longing for action, his imagination straining forward. At last his chance had come—his chance to have her. And he would have her. He felt sure of it. He was now a rich man. As soon as the will had been read and he had come into his own, he would buy a big automobile. He would go to her, he would sweep away her doubts and hesitations. He would carry her away and marry her. She would be his... He closed his eyes and drew his breath in sharply...

But, no; he would have to wait... a decent interval. And the five thousand dollars must be gotten to Archulerà. That was obviously important. And, there might not be much cash. The Don had never had much ready money. He might have to sell land or sheep first. All of these things to be done, and here he lay, staring at the ceiling and listening to the wailing of old women!

There was a knock on the door. "Entra!" he called.

The door opened softly and a tall, black-robed figure was silhouetted for a moment against the daylight before the door closed again.

The black figure crossed the room and sat down by the bed silent save for a faint rustle.

Although he could not see the face, Ramon knew that this was the priest, Father Lugaria. He knew that Father Lugaria had come to arrange for the mass over the body of Don Delcasar. He disliked Father Lugaria, and knew that the Father disliked him.

This mutual antipathy was due to the fact that Ramon seldom went to church. He had no strong convictions about religion, one way or the other. In fact, he had never given the subject any thought, except such purely practical thought as was necessary to evade certain tiresome religious duties. But the church did not dominate him as it had so long dominated his forefathers, and as it still dominated most of his race and class. Its holy orders and sounds and silences had once inspired great awe in him, but did so less and less.

There were others of his generation who showed the same indifference toward religion, and this defection of youth was a thing which the priests bitterly contested. Ramon was perfectly willing to make a polite compromise with them. If Father Lugaria had been satisfied with an occasional appearance at early mass, a perfunctory confession now and then, the two might have been friends.

But the priest made Ramon a special object of his attention. He continually went to the Doña Delcasar with complaints and that devout woman incessantly nagged her son, holding before him always pictures of the damnation he was courting. Once in a while she even produced in him a faint twinge of fear—a recrudescence of the deep religious feeling in which he was bred—but his remorse was evanescent. The chief result of these labours on behalf
of his soul had been to turn him strongly against the priest who instigated them.

Father Lugaria seemed all kindness and sympathy now. He sat close beside Ramon and took his hand. Ramon could smell the good wine on the man's breath, and could see faintly the brightness of his eyes. The grip of the priest's hand was strong, moist and surprisingly cold. He began to talk in the low, monotonous voice of one accustomed to much chanting, and this droning seemed to have some hypnotic quality. It seemed to lull Ramon's mind so that he could not think what he was going to say or do.

The priest expressed his sympathy. He spoke of the great and good man the Don had been. Slowly, adroitly, he approached the real question at issue which was how much Ramon would pay for a mass. The more he paid, the longer the mass would be, and the longer the mass, the speedier would be the journey of the Don's soul through purgatory and into paradise.

"O my little brother in Christ!" droned the priest in his vibrant singsong, "I must not let you neglect this last, the greatest of things which you can do for the uncle you loved. It is unthinkable, of course, that his soul should go to hell—hell, where a thousand demons torture the soul for an eternity. Hell is for those who commit the worst of sins, sins they dare not lay before God for his forgiveness, secret and terrible sins—sins like murder. But few of us go through life untouched by sin. The soul must be purified before it can enter the presence of its Maker. . . . Doubtless the soul of your uncle is in purgatory, and to you is given the sweet power to speed that soul on its upward way.

"Don Delcasar, we all know, killed. . . . More than once, doubtless, he took the life of a fellow man. But he did it in combat as a soldier, as a servant of the state. . . . That is not murder. That would not doom him to hell, which is the special punishment of secret and unforgiven murder. . . . But the soul of the Don must be cleansed of these earthly stains. . . ."

The strong, cold grip of the priest held Ramon with increasing power. The monotonous, hypnotic voice went on and on, becoming ever more eloquent and confident.

Father Lugaria was a man of imagination, and the special home of his imagination was hell. For thirty years he had held despotic sway over the poor Mexicans, who made up most of his flock, and had gathered much money for the church by painting word-pictures of hell. He was a veritable artist of hell. He loved hell.

Again and again he digressed from the strict line of his argument to speak of hell. With all the vividness of a thing seen he described its flames, its fiends, the terrible stink of burning flesh and the vast chorus of agony that filled it. . . . And for some obscure reason or purpose he always spoke of hell as the special punishment of murderers. Again and again in his discourse he coupled murder and hell.

Ramon was wearied by strong emotions and short of sleep. His nerves were overstrung. This ceaseless iteration of hell and murder, murder and hell would drive him crazy, he thought. He wished mightily that the priest would have done and name his price and go. What was the sense and purpose of this endless babble about hell and murder? . . .

A sickening thought struck him like a blow, leaving him weak. What if old Archulera had confessed to the priest? Well, what if he had? A priest could not testify about what he had heard in confessional. But a priest might tell someone else. . . . Oh, God! If the man would only go and leave him to think! Hell and murder, murder and hell. The two words beat upon his brain without mercy.

He longed to interrupt the priest and beg him to leave off. But for some reason he could not. He could not even turn his head and look at the man. The priest was but a clammy grip that held him and a disembodied voice that
spoke of hell and murder. Had he done murder? And was there a hell? He had long ceased to believe in hell, but hell had been real to him as a child. His mother and his nurse had filled him with the fear of hell. He had been bred in the fear of hell. It was in his flesh and bones if not in his mind, and the priest had hypnotized his mind. Hell was real to him again. Fear of hell came up from the past, which vanishes but is never gone, and gripped him like a great ugly monster. It squeezed a cold sweat out of his body and made his skin prickle and his breath come short.

The priest dropped the subject of hell, and spoke again of the mass. He mentioned a sum of money. Ramon nodded his head, muttering his assent like a sick man. The grip on his hand relaxed.

"Good-by, my little brother," murmured the priest. "May Christ be always with you."

His gown rustled across the room, and as he opened the door Ramon saw his face for a moment—a sallow, shrewd face, bedewed with the sweat of a great effort, but wearing a smile of triumphant satisfaction.

Ramon lay sick and exhausted. It seemed to him that there was no air in the room. He was suffocating. His body burned and prickled. He rose and tore loose his collar. He must get out of this place, must have air and movement.

It was dusk now. The wailing of the old women had ceased. Doubtless they were being rewarded with supper. He began stripping off his clothes, his white shirt and his new suit of black. Eagerly rummaging in the closet, he found his old clothes, which he wore on his trips to the mountains.

In the dim light he slipped out of the house, indistinguishable from any Mexican boy that might have been about the place.

He saddled the little mare in the corral, mounted and galloped away—through Old Town, where skinny dogs roamed in dark, narrow streets and men and women sat and smoked in black doorways—and out upon the valley road. There he spurred his mare without mercy, and they flew over the soft dust. The rush of the air in his face and the thud and quiver of living flesh under him were infinitely sweet.

He stopped at last five miles from town, on the bank of the river. It was a swift, muddy river, wandering about in a flood plain a quarter of a mile wide, and at this point chewing noisily at a low bank forested with scrubby cottonwoods.

Dismounting, he stripped and plunged into the river. It was only three feet deep, but he wallowed about in it luxuriously, finding great comfort in the caress of the cool water, and of the soft, fine sand upon the bottom, which clung about his toes and tickled the soles of his feet. Then he climbed out on the bank and stood where the breeze struck him, rubbing the water off of his slim, strong body with the flats of his hands.

When he had put on his clothes, he indulged his love of lying flat on the ground, puffing a cigarette and blowing smoke at the first stars. A hunting owl flitted over his head on muffled wing; a coyote yapped in the bushes; high up in the darkness he heard the whistle of pinions as a flock of early ducks went by.

He took air deeply into his lungs and stretched out his legs. In this place fear of hell departed from his mind as some strong liquors evaporate when exposed to the open air. The splendid healthy animal in him was again dominant, and it could scarcely conceive of death and had nothing more to do with hell than had the owl and the coyote that killed to live. Here he felt at peace with the earth beneath him and the sky above. But one thought came to disturb him and it was also sweet—the thought of a woman, her eyes full of promise, the curve of her mouth.

... She was waiting for him, she would be his... That was real... Hell was a dream.
He saw now the folly of his fears about Archulera, too. Archulera never went to church. There was no danger that he would ever confess to anyone. And even if he did, he could scarcely injure Ramon. For Ramon had done no wrong. He had but promised an old man his due, righted an ancient wrong. . . . He smiled.

Slowly he mounted and rode home, filled with thoughts of the girl, to put on his mourning clothes and take his decorous place in the circle that watched his uncle's bier.

CHAPTER XII

After the Don had been duly laid to rest, and his will had been read, Ramon found himself beset by a host of duties and opportunities. Propositions of all kinds were laid before him by all kinds of men. The most important of these was a proposition from the powerful Gordon MacDougall that the two of them should form a partnership for the exploitation of Ramon's mountain lands.

This Ramon declined with much politeness. Indeed, the only agreement he made with any man was an informal one with a little wizened Mexican named Cortez, who became his assistant and chief scout at a salary of one hundred dollars a month.

In the midst of all these distractions he found time to buy and learn to run a good motor-car.

Meantime he had seen nothing of Julia. He had received a note of sympathy from her soon after his uncle's death, and he had called at the Roths' once, but had found several other callers there and no chance of being alone with her. Then she had gone away on a motor trip, from which she had just returned.

But all of this time he had been thinking of her more confidently than ever before. He was rich now, he was strong. All of the preliminaries had been finished. He could go to her and claim her.

He called her on the telephone from his office, and the Mexican maid answered. She should see if Miss Roth was in. After a long wait she reported that Miss Roth was out. He tried again that day, and a third time the next morning with a like result.

This filled him with anxious, angry bewilderment. He felt sure she had not really been out all three times. Were her mother and brother keeping his message from her? Or had something turned her against him?

He really did not know or understand this girl at all; he merely loved her and desired her with a desire which had become the ruling necessity of his life. To him she was a being of a different sort from a different world—a mystery. They had nothing in common but a rebellious discontent with life, and this glamorous, bewildering thing, so much stronger than they, so far beyond their comprehension, which they called their love.

That was the one thing he knew and counted on. He knew how imperiously it drove him, and he knew that he had felt its power, too.

He had seen it shine in her eyes, part her lips; he had heard it in her voice, and felt it tremble in her body. If only he could get to her this potent thing would carry them to its purpose through all barriers.

Angry and resolute, he set himself to a systematic campaign of telephoning. At last she answered. Her voice was level, quiet, weary.

"But I have an engagement for tonight," she told him.

"Then let me come tomorrow," he urged.

"No; I can't do that. Mother is having some people to dinner. . . ."

At last he begged her to set a date, but she refused, declared that her plans were unfixed, told him to call "some other time."

His touchy pride rebelled now. He cursed these gringoes. He hated them. He wished for the power to leave her alone, to humble her by neglect. But he knew that he did not have it. Instead he waited a few days and then
drove to the house in his car, having first carefully ascertained by watching that she was at home.

All three of them received him in their sitting-room, which they called the library. Conversation was slow and painful. Mrs. Roth and her son were icily formal, confining themselves to the most commonplace remarks. And Julia did not help him, as she had on his first visit. She looked pale and tired and carefully avoided his eyes.

When he had been there about half an hour Mrs. Roth turned to her daughter.

"Julia," she said, "if we are going to get to Mrs. MacDougall's at half­past four you must go and get ready. You will excuse her, won't you, Mr. Delcasar?"

The girl obediently went upstairs without shaking hands, and a few minutes later Ramon went away, feeling more of misery and less of self-confidence than ever before in his life.

He almost wholly neglected his work. Cortez brought him a report that MacDougall had a new agent, who was working actively in the Arriba country, but he paid no attention to it. His life seemed to have lost purpose and interest. For the first time he doubted her love. For the first time he really feared that he would lose her.

Most of his leisure was spent riding or walking about the streets, in the hope of catching a glimpse of her. He passed her house as often as he dared, and studied her movements. When he saw her in the distance he felt an acute thrill of mingled hope and misery. Only once did he meet her fairly walking with her brother, and then she either failed to see him or pretended not to.

One afternoon about five o'clock he left his office and started home in his car. A storm was piling up rapidly in big black clouds that rose from behind the eastern mountains like giants peering from ambush. It was sultry; there were loud peals of thunder, and long, crooked flashes of lightning. At this season of late summer the weather staged such a pretentious display almost every afternoon, and it rained heavily in the mountains; but the showers only reached the thirsty mesa and valley lands about one day in four.

Ramon drove home slowly, gloomily wondering whether it would rain and hoping that it would. A Southwesterner is always hoping for rain, and in his present mood the rush and beat of a storm would have been especially welcome.

His hopes were soon fulfilled. There was a cold blast of wind, carrying a few big drops, and then a sudden, drumming downpour that tore up the dust of the street and swiftly covered it into a sea of mud cut by yellow rivulets.

As his car roared down the empty street he glimpsed a woman standing in the shelter of a big cottonwood tree, cowering against its trunk. A quick thrill shot through his body. He jammed down the brake so suddenly that his car skidded and sloughed around. He carefully turned and brought up at the curb.

She started at sight of him, as he ran across the sidewalk toward her.

"Come on, quick!" he commanded, taking her by the arm. "I'll get you home."

Before she had time to say anything he had her in the car, and they were driving toward the Roth house. By the time they had reached it the first strength of the shower was spent, and there was only a light, scattering rain, with a rift showing in the clouds over the mountains.

He deliberately passed the house, putting on more speed as he did so.

"But . . . I thought you were going to take me home," she said, putting a hand on his arm.

"I'm not," he announced, without looking around.

His hands and eyes were fully occupied with his driving, but a great suspense held his breath. The hand left his arm, and he heard her settle back in her seat with a sigh. A great warm wave of joy surged through him.
He took the mountain road, which was a short cut between Old Town and the mountains, seldom used except by wood wagons. Within ten minutes they were speeding across the mesa. The rain was over and the clouds running across the sky in tatters before a fresh west wind. Before them the rolling gray-green waste of the mesa, spotted and veiled with silver waters, reached to the blue rim of the mountains—empty and free as an undiscovered world.

He slowed his car to ten miles an hour and leaned back, steering with one hand. The other fell upon hers, and closed over it. For a time they drove along in silence, conscious only of that electrical contact, and of the wind playing in their faces, and the soft, rhythmical hum of the great engine.

At the crest of a rise he stopped the car and stood up, looking all about at the vast, quiet wilderness, filling his lungs with air. He liked that serene emptiness. He had always felt at peace with these still, desolate lands that had been the background of most of his life. Now, with the consciousness of the woman beside him, they filled him with a sort of rapture, an ecstasy of reverence that had come down to him perhaps from savage forebears who had worshipped the Earth Mother with love and awe.

He dropped down beside her again and without hesitation gathered her into his arms.

After a moment he held her a little away from him and looked into her eyes. "Why wouldn't you let me come to see you? Why did you treat me that way?" he pleaded.

She dropped her eyes. "They made me."

"But why? Because I'm a Mexican? And does that make any difference to you?"

"Oh, I can't tell you. . . . They say awful things about you. I don't believe them. No; nothing about you makes any difference to me."

He held her close again.

"Then you'll go away with me?"

"Yes," she answered slowly, nodding her head. "I'll go anywhere with you."

"Now!" he demanded. "Will you go now? We can drive through Scissors Pass to Abol on the Southeastern and take a train to Denver. . . ."

"Oh, no, not now," she pleaded. "Please, not now. I can't go like this. . . ."

"Yes, now," he urged. "We'll never have a better chance. . . ."

"I beg you, if you love me, don't make me go now. I must think . . . and get ready. . . . Why, I haven't even got any powder for my nose."

They both laughed. The tension was broken. They were happy.

"Give me a little while to get ready," she proposed, "and I'll go when you say."

"You promise?"

"Cross my heart. . . . On my life and honor. Please take me home now, so they won't suspect anything. If only nobody sees us! Please hurry. It'll be dark pretty soon. You can write to me. It's so lonely out here!"

He turned his car and drove slowly townward, his free hand seeking hers again. It was dusk when they reached the streets. Stopping his car in the shadow of a tree, he kissed her and helped her out.

He sat still and watched her out of sight. A tinge of sadness and regret crept into his mind, and as he drove homeward it grew into an active discontent with himself. Why had he let her go? True, he had proved her love, but now she was to be captured all over again. He ought to have taken her. He had been a fool. She would have gone. She had begged him not to take her, but if he had insisted she would have gone.

He had been a fool!

CHAPTER XIII

Two days after this ride, when he called her up, he received the disturbing information that she was leaving town for several weeks at least. This,
THE LAST OF THE DELCASARS

while disappointing, was not unnatural. The Roths were going to the mountains, as did almost everyone who could, during the hot weather of late summer. It was the reason Julia gave which disturbed him most.

"I'm afraid someone saw us together the other day," she told him in a very guarded voice.

She promised to write him when she would return and made him promise not to try to see her in the meantime. With that she bade him good-by and left him to confused and bitter reflections.

He had been proceeding on the assumption that the Roths were ignorant of his real relations with Julia, but this made it evident that they were not as stupid as he had believed. It struck him suddenly that it was they who were running away with the girl, not he. And they might leave the country with her at any time.

It behooved him to move quickly. He must get his affairs in order and then take her. . . . Yes, whether she wanted to or not. The first time he got her in his car again she was his . . .

Meantime, he realized, he faced the very crisis of his affairs. He learned from Cortez, whom he had sent to Arriba County in the capacity of a scout, that MacDougall was working actively in that region. He had several agents in the field, and he was rumored to have purchased the aid and influence of several Mexicans of wealth and political prestige. His object was to buy enough of the land in the San Antonio valley so that he could control the railroad right-of-way, and also the best of the water on the lower range lands. If he could accomplish these two things he could practically force Ramon to sell out to him at a low price, for the Delcasar land would then be of little value by itself. In a word, it was a struggle between Delcasar and MacDougall to see who should obtain the holdings of various small owners and the political and financial domination of the country.

In this struggle MacDougall had the advantage of a much larger ready capital. Ramon could buy only very slowly, as he made money from sales of timber and wool. But he had the incalculable advantage of being a Mexican. His blood, which worked so subtly against him in the town, was in that far region his chief asset. He could stir up the hatred and distrust for the usurping race which are somewhere in the heart of every Mexican. He could assert the influence which was his by right of birth. The important thing was that he should go to Arriba County and mingle with these, his people, who were the chief source of his strength.

CHAPTER XIV

He had resolutely put the thought of Julia as much out of his mind as possible. He had conquered his disappointment at not being able to see her for a month, and had resolved to devote that month exclusively to hard work. And now came a small, square letter with a disturbing scent of lavender, and a stamp stuck upside down near the middle of the envelope.

"I will be in town tomorrow when you get this," she wrote, "but only for a day or two. We are going to move up to the capital for the rest of the year. Gordon is going to stay here now. Just mother and I are coming down to pack up our things. You can come and see me tomorrow evening."

It was astonishing, it was disturbing, it was incomprehensible. And it did not fit in with his plans. He had intended to go North and return before she did; then, with all his affairs in order, ask her to go away with him. Cortez had already sent word that Ramon was coming to Arriba County. He could not afford a change of plans now. But the prospect of seeing her again filled him with pleasure, sent a sort of weakening excitement tingling through his body.

And what did it mean that he was to be allowed to call on her? Had she, by any chance, won over her mother
THE LAST OF THE DELCASARS

and brother? No; he couldn’t believe it. But he went to her house that evening shaken by great hopes and anticipations.

She wore a black dress that left her shoulders bare, and set the slim perfection of her little figure. Her face was flushed and her eyes were deep. How much more beautiful she was than the image he carried in his mind! He had been thinking of her all this while, and yet he had forgotten how beautiful she was.

He could think of nothing to say at first, but held her by both hands and looked at her with eyes of wonder and desire. He felt a fool because his knees were weak and he was tremulous. But a happy fool!

The touch and the sight of her seemed to dissolve his strength, and also the hardness and the bitterness that life had bred in him, the streak of animal ferocity that struggle brought out in him. He was all desire, but desire bathed in tenderness and hope. He felt small and unworthy, yet happy and forgiven. So now he felt in her presence that he was black and bestial beside her, but that possession of her would somehow wash him clean and bring him peace.

When he tried to draw her to him she shook her head, not meeting his eyes, and freed herself gently.

“No, no. I must tell you. . . .”

She led him to a seat, and went on, looking down at a toe that played with a design in the carpet. “I must explain. I promised mother that if she would let me see you this once to tell you, I would never try to see you again.”

There was a long silence, during which he could feel his heart pounding and could see that she breathed quickly.

Then suddenly he took her face in both hot hands and turned it toward him, made her meet his eyes.

“But of course you didn’t mean that?” he said.

She struggled weakly against his strength.

“I don’t know. I thought I did. . . . It’s terrible. You know—I wrote you—someone saw us together. Gordon and mother found out about it. I won’t tell you all that they said, but it was awful. It made me angry, and they found out that I love you. It had a terrible effect on Gordon. It made him worse. I can’t tell you how awful it is for me. I love you. But I love him, too. And to think I’m hurting him when he’s sick, when I’ve lived in the hope he would get well. . . .”

She was breathing hard now. Her eyes were bright with tears. All her defenses were down, her fine dignity vanished. When he took her in his arms she struggled a little at first; then yielded with closed eyes to his hot kisses.

Afterward they talked a little, but not to much purpose. He had important things to tell her, they had plans to make. But their great disturbing hunger for each other would not let them think of anything else. Their conversation was always interrupted by hot, confusing embraces.

The clock struck eleven, and she jumped up.

“I promised to make you go home at eleven,” she told him.

“But I must tell you. . . . I have to leave town for a while,” he said. His tongue suddenly. Briefly he outlined to her the situation he faced with regard to his estate. He made her understand that he was going forth to fight for both their fortunes.

“I can’t do it, I won’t go, unless I know I am to have you,” he finished. “Everything I have done, everything I am going to do, is for you. If I lose you I lose everything. You promise to go with me?”

His eyes were burning with earnestness, and hers were wide with admiration, deep with love. He did not really understand her, nor she him. Unalterable differences of race and tradition
and temperament stood between them. They had little in common save a great primitive hunger. But that, nonetheless, for the moment genuinely transfigured and united them.

She drew a deep breath.

“Yes. You must promise not to try to see me until then. When you are ready, let me know.”

She threw back her head, opening her arms to him. For a moment she hung limp in his embrace; then pushed him away and ran upstairs, leaving him to find his way out alone.

He walked home slowly, trying to straighten out his thoughts. Her presence seemed still to be all about him. One of her hairs was tangled about a button of his coat; her powder and the scent of her were all over his shoulder; the recollection of her kisses smarted sweetly on his mouth. He was weak, confused, ridiculously happy. But he knew that he would carry North with him greater courage and purpose than ever before he had known.

CHAPTER XV

Three weeks later Ramon was driving across the mesa west of town, bound for the state capital.

Those three weeks had been filled with a tonic sense of power and of success. He had spent most of the time riding about the mountains of Arriba County, hobnobbing with sheep herders and country storekeepers, attending bailes and fiestas, arguing, cajoling, threatening, with an eloquence he had never known he possessed. And the gist of his message had been always that the Mexicans must stand together against the gringoes. He had “played the race issue” as the politicians put it, for all it was worth. Always he had made it clear that race loyalty meant having nothing to do with MacDouggall. He knew that he had almost destroyed MacDouggall’s plans and that he was in a fair way to realize his own.

Then had come the final, the real triumph, which gave all the rest of it point and meaning. In his pocket was a letter consisting of a single sentence, hastily scrawled in a large, upright hand on lavender-scented notepaper. The sentence was:

“Meet you at the southwest corner of the plaza Tuesday at seven-thirty. Love. J. R.”

A great deal of trouble and anxiety had preceded the receipt of that message.

First, he had written her a letter that was unusually long and exuberant for him, telling her of his success and that now he was ready to come and get her in accordance with their agreement, suggesting a time and place.

Three days of cumulative doubt and agony had gone by without a reply.

Then he had tried to reach her by long-distance telephone, but without success.

Finally he had wired, although he knew that a telegram is a risky vehicle for confidential business.

Now he had her answer, the answer that he wanted. His spirit was released and leapt forward, leaving resentments and doubts far behind.

It was eighty miles to the state capital, the road was good all the way, the day bright and cool. His route led across the mesa, through the Scissors Pass, and then north and east along the foot of the mountains.

Immense and empty the country stretched before him—a land of far-flung levels and even farther mountains; a land which makes even the sea, with its near horizons, seem little; a land which has always produced men of daring because it inspires a sense of freedom without any limit save what daring sets.

He had dared and won. He was going to take the sweet prize of his daring. The engine of his big car sang to him a song of victory and desire. He rejoiced in the sense of power under his hand. He opened the throttle wider and the car answered with more speed, licking up the road like a hungry monster. How easily he mastered time and distance for his purpose!
He was to have her, she would be his. So sang the humming motor and the wind in his ears. Her white arms and her red mouth, her splendid eyes that feared and yielded! She was waiting for him! More speed. He conquered the hills with a roar of strength to spare, topped the crests, and sped down the long slopes like a bird coming to earth.

He was to have her, she would be his. Could it be true? The great machine that carried him to their tryst roared an affirmative, the wind sang of it, his blood quickened with anticipation incredibly keen. And always the distance that lay between them was falling behind in long, gray, passive miles.

CHAPTER XVI

He had reached his destination a little after six. As he drove slowly through the streets of the little dusty town, the mood of exaltation that had possessed him during the trip died down. He was intent, worried, practical. Having registered at the hotel, he got a handful of time-tables and made his plans with care. They would drive to a town twenty-five miles away, be married, and catch the California Limited. There would just be time. Once he had her in his car, nothing could stop them.

The plaza or public square about which the old town was built, and which had been its market-place in the old days, was now occupied by a neat little park with a bandstand. Retail stores and banks fronted on three sides of it, but the fourth was occupied by a long, low adobe building which was very old and had been converted into a museum of local antiquities. It was dark and lifeless at night, and in its shadow-filled verandah he was to meet her.

He had his car parked beside the spot ten minutes ahead of time. It was slightly cold now, with a gusty wind whispering about the streets and tearing big, papery leaves from the cottonwood trees in the park. The plaza was empty save for an occasional passer-by whose quick footfalls rang sharply in the silence. Here and there was an illuminated shop window. The drug-store on the opposite corner showed a bright interior, where two little boys devoured ice-cream sodas with solemn rapture. Somewhere up a side street a choir was practicing a hymn, making a noise infinitely doleful.

He had a bear-skin to wrap her in, and he arranged this on the seat beside him and then tried to wait patiently. He sat very tense and motionless, except for an occasional glance at his watch, until it showed exactly seven-thirty. Then he got out of his car and began walking first to one side of the corner and then to the other, for he did not know from which direction she would come. At twenty-five minutes of eight he was angry, but in another ten minutes anger had given way to a dull, heavy disappointment that seemed to hold him by the throat and make it difficult to swallow. Nonetheless he waited a full hour before he started up his car and drove slowly back to the hotel.

On the way he debated with himself whether he should try to communicate with her tonight or wait until the next day. He knew that the wisest thing would be to wait until the next day and send her a note, but he also knew that he could not wait. He would find out where she lived, call her on the telephone, and learn what had prevented her from keeping the appointment. He had desperate need to know that something besides her own will had kept her away.

When he went to the hotel desk, the clerk handed him a letter.

"This was here when you registered, I think," he said. "But I didn't know it. I'm sorry."

When he saw the handwriting of the address he was filled with commotion. Here, then, was her explanation. This would tell him why she had failed him. This, in all probability, would make all right.

He went to his room to read it, sat down on the edge of the bed and ripped
The letter was dated two days earlier—the day after she had received his telegram:

"I don't know what to say," she wrote, "but it doesn't matter much. You will despise me anyway, and I despise myself. But I can't help it—honestly I can't. I meant to keep my promise and I would have kept it, but they found your telegram and mother read it—by mistake, of course. I ought to have had sense enough to burn it. You can't imagine how awful it has been. Mother said the most terrible things about you, things she had heard. And she said that I would be ruining my life and hers. I said I didn't care, because I loved you. I can't tell you what an awful quarrel we had! And I wouldn't have given in, but she told Gordon and he was so terribly angry. He said it was a disgrace to the family, and he began to cough and had a hemorrhage and we thought he was going to die. Mother said he probably would die unless I gave you up. That finished me. I couldn't do anything after that—I just couldn't. There was nothing but misery in sight either way, so what was the use? I've lost all my courage and all my doubts have come back. I do love you—terribly. But you are so strange, so different. And I don't think I would have made the right kind of a wife for you, or that we would have gotten along or anything. I try to comfort myself by thinking it's all for the best, but it doesn't really comfort me at all. I never knew people could be as miserable as I am now. I don't think its fair.

"When you get this I will be on my way to New York and nearly there. We are going to sail for Europe immediately. I will never see you again. I will always love you."

"JULIA."

His anger was gone. All hot emotion was gone. In its place was a great loneliness, tinged with pity. He looked at the letter again. Its handwriting showed signs of disturbance in the writer, but she had not forgotten to scent it with that faint, delightful perfume which was forever associated in his mind with her. It summoned the image of her with a vividness he could not bear.

But no—perhaps that was not it. Perhaps she had been playing with him all along, had never had any idea of marrying him—because he was a Mexican!

Bitter was this thought, but it died as his anger died. Something that sat steady and clear inside of him told him that he was a fool.

He was reading the letter again, and he knew it was all truth.

"There was nothing but misery in sight either way," she had written.

Suddenly he understood. Suffering and an awakened imagination had given him insight. For the first time in his life he realized the feelings of another. He realized how much he had asked of this girl, who had all her life been ruled, who had never tasted freedom nor practiced self-reliance. He saw now that she had rebelled and had fought against the forces and fears that oppress youth, as had he, and that she had been bewildered and overcome.

His anger was gone. All hot emotion was gone. In its place was a great loneliness, tinged with pity. He looked at the letter again. Its handwriting showed signs of disturbance in the writer, but she had not forgotten to scent it with that faint, delightful perfume which was forever associated in his mind with her. It summoned the image of her with a vividness he could not bear.

But courage and pride are not killed at a blow. He threw the letter aside and shook himself sharply, like a man just awake trying to shake off the memory of a nightmare. She was gone, she was lost. Well, what of it? There were many other women in the world, many beautiful women. And he was strong now, successful. One woman could not hurt him by her refusal.

He tried resolutely to put her out of his mind, and to think of his business, of his plans. But these things which had glowed so brightly in his imagination just a few hours before were suddenly as dead as cinders.
He knew that he cared little for dollars and lands in themselves. His nature demanded a romantic object, and this love had given him. Love had found him a wretch and a weakling, and had made him suddenly strong and ruthless, bringing out all the colours of his being, dark and bright, making life suddenly intense and purposeful. And she had meant so much to him besides love. To have won her would have been to win a great victory over the gringoes—over that civilization, alien to him in race and temper, which antagonized and yet fascinated him, with which he was forced to grapple for his life.

She was gone, he had lost her. Perhaps it was just as well, after all, he told himself, speaking out of his pride and his courage. But in his heart was a great bitterness.

In his heart he knew that the gringoes had beaten one more Delcasar.

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Solo for a Saxophone
By Earle Phares

It was her eighteenth birthday.

"Kid, I'm crazy about you," he whispered.

Then they parted.

Fourteen years later, after he had been an inmate of the state insane asylum for thirteen years, he was walking on the front porch of the main building. The automobile that brought patients from the station drew up. A woman, handcuffed to a guard, got out of the machine. With a great tug she wrenched herself free from the guard, and ran toward the man on the porch. She threw her arms about him.

"I believe you," she said.

The world never looks quite the same to a man after he has lost his money in a poker game with a clergyman.

Before thirty a woman's age is determined by the calendar. After thirty, by her hats.

A grapefruit is a lemon that had a chance and took advantage of it.
The Come-Back

By Ford Douglas

The third day after the operation, McCobb lay abed and took stock of himself. Painfully turning his head from the annoying glare of the window, he closed his eyes and reviewed a life that had begun on a small scrub-oak farm and now tarried in an expensive room in a private hospital. In print it would have been a dull story, save for the money-grubbing part of it. Still, the accumulation of a million is not without interest, as the movies bear witness, and his career might have been a huge success if shown on the screen. For, starting in life with little more than a round haircut and a two-dollar bill, McCobb had plodded his way upward to fortune. He was rich. He was the Wheelbarrow King.

But money had brought no happiness to Abner McCobb. The world seemed to keep a jump ahead of him; contentment lay just beyond his grasp. His thoughts went back now ten years to the day when he purchased his first silk shirt. It was his first extravagance. He remembered that his joy was short-lived, for it soon came to his notice that the real devils at the Elks' Club wore diamond rings. So he bought a ring—a big one. But a six-carat diamond is unhappy afoot, and necessarily an automobile came next. Then he found that he was just getting into things, just getting started, for in the matter of motors there are the firm and unyielding laws of caste, and seated in his Tin Lizzie, McCobb discovered that the real—the Rolls-Royce—world lay beyond the horizon.

And so, on and on, year after year, happiness kept just beyond his clutching fingers. Stubborn and persistent, he still pursued the rainbow, and now he staked all on a surgeon's skill. A few days would tell the tale.

When Dr. Paul Picardi made his great announcement, a blasé and war-weary world suddenly sat up and took notice. An eminent surgeon was Picardi, an authority, and a man of more than nation-wide reputation. The importance of his discovery was of the greatest, for he had at last obtained that which had baffled the savants of the ages—the return of youth! It was a miracle long sought. The aged Ponce de Leon had searched for it in magical waters; Dr. Brown-Séquard had striven for it with the hypodermic needle; the great metaphysicist, Dr. J. L. Mourggan, had neared success with an involved mental process, a course of hypnotic suggestion and psychological instruction; and a vast horde followed, proclaiming astounding discoveries in everything from rabbit glands and sassafras teas to barefoot cures and radium stews. But, one by one, these fevered dreams fell before investigation, and the world fell back again into apathetic indifference. Now came Picardi and his marvelous scalpel, and once more the aged and the middle-aged brightened with hope.

The published accounts of Picardi's experiments interested McCobb vastly. He was sixty-five, a widower and childless. He had given the wheelbarrow the best years of his life. With him it had been a great passion. Studying its intricate details he made the
vehicle what it is today. It became universal. And in every quarter of the globe there is a McCobb barrow wherever there is an Irishman to fill it.

Unfortunately, when riches came McCobb retired. It was a great mistake, for better men than McCobb had tried it and failed miserably. Idleness is an art perfected only after years of practice. There is no short cut, no golden road. But McCobb did not know this, so with fatuous confidence he essayed society—and golf.

In the outdoor sport of golf his experience was not entirely happy. The very first day some one stole his ball, he said, and in great heat he resigned from the club. Followed, then, sundry adventures in the world of fashion. Appendicitis had long since gone out of vogue, but he acquired blood pressure and was one of the very first to have X-ray pictures taken of his teeth. This distinguished him for a time, occasioning considerable envy among his new friends. But even this glamour could not last always, so, following a literary movement of his circle, he tried reading a book—and this proved the turning point in his career.

McCobb found the book interesting, and he finished it within the year. Harold Bell's novel brought to him many things of which he had no previous knowledge: Adventure, romance, love. It thrilled him as nothing else had since he quit the wheelbarrow business. Here was something new and he marveled that an author had not stumbled on the theme before.

Under the inspiration of Harold Bell's genius, McCobb emerged from his shell. He became a reader of the clothing ads, and he bought the brand of soft collars guaranteed to be worn by the movie stars.

"Yet, with it all, there seemed at times to be a certain something lacking. He found himself doubting his real interest and wondering if he were not a victim of clever propaganda. For months he pondered over this, and then suddenly one day it came to him that the disturbing influence was Age. He became greatly discouraged.

Then came the announcement of Dr. Picardi that startled the world. With little more than the knife, the surgeon said, he could turn back the wheels of time. The old could be made young and live again their allotted years—for a consideration. It amounted almost to reincarnation, and McCobb, cheated of his first manhood by the wheelbarrow, resolved at once to offer himself to the scalpel.

II

"How does the patient feel this morning?"

It was the nurse speaking, and McCobb was pleasurably surprised at her appearance.

He had taken little notice of her before other than a listless appraisal that she was a dowdy fat woman. Now, however, her fair, fresh plumpness became a matter of immediate interest to the convalescent, and he reflected that his previous judgment had been hasty and ill-considered. He parted his thin lips and smiled up at her brightly.

"Much better, much better, thank you," he replied. "Where do you live?"

"Huh? Where do I live?" The fat woman stared at him a little startled, suspecting for the moment delirium.

"Now be quiet, don't fret," she soothed, "and you'll soon be out."

She reached for his pulse, wheret he seized her hand and squeezed it. Nor was this all, for the refrain of a popular waltz song came to him, to which he immediately gave voice:

"Sweetheart, sweetheart, sweetheart," he yodeled.

This surprised even himself, for never before had he attempted the vocal art. But the nurse experienced a greater emotion. With a hysterical shriek, she fled the room.

Marveling at his indiscretion and now apprehensive of the result, McCobb lay nervously alert. He expected to be disciplined.
But, to his relief, when Picardi came into the room he was smiling in happy excitement.

"Mr. McCobb," he said, "from what the nurse tells me the operation has been a perfect success. I congratulate you."

III

A week later McCobb walked out of the hospital and into a new world. On one side of the threshold he left the old, sordid, money-grubbing life; and on the other he faced rose-tinted dreams of youth, romance and adventure. He had shed his skin like a locust. The wheelbarrow business seemed as of a bygone age, and now the primrose path lay before him.

He felt confident—sure of himself—for the last few days had revealed to him his transformation. He had the vigor of a cave man, and he gloried in the fact that no less than three nurses had resigned, unable to withstand his heroic love-making. And he was elated, too, at the great promise of the outside world. For during the past week every mail had brought him scores of letters from the love-lorn in every walk of life—from spinsters, widows, maidens and matrons. They were ardent letters, descriptions, photographs and specifications; and the burden of them all was that the writers desired to join in holy wedlock the "revitalized millionaire."

A nation-wide publicity had done this. The good doctor was firmly of the opinion that advertising paid, and though the name of his patient was withheld, Picardi saw to it that the success of his operation did not go unnoticed. The yellows had pages about it, frequently with pictures.

McCobb had planned his campaign carefully, and from the hospital he drove direct to a clothing store—the kind that outfits young men and high school boys. There he purchased an entire new wardrobe. A soft felt hat of green with a prismatic band; a skimpy coat with a strap across the kidneys; ankle length trousers; a gorgeous purple tie, yellow shoes and lavender socks. One can only be young twice in one's life, he told himself, and he denied himself nothing.

Equipped and apprarelled now to his liking, he set off down the street with a keen eye for the adventures that were to start forthwith. It was Spring, a rare day of blue skies cleared after a morning of warm rain. The clean, humid air touched his cheeks with a delightful sense of coolness. The world was McCobb's oyster, and throwing back his shoulders he swung his cane as he hummed the refrain of the waltz song.

"Sweetheart, sweetheart, sweetheart—"

He stopped suddenly to stare. It was five o'clock, quitting time, and out of the Ten-Cent Store came a group of girls. They were all good-looking, but the one in front was indeed a daughter of the gods. She was young, about eighteen, dark, and with eyes of midnight. Her teeth were perfect, her rosebud of a mouth as red as a lipstick could make it, and the colour scheme of her soft cheeks—though slightly enhanced by art—was none the less alluring. In all, she was the most rapturously beautiful creature McCobb had ever seen, and he turned and followed her.

At the corner the girls stopped, waiting apparently for a street-car. Then, with beating heart, McCobb approached. He had framed no form of attack; of experience he had none; to him the whole art of flirtation was a sealed book. He trusted to inspiration alone.

The slim young brunette suddenly stopped talking. She was in the middle of a sentence and her utterance has never been completed to this day. For immediately in front a large, horse-faced man had deliberately winked at her. Now he was leering in a hideous grin that disclosed his long, gold-filled teeth. Her peril was great—she knew that from the movies—but for the moment her astonished indignation overcame her fear.
“Say! How do yuh git like that?” she demanded, slipping her gum behind her pearly back teeth.

Her friends had now noticed the grinning McCobb, and they crowded about, offering both moral and vocal support.

“It’s a pleasant afternoon,” offered McCobb, twisting an imaginary mustache. “Delightful, I should say, for a stroll.”

“Well, what do yuh know ‘bout that!” exclaimed the beautiful one.

“Soak him, Madge,” advised one of her friends. “Wallop him!"

Without hesitation the frail young working-girl acted.

With a circular movement of her arm she brought a handbag, heavily freighted with a powder puff and an expired street-car transfer, down on McCobb’s head. The blow wasn’t overpowering, yet for the moment the Wheelbarrow King was dazed. Pedestrians were gathering around and out of the tail of his eye McCobb saw a traffic policeman approaching.

The sudden terror of arrest seized him—and then, following a primal instinct, he turned and fled.

Down the middle of the street he ran with a shouting rabble behind. Fear gave him wings. He dodged in and out of the traffic, then through the arcade of an office building and out into a side street, where he caught a passing taxi an instant before collapse. It was a narrow escape.

The next morning McCobb shivered as he read of his adventure in the newspapers. He thought, though, that Madge’s pictures did not do her justice; and he disagreed with her that the unknown scoundrel was a white-slaver and that the knave had made three distinct jabs at her with a long and shining needle.

It was a lesson and he resolved to take no more chances. The very thought of his Jekyll-Hyde existence being discovered brought terror to him. He pictured the flaring headlines and the columns of merciless publicity that would follow such a calamity, and he wisely determined to keep out of the down-town section, at least for a while. This resolution, however, seriously interfered with all amusement. It shut him off from all cafés, theaters and picture shows, the full enjoyment of which, now being an idle youth, he had promised himself.

There was nothing left but an amusement park in the suburbs—a sort of rickety wooden stockyards known as “White City.” He had never been there. He had even forgotten that there was such a place. In his other days if he had given thought to it at all, which was improbable, it would have been that it was a resort for the half-witted—a bedlam of the shrieking proletariat, looping the loop, popping away at painted targets and riding miniature railroads. And he would have been right, for it was all that. But, as a thorough canvass of the advertised attractions offered nothing else, he put on his hat and sallied forth.

IV

At the great stucco gate of White City he had, to his surprise, some difficulty in entrance. For it was a holiday, it seemed, and the park had been leased for the afternoon by the union cohorts of the meat-packing trade. However, a dollar bill is a universal passport and with a grand Prisoner-of-Zenda air McCobb slipped his credential into the palm of a Lithuanian committeeman and was passed across the frontier.

Once inside, McCobb’s interest was immediate.

The place was crowded—a vast throng of happy unionists, men, women and children. Never had he seen such a tribe. Such herculean butchers! Such gargantuan beef-boners! Such Falstaffian pig-stickers! And, too, there were the workers of the frail sex—canners, labelers—all much be-ribboned and bebadged and noisily happy. It was a gala sight.

The band played and the hilarious pig-stickers rode furiously up and down
the shoot-the-chutes, whirled madly on
the merry-go-rounds, devoured miles of
frankfurters, and danced to perspiring
exhaustion to the music of a three-piece
coon jazz orchestra.

Now, had not McCobb's youthful
get-up aroused the risibilities of a cer-
tain little minx, the day might have
passed without undue incident to the
Wheelbarrow King. But Lena Swartzen-
heimer had a bump of humour, and
when her eyes fell on McCobb she
smiled broadly.

It was unfortunate. For McCobb
grinned back, whereat Miss Swartzen-
heimer laughed aloud.

McCobb felt an atavistic surge. His
jugular bulged, and once more he was
the cave-man.

From the taffy-stand he followed her
to the shooting gallery, and then to the
Wienie Palace, and from there to the
band pavilion. Occasionally she glanced
back at him—a smiling packing-house
vampire. It was too much for Mc-
Cobb, and throwing caution to the
winds, he gave her an owlish wink and
then a smart bit of banter, to wit: "O
you kiddo!"

"Say! Where do you think you are?"
A tall, gaunt, bean-pole of a woman,
whom he had noticed before, stood un-
fortunately in his line of vision. Her
manner was angry, as befits outraged
femininity, and she clutched in her
large hands an enormous umbrella. On
her flat, though heaving, breast a wide
and long red badge was pinned, attract-
ing McCobb's eyes mesmerically. He
read the shining silver letters: "Local
112, Lady Sausage-Stuffers' Union."

"Say! I don't let no guy insult me.
I'm a lady, I am!"

McCobb paled. And well he might,
for the glitter in the sausage-stuffer's
eyes told him that she was in no gentle
mood. Excuses, he knew, would be
useless; in diplomacy there might be a
chance.

"My mistake, madam," he began
suavely. "I thought you a very dear
friend of mine, an actress and a very
charming young woman, I assure you."

"Don't try to kid me!" exclaimed the
giantess, raising her voice. "You can't
get by with that kind of stuff!"

"Well," said McCobb doggedly, "if
you want the truth I was speaking to
the young lady over there."

He made a gesture in the general di-
rection of Miss Swartzenheimer, who,
perceiving the trouble, had wisely van-
ish.

A quick backward glance of the an-
gry Amazon confirmed her opinion.

"Liar! What lady? I don't see no
lady. You can't stall me. Your remark
was directed to me, and to me
alone."

McCobb endeavoured to pass, but
standing directly in front of him she
budded not an inch.

"You gotta 'pologize, that's what you
gotta do. And right here and now!"

McCobb's anger flared. He was in-
nocent, at least as to her, and he had
a fleeting, though mistaken, idea that
right, truth and justice would prevail.

"Madam, why in the name of God
should I speak to you? You are old,
madam, and ugly, and you have a hook-
nose, and, moreover, madam, you are
cock-eyed."

It was the truth. McCobb's state-
ment was accurate. Yet the truth
availed him nothing. For with a sud-
den shriek of fury the unionist stuffer
of sausages charged him. He felt the
impact of her cotton umbrella—and he
fled.

The pursuit was on. It was a hun-
dred yards to the park gate but he made
it, knocking over a score of men,
women and children in his flight.
Through the stucco portals he bounded,
followed by a large part of three thou-
sand packing-house workers. There
were cries of "Catch him!" "Hang
him!" -"Lynch him!"—all of which
served to give wings to his flying feet.
The butchers and pig-stickers were
too wide of beam for speed. They
were cargo boats. But the sausage-
stuffer was tall and loosely constructed.
She covered the ground in an amaz-
ing manner, and when within range un-
limbered her umbrella with great ac-
curacy and power.
McCobb, in desperation, took the middle of the street, where the ground was soft from a recent rain; but the sausage lady proved a good mud horse and in this running belaboured him unmercifully. He went back to the sidewalk, and by a supreme effort distanced the mob by a few yards.

A miraculously fortunate thing now happened.

Down a side street came an Irish funeral. It was an imposing spectacle, for the deceased had been a great patriot and a member of many orders. There were a number of bands, a host of gaily coloured banners, and a mile or more of sturdy Gaelic citizenry in carriages and afoot.

Under a lesser stress of circumstance McCobb might have tarried to witness the passage of the procession. But he didn't. The business in hand was urgent and compelling, and with a single flying leap he passed in front of the hearse, and, gaining the curb on the other side, continued his flight.

Now came the yelling packing-house pursuers. They were mostly of Hunnish birth or ancestry—and they attempted to pass through the Irish funeral!

It was another Verdun. They did not pass. It was a divertissement gladly welcomed by the mourners and right happily did they meet the assault. That a riot call was sent in, and that there was a vast clanging of hospital ambulance gongs for an hour afterwards, did not interest McCobb. Hatless, his clothing in rags, and his body covered with welts, he continued his flight.

At last a large building loomed before him. He recognized it and a great feeling of relief swept over him. He ran through the carriage gate, slamming it behind him.

V

It was five o'clock and, in the operating-room, Dr. Picardi had changed his clothes and was preparing to leave. The door opened and a breathless, haggard, mud-covered apparition strode across the threshold.

Without a word the intruder divested himself of his tattered garments and, throwing himself on the operating-table, turned to the astonished surgeon with, "It's no use, Doc. Make me what I was."

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**Hilltop**

*By Muna Lee*

The windflowers fluttered purple and white  
And the maple-leaves blossomed with sun;  
The redbuds blazed out from the winding creek  
And the willow's loose hair was undone.  

And because I was in love with the sun and the wind  
And the spring blooming wild and new,  
I stopped on the wind-ruffled crest of the hill  
And lifted my lips to you.
Répétition Générale

By George Jean Nathan and H. L. Mencken

§1

THE ALIEN.—Much of the current gabble about lifting up the alien is founded upon an error, to wit, the error of assuming that he is always a forlorn and God-forsaken peasant, quite innocent of civilization until he had his pocket picked at Ellis Island. This is sometimes very far from true. The immigrant in the ditch, gazing eastward with sad longing while he pauses to spit upon his hands, is not always thanking God for his good fortune; sometimes he may be cursing God for his ill luck. Immigrants come, in the main, from countries that are in trouble, and they represent families that have succumbed. They see themselves, not as going up, but as still going down. The tradition behind the man in the ditch is not always a blank. It may be, and perhaps often is, a tradition that his mother's aunt married a baron, and that his grandfather was rich enough to get drunk five times a week.

§2

L'Amour.—Love is never absolute, entire. In it, though it be as deep as the deepest sea, there is always elbow-room for a bit of a glance at some other man or woman.

§3

The Literary Life.—Perhaps the most uncomfortable career ever followed by a man of good education and delicate feelings is that of the imaginative writer. Some sorts of writing, of course, keep a man comfortable enough. Nearly the whole of journalism, for example, is merely clerical—the reduction of vivid and recent impressions to mere sequences of more or less intelligible words. Even editorial writing, whether for daily newspapers or for more pretentious journals, makes few demands upon the psyche. The editorial writer simply translates borrowed ideas into conventional words. Take away his sources of "inspiration" and he simply ceases to exist. No one ever heard of him saying anything absolutely new. So with the generality of fiction writers. Their writing consists largely of a deft use of rubber stamps. All the ideas they employ are old ideas, and so are all the phrases.

But consider the case of a man sitting down to write something genuinely original—to pump an orderly flow of ideas out of the turbid pool of his impressions, feelings, vague thoughts, dimly sensed instincts. He works in a room alone. Every jangle of the telephone cuts him like a knife; every entrance of a visitor blows him up. Solitary, lonely, tired of himself, wrought up to an abnormal sensitiveness, he wrestles abominably with intolerable complexities—shadowy notions that refuse to reveal themselves clearly, doubts that torture, hesitations that damn. His every physical sensation is enormously magnified. A cold in the head rides him like a witch. A split fingernail hurts worse than a laparotomy. The smart of a too-close shave burns like a prairie-fire. A typewriter that bucks is worse than a band of music. The far-away wail of a child is the howling of a fiend. A rattling radiator is a battery of artillery.
Nothing could be worse than this agony. A few hours of it, and even the strongest man is thoroughly tired out. Days upon days of it, and he is ready for the doctor. The layman whose writing is confined to a few dozen letters a day can have no conception of the hard work done by such a professional writer. Worse, the writer must plod his way through many days when writing is impossible altogether—days of doldrums, of dead centers, of utter mental collapse. These days have a happy habit of coming precisely when they are most inconvenient—when a book has been promised and the publisher is getting out of patience. They are days of utter horror. The writer labours like a galley-slave, and accomplishes absolutely nothing. A week of such effort and he is a wreck. It is in the last ghastly hours of such weeks that writers throw their children out of sixth-story windows and cut off the heads of their wives.

But in the long run there is one consolation for the man of the pen. His feelings torture him far more than any other man is tortured, but soon or late he is able to work them off. They escape by way of his writings. Into those writings, if he lives long enough, he gradually empties all his fears and hatred and prejudices—all his vain regrets and broken hopes—all his sufferings as a man, and all the special sufferings that go with his trade. There is always a sheet of paper. There is always a pen. There is always a way out.

§4

On Character Acting.—Among critics of the drama there exists a sorry confusion in the matter of what is called character acting. An actor makes a great success of the role of Abraham Lincoln in a play of that name by an English poet. He is hailed a fine character actor. Yet he is nothing of the sort. He is, instead, a fine impersonator. This difference between character acting and impersonation the critics seldom ponder. One is not the other. The difference between them is the difference between Mr. Leo Ditrichstein's fine interpretation of the role of the roué in Lavedan's "Marquis de Priola" and Mr. Charles Winninger's fine impersonation of Mr. Leo Ditrichstein and his fine interpretation.

§5

Woman and the Artist.—Much fluffy whim-wham is to be found in the literature of the world upon the function of woman as inspiration, stimulant and agente provocateuse to the creative artist. The subject is a favourite one with sentimentals, most of whom are quite beyond anything properly describable as inspiration themselves, either with or without feminine aid.

I incline to think, as I hint, that there is little if any basis of fact beneath the theory. Women not only do not inspire creative artists to high endeavour; they actually stand firmly against every high endeavour that a creative artist initiates spontaneously. What a man's women folks almost invariably ask of him is that he be respectable—that he do something generally approved—that he avoid yielding to his aberrant fancies—in brief, that he sedulously eschew showing any sign of genuine genius. Their interest is not primarily in the self-expression of the individual, but in the well-being of the family organization. No sane woman would want to be the wife of such a man, say, as Nietzsche or Chopin. His mistress, yes—for a mistress can always move on when the weather gets too warm. But not a wife. I here speak by the book. Both Nietzsche and Chopin had plenty of mistresses, but neither was ever able to get a wife.

Shakespeare and Ann Hathaway, Wagner and Minna Planer, Molière and Armande Béjart—one might multiply instances almost endlessly. Minna, at least in theory, knew something of music; she was thus what romance regards as an ideal wife for Wagner.
But instead of helping him to manufacture his incomparable masterpieces, she was for twenty-five years the chief impediment to their manufacture. "Lohengrin" gave her the horrors; she begged Richard to abandon his lunacies and return to the composition of respectable music. In the end he had to get rid of her in sheer self-defense. Once free, with nothing worse on his hands than the illicit affection of Cosima Liszt von Bülow, he produced music drama after music drama in rapid succession. Then, married to Cosima, he descended to the anti-climax of "Parsifal," a truly tragic mixture of the stupendous and the banal, of work of genius and sinfonia domestica—a great man dying by inches, smothered by the smoke of French fried potatoes, deafened by the wailing of children, murdered in his own house by the holiest of passions. Sentimentalists always bring up the case of Schumann and his Clara in rebuttal. But does it actually rebut? I doubt it. Clara, too, perpetrated her attentat against art. Her fair white arms, lifting from the keyboard to en-circle Robert's neck, squeezed more out of him than mere fatuous smirks. He had the best head on him that music had ever seen since Beethoven's day; he was, on the cerebral side, a colossus; he might have written music of the very first class. But what he did write was piano music—some of it imperfectly arranged for orchestra. The sad eyes of Clara were always upon him. He kept within the limits of her intelligence, her prejudices, her wifely love. No grand experiments with the orchestra. No superb leapings and cavortings. No rubbing of sandpaper over critical ears. Robert lived and died a respectable musical Hausvater. He was a man of genuine genius—but he didn't leave ten lines that might not have been passed by old Prof. Jadassohn.

§6

Query En Passant.—Why is it, judging from the six thousand-odd fire-engines, hose-carts and hook-and-ladders I have observed rushing to fires during my lifetime with the men pulling on coats, shirts, trousers, socks and boots, that no fireman, whatever the time of day or night, ever happens to be dressed when a fire breaks out?

§7

Portrait of the Methodist Heaven.—A perpetual camp-meeting, with no policewomen patrolling the woods.

§8

The Supreme Curse.—It is not materialism that is the chief curse of the world, but idealism. Men get into trouble by taking all their gaudy visions and hallucinations seriously. The fate of Woodrow is no more than a melodramatic example of what happens yearly to hundreds of thousands of other men. The lowly yokel, pausing in the furrow to mop his brow, dreams a dream of high achievement in the adjacent city. Ten years later there is a plough standing idle—and another victim of Wall Street is labouring as a street-car conductor. Nearly all poverty is caused by idealism. The normal poor man is simply a semi-idiot whose dreams have run away with his capacities. Designed by nature to be a dishwasher in a ninth-rate lunch-room, he has endeavoured to make himself a structural ironworker at $1.50 an hour—and so he has lost his leg, his excuse for and means of existence, and his sacred honour. It is idealism that causes marriage. It is idealism that makes poets. Greenwich Village is a veritable sewer of idealism. Every poorhouse is full of idealists.

§9

Political Note.—The essential disadvantage of the party system is that it herds men into undifferentiated masses, and so excludes the very man who is politically most valuable, to wit, the man of independent spirit, wide information and self-respect. In the old days
it was practically impossible for such a man to choose between being a Democrat and being a Republican: both alternatives were inexpressibly loathsome to him. Today he faces a dilemma scarcely less disagreeable. Either he must be a so-called Liberal or he must swallow the whole nauseous dose of plutocratic poppycock—either he must follow John Reed, Amos Pinchot and the New Republic, or he must bring down his intelligence to the level of General Wood, the Union League Club and the New York Times. Between these two forces he inevitably comes to grief. To the former he is a scoundrelly reactionary; to the latter he is a criminal Red. It is a pity that our political organization is so elemental and so inefficient. Imagine a country which makes a sort of political outlaw of a man who is too intelligent to believe in the rosy dreams of the Bolshevists, and yet too honest to take the shilling of J. P. Morgan & Company!

§10

Further Addenda to "The American Credo".—
1. That if a sailor dies on board a ship, a shark becomes promptly cognizant of the fact and proceeds to follow the ship all the way across the ocean.
2. That the Boston Transcript is written entirely by college professors, and that its English is so good that common people can't understand it.
3. That no woman can throw straight, and that if she aims a brick at the mantelpiece it will hit the bookcase behind her.
4. That all negroes have perfect white teeth.
5. That dramatic critics get many invitations from beautiful actresses to dine with them alone in their boudoirs, and that the beautiful actresses there make love to them in order to get good notices.
6. That a sharp man may for ten cents often pick up in a second-hand book-store a book that is worth a hundred dollars.

§11

The Holy War.—The fact that the enforcement of Prohibition will entail a host of oppressions and injustices—that it will put a premium upon the lowest sort of spying, and subject thousands of decent men to the worst sort of blackmail, and violate the theoretical sanctity of domicile, and make for bitter and relentless enmities, and support a vast horde of scoundrels in easy jobs—this fact is now adduced by the wets as an argument for the abandonment of the whole idiotic crusade. By it they hope to convert even a large minority of the drys, apparently on the theory that the latter were converted emotionally and hastily, and that an appeal to their sense of justice and fair-dealing will debamboozle them.

No hope could be more vain. What all the current optimists overlook is that the illogical and indefensible persecutions certain to occur under the Prohibition Amendment constitute the chief cause of its popularity among the sort of men who are in favour of it.
The typical Prohibitionist, in other words, is a man with a sadistic mania. He delights in persecution for its own sake. He likes to see the other fellow jump and to hear him yell. This thirst is horribly visible in all adherents of the so-called evangelical faiths. Such skillful boob-bumpers as the Rev. Dr. Billy Sunday take advantage of the fact very adeptly. That is, they convert the preaching of the alleged Word of God into a rough-and-tumble pursuit of definite sinners—saloon-keepers, prostitutes, Sabbath-breakers, believers in the Darwinian hypothesis, German exegetes, hand-bookies, poker-players, adulterers, cigarette-smokers, users of profanity. It is the chase that heats up the Methodists, not the Word. And the fact that the chase is unjust only tickles them the more, for to do justice with impunity is a sign of power, and power is the thing that the inferior man always craves most violently.

Every time the papers print another account of a Prohibition agent murdering a man who resists him, or searching some woman's underwear, or raiding a Vanderbilt yacht, or blackmailing a Legislature, or committing some other such inordinate and anti-social act, they simply make a thousand more votes for Prohibition. It is precisely that sort of entertainment that makes Prohibition popular with the boobery. It is precisely because it is unjust, imbecile, arbitrary and tyrannical that they are so hot for it.

§12

But More Often.—The trouble with girls is not that one gets tired of them, but that one doesn't. This is the true cause of a man's unhappiness. The popular view is that a man is chronically unable to love a girl long, that he tires of her in due time, and that he is then eager to get rid of her as soon as he can. This is sometimes the case. But more often the opposite is true. He does not get tired of the girl; he continues to like her; he doesn't want to lose her; and his troubles begin.

§13

Meditation on Meditation. — The whole capacity for thinking, I daresay, is predominately a feminine character—and if not the actual capacity, then at all events the inclination, the habit, the taste. The instinct of the male is not to think, but to act; his is an overwhelmingly motor organism. Reflection is a product of ennui, which in turn is a product of the disabilities caused by child-bearing. Those disabilities do not show themselves until a relatively late stage of culture has been reached. The Serbian peasant woman works in the fields until ten or twenty minutes before the birth of her child, and would be at the washtub, if there were washtubs in Serbia, next morning. Among such peoples nothing properly describable as thinking takes place. In two thousand years the whole Balkan region has not produced six ideas worth hearing. But wherever sexual selection has bred a more delicate race of women you will find intellectual activity. First the women, confined in the home (= harem), develop a talent for it, and then the men, in self-defense, have to develop the same talent.

This intellectual activity, even in its highest manifestations, retains an unmistakably feminine flavour. It is never quite manly, but always plainly womanish, and even girlish. Turn, for example, to the field of what is called justice. Here we have a typical substitution of the feminine instinct to argue for the masculine instinct to act. A courtroom is simply a place in which men seek to destroy their enemies with words instead of having at them in the natural manner with clubs. The whole process is full of feminine touches. The judge is simply an official busy-body—the exact equivalent of the nosiest old woman in every suburban neighbourhood. It is not by accident that he usually conceals his pantaloons beneath the same sort of black silk frock that all old women affect. As for the lawyers, they are no more and
no less than scandal-mongers hired to
attack the enemies of their clients with
the same sort of poisonous and dis-
concerting casuistry, the same bogus
heroics and the same hysterical mend-
cacy with which the normal woman
habitually attacks her husband. And
the jurymen? They are simply scandal-
loving neighbours hanging over the
backyard fence. During the early days
of the jury system they actually were
such neighbours. Today they are theo-
retically disinterested neutrals, but still
the same old gossips in fact. When
you hear of a man seeking jury service
you may be sure that he is a fellow
with a streak of woman in him—in
brief, with a taste for snouting into his
neighbour’s business. The genuinely
masculine man always avoids jury ser-
vice, even at the cost of the most
shameless perjury.

Our current system of justice was
never set up by men—that is, never by
wholly male men. The instinct of such
male men is always to settle their griev-
ances by an appeal to force. The whole
hocus-pocus of an orderly and intel-
lectual trial of the issues was invented
either by weak and effeminate men, or
by women directly. The motive of the
women is not hard to discern. They
were too weak to maintain their own
causes in the brutal masculine manner,
and they were disinclined to see their
husbands beaten by superior men. Just-
tice never arose until marriage had
come into fashion—until every woman
had a direct and inalienable interest
in a definite man—until her whole for-
tune began to be in his keeping. In
a society without marriage there would
be no justice. Women would turn in-
stantly from the losers to the winners.
It is the artificial bond that makes them
faithful, and it is the same bond that
is responsible for such august phenom-
ena as the writ of habeas corpus, the
Department of Justice and the Su-
preme Court of the United States.

The influence of women upon human
history has been enormously under-
estimated, even by the most bold of
suffragettes. When they invented
thought as a means of destroying bore-
dom and enslaving men, they invented
civilization. Human progress is not
nearly so complex a thing as it is usu-
ally thought to be. One may easily re-
duce it to a mere feeling of uneasiness,
a vague mixture of curiosity and
doctrine, a sense of helplessness. Men
push onward and upward because their
minds having been bestirred to reflec-
tion, they are horribly discontented and
unhappy. In other words, they are pre-
cisely in the condition of the average
married woman. The primitive man
was contented and happy. He never
thought about things. He simply did
things and accepted things. Women
have civilized him, enslaved him, and
ruined him.

§14

Observation of a Man of Forty-five.
—Last night, I decided, after careful
reflection, that I had experienced all the
thrills that a man may experience in a
crowded lifetime: that there was noth-
ing that might startle in me new emo-
tions. But this morning, I reflect, I
have bought and put on and adjusted
with precise care a rather zesty cravat,
and have beguiled myself with the no-
tion that a walk up the Avenue will be
good for my health. Why this rather
zesty cravat and this walk up the Ave-
nue, at the particular hour—I notice—
when the Avenue is girly? Have I
not already done these things, and been
surfeited with what followed them, a
hundred times? What asses we men
are!

§15

Encore.—The notion that a man re-
members all the women he has kissed
is pure romance. But there is one
sort of woman that he really does re-
member. That is the woman who has
kissed him.

It is amazing that women in general
are so ignorant of the formula. Nine-
tenths of them still cling to the archaic
delusion that a man likes to do all the
love-making—that it somehow offends
him if the gal is bold. No notion could be more productive of false hopes and broken hearts. The truly wise girl takes the offensive. That is, she gazes at her victim with sad eyes, gives a little shudder, blushes prettily, slips her arms around his neck, and plants a buss upon his face. Upon the instant he is lost.

§16

Notes for an Honest Autobiography.

—No man can ever hope to escape the ethical problem. He may hold himself aloof from the current moral certainties, but all the while he is a helpless victim to moral certainties of his own, and sometimes they are as arbitrary, as violent and as inconsistent as the worst of those he protests against. My own primary ethical maxim, I suspect, is essentially bourgeois, and perhaps even commercial. It may be put into words thus: that it is immoral to break engagements. It carries me to curious lengths. I am, for one thing, constitutionally unable to owe money. An undischarged debt of ten dollars worries me more than the murder of an aged paralytic. *Per corollary,* I greatly dislike persons who lack that delicacy. Let a man get into my debt for money and not discharge the obligation promptly, and I am his enemy for life. Whatever his merit otherwise, I hold him in aversion. I don't want his good-will. I don't want to hear his excuses, however sound and pathetic. All I ask is that he take himself out of my sight, and stay there.

The thing goes even further. I dislike intensely anyone who forgets appointments or is habitually late. When I say that I'll come to dinner at seven o'clock, I am there at seven o'clock. When I agree to deliver a manuscript on a certain date, I deliver it on that date. This prejudice often poisons my relations with women, who practise tardiness as one of their affectations. In nine years I have quarreled with twenty-two women over the matter. Today I don't know a single woman who is ever late. Yet more: this weakness of mine, so probably commercial in origin, makes it impossible for me to get on with business men, whose lives are largely devoted to making promises that they can't keep. Next to actors, clergymen, politicians, etc.—*i.e.*, men who make a living talking—I dislike business men more than any other class of men. My antipathy to the talkers is easily explained. All talkers engage to do things that are actually beyond their talents. Think of the fraud habitually practised by the average clergyman! He makes a living promising to save theoretical souls from an imaginary hell. I can imagine no more puerile and immoral vocation. All my ethical prejudices rise up against it.

My experience of the world brings me to the conclusion that not more than one man in a hundred really knows anything about the craft he practises. For a good many years I was in journalism and had to do with newspaper reporters. The percentage of competence among them was a good deal less than one per cent. The great majority were absolutely and pathetically incompetent. They lacked both the intelligence necessary to weigh evidence and establish facts and the elemental literary skill needed to make those facts intelligible. They were about as efficient, taking one with another, as so many one-armed paper-hangers. Since then I have come into pretty close contact with other classes of men, and have found the same general inefficiency. The work of the world is chiefly done by bunglers.

One of my inexplicable prejudices is against Welshmen. I know very few Welshmen, and among them there is not a man that I dislike more than mildly and casually, and yet the race arouses my aversion. I have never been in Wales save once, and then spent but three days there. More, I was in liquor most of the time, and so came into but little conscious contact...
with the inhabitants. Nevertheless, I dislike the Welsh, just as I admire the Swedes, of whom I have no actual knowledge whatsoever. The Swedes are reserved and aristocratic fellows; the Norwegians are honest sailors; the Welsh are commercial gents.

Another of my prejudices is against Scotchmen. I can’t account for it. So far as I can recall, I have never had a quarrel with a Scotchman. More, I have some Scotch blood myself. But everything Scotch, from the whiskey to the theology, is unpleasant to me. I have never visited Scotland, and never shall. Once a ship that I was on was taken into the Orkney Islands by a British battleship, but that surely doesn’t count.

I often wonder why my taste in women has changed. When I was a youngster I was an ardent admirer of blondes; now I am all for brunettes. In eighteen years I haven’t been in love with a single blonde. The phenomenon, no doubt, has its explanation in some eccentricity of metabolism, perhaps affecting the optic nerve. Every seven years or so a man changes completely. When I was twenty-one I was as thin as a rail; when I was thirty I weighed two hundred pounds; when I was thirty-seven I was down to a hundred and seventy. Down to four or five years ago I was a heavy meat-eater; now I eat red meat very seldom, and then only sparingly. Once in a while, as if for relief, I go on a ham spree, but I haven’t eaten a beefsteak or an English mutton chop since 1916. When I was very thin, in my twenties, I drank a great deal of beer. It was then the prevailing medical theory that beer was fattening. But I drank even more beer in my thirties, and kept on falling off.

For years I have carried on a crusade against roasting turkeys. Nine times out of ten, when I tackle a new victim on the subject, I find that he has never heard of any other way of cooking them. Think of that, Maggie! What, indeed, could be more insipid than roast turkey? The meat is dry and hard to begin with; roasting it converts it into leather. Even a New England bluenose has to douse it with cranberry sauce to get it down—the only example in history of a sauce invented in America. The proper way to cook a turkey, of course, is to boil it. Stuff it with savories, boil it, and then serve it with plenty of creamed oysters. The result is a superb dish—tender, succulent, full of fine flavours. At one stroke the bird becomes fit to eat. But roasted! Roasted, it is fit only for Broadway hotels and Pullman diners.

§17

*Index No. MCXII.*—That woman who begins saying to a man, “I don’t think you love me any more,” and who reiterates it from time to time, is already beginning to fall out of love with him.

§18

*The College Woman.*—Every now and then the newspapers alarm the yokelry with the discovery that the college women of the land are evading marriage and maternity, and that the race is gravely menaced in consequence. The news never stirs me. I doubt both the premise and the conclusion. As for the marriage rate among college women, I am convinced that, so far as the volition of college women themselves has anything to do with it, it is precisely the same as the rate among any other class of women. That is to say, it is to the opportunity rate as 99.99 is to 100. Now and then, by some amazing miracle, a college woman may refuse an eligible man, but all the available information shows that this happens as rarely among the fair bachelors of arts as it does among shopgirls, suffragettes or grand opera singers. Such rare refusals, indeed, among women of all classes, whether single or widowed, may be set down very confidently as evidences of quite abnormal states of mind.
In other words, the college woman, like any other woman, marries as soon as possible—that is, as soon as she can find an eligible and willing man. Despite all her pretensions to learning, the immemorial business of her sex is still foremost in her mind, and nine-tenths of her so-called intellectuality is no more than an elaborate hocus-pocus, the essential object of which is to make her extra-interesting to the sort of man she admires. Just as the man-crazy suffragette (I could name several specific examples, but refrain out of common decency) pursues the man-hunt by pretending absurdly to a horror of men, so the college woman pursues it by pretending absurdly to an indifference to men. Neither pretense need deceive us.

But why, then, is the marriage rate among college women but .50, whereas the marriage rate among native-born white American women in general, 15 years old or older, is .80? A dozen reasons at once present themselves, first among them being the fact that the average age of college women on graduation is nearly 22 years, which thus robs them of seven of the most favourable years for husband hunting. Here, indeed, they suffer a double disadvantage, for not only are they sent from the arena, on penalty of losing their special character, during more than a third of the open season, but they also go into action handicapped, for the sort of man who may be presumed to be most appreciative of the peculiar charms of the college woman is the man of reflective character and mature age, and such a man, unluckily, is most easily bedazzled and deflected by cuties of 18 or 19. After 40 a man seldom marries a woman of more than 28 and for every year his age increases thereafter the age of the woman that he normally marries diminishes a year. Thus the man of 50 has got to the girl of 18, which puts him four years beyond the reach of the college woman. The range of age among the men she can hope to interest, indeed, is very much restricted, for most men of less than 35 are afraid of her, and most men of 46 or over, as I have said, are beyond her reach.

I have just spoken of the fear she inspires in most men of less than 35. This fear (which disappears among men above 35, for by that time they have learned that no woman, if properly handled, is actually dangerous; and, moreover, that nine-tenths of the alleged superiority of the college woman is no more than buncombe) offers one of the heaviest disadvantages that she must face, for it makes the most desirable sort of men avoid her, and so usually mates her, in the end, with the botched and neglected. Worse, it is not due to any genuine distrust among men of intelligence in women, but to a hearty distaste for that empty intellectual snobbery which the college woman so often borrows from her professors. In other words, she is not feared for what she really is, but for what she isn't. She will not escape this handicap until she learns humility, the oldest and by long odds the most effective of all weapons in the husband-hunt. Every man, deep down in his heart, knows that the average woman is vastly more intelligent than the average man; and yet it always delights him to have some definite woman consult him and defer to him, for thereby he is soothed in his Wille zur Macht, and his whole sex is flattered by the tacit admission of its superiority. That superiority is even more bogus and imaginary than the superiority of the college woman to other women.

Yet, again, the marriage rate among college women is kept down by the fact that, taking them by and large, they are below rather than above the average in physical charm. Here I tread upon tender ground, and run a risk of being assassinated by some learned virago, vain of her complexion. But facts are facts. Among 100 girls of 18, of whom 50 are beautiful and 50 are not, it is highly improbable that as many of the former as of the latter will go to college, for most of them will be already engaged or in hopes, and some of them will be actually mar-
ried. True enough, one encounters, occasionally, a college woman of striking pulchritude, and numbers of them are very charming, but the fact that a good many take to pious works, becoming nurses in hospitals for the criminally insane or missionaries to the heathen, is a fact that carries its own gruesome moral. Surely it is not argued by any intelligent person that a woman ever goes into such abhorrent occupations so long as a snarable man is in sight.

For all of these reasons (and I could add many others) I am strongly against the doctrine that college women, as a class, neglect their duty to the race. They marry, I believe, as often and as early as possible, gladly sacrificing all purely intellectual interests to that end, and they have families as large as those of other women of their general class. To blame the feminist movement for the fact that they are less fecund than immigrant women is as ridiculous as it would be to blame the binomial theorem. It is likewise ridiculous to argue that their lack of fecundity is ruinous to the race. Education cannot be transmitted to offspring, but only intelligence — and intelligence is very little effected, in its essence, by education. A college woman, when she emerges from college, may seem to be less intelligent than the average telephone operator, or even than the average chorus girl. But in the long run, if she is of sound stock, her native agility of mind will triumph over the anaesthetic effect of the mental clubbing to which she has been subjected, and she will pursue and capture a husband with the best of them.

Prayer Before Vaudeville

By Leonard Hall

Give me the mind of a child,
That the stout monologist's ponderous puns may again set me rolling in my chair.

Give me the ears of a child,
That the tooting of the Seven Saxophone Sinners may strike a pleasant answering discord in my breast.

Give me the eyes of a child,
That the super-dreadnaught comedienne in pink fleshings may seem as bewitchingly lovely as she did in 1889.

Remorse is regret that one took a bad chance and let two good ones go.

Sunshine thought: But think of a glass-blower with tonsilitis!
The Dancing Dog

By J. B. Hawley

I

F OR five years Mrs. Warren's house in Park Lane has been closed or rented to aspiring Colonials. And London knows Mrs. Warren no more. Yet time was when she ruled her set—that absurd yet fashionable set sometimes called "The Triflers"—with the limitless powers of a Russian Catherine. Occasionally someone mentions her name, but in those tones and accents usually reserved for use in speaking of the dead. Women who were once her friends pretend never to have known her; men smile at each other with that knowing, sneering smile with which they usually honour mention of a woman of a certain class.

And Mrs. Warren? This winter she is living in a quiet, out-of-the-way hotel in Monte Carlo. Last winter found her on the Pacific Coast in company with the lesser lights of the "movie" world. Next winter will find her—where? . . .

All of which is of very little interest to anyone except Mrs. Warren herself and one other—a bland, ascetic-looking Chinaman, sitting overlooking his rice fields in Southern China and smiling gently, a little maliciously, when he remembers the svelte, chic Englishwoman who once held his heart in chains.

II

The beginning of it all came about in a most natural manner. A bored, selfish, unscrupulous woman was seeking a new amusement. A Chinaman, homesick in a land he hated, among people whom he didn't understand, was lonely. And fate brought the two together.

The occasion was an Embassy Ball. Mrs. Warren was there, surrounded by a dozen admirers, her elfin beauty and characteristic air of rather insolent nonchalance making her stand out even in that assembly of extraordinary women. As she stood in a little cleared space in the centre of the great ballroom, smiling indolently at a compliment from a heavy, pompous Russian, she seemed to Tsue Kwong the materialization of a dream—a beautiful dream such as a boy has lying on the banks of the Great River and afterwards composes silly verses about in slurring Cantonese.

"Eyes thou hast which dazzle
Like jewels and the sparkling sunlight.
Thy lips are soft and red like petals
Of a crimson poppy..."

That year, anything that was Chinese was the thing in London. Theatrical managers, modistes, milliners, interior decorators, restaurateurs,—all combined to pander to the taste for the far oriental which for some unknown reason swept over the city. So when a kindly old diplomat, seeing the hunger for companionship in Tsue Kwong's slanting eyes, brought him forward and introduced him into Mrs. Warren's circle, she regarded him with interest.

"How amusing it would be," she thought, "to have a little Chinaman for one's own."

And looking down upon the adoring Tsue Kwong, she knew instantly
that she could have one for the asking.

Mrs. Warren was not the type of woman who considers consequences either to herself or to others. In point of fact, in her life there had never been consequences to herself to consider. From her convent school, she had gone to the home of an adoring husband who had let her gratify her every whim and safeguarded her. After he died, there had been others to protect her when unhappiness might have followed certain of her actions. As for the consequences to others... to consider what might be the consequences to Tsue Kwong, were she to add him to her collection of baubles, never occurred to her any more than it had occurred to her to consider the feelings of the Ming vase she had lately purchased for her boudoir. She had wanted the Ming vase and she bought it. She wanted Tsue Kwong and she took him. And that was all there was about it.

The days that followed that night of nights when Mrs. Warren was so gracious to him were days of ecstasy to Tsue Kwong. At the Chinese embassy, where he held an unimportant post despite his wealth and the power of his father, his fellow clerks chaffed him for his absentmindedness. He was living in a dream but it was not in a dream of the Black Smoke such as his countrymen accused him of enjoying. Something far worse than opium drew the film of enchantment over his eyes—the smiles of a woman incapable of caring for anyone but herself yet capable of stimulating a caring for an adoring boy.

Tsue Kwong asked nothing but the privilege of adoring. There was little of sensuality in his make-up. Love to him was a mingling of the spirits of the lovers.

So his own nature made it easy for Mrs. Warren to bring him under her dominion without paying the price of even a caress from her delicate soft hands.

Mrs. Warren was proud of her latest acquisition to her collection of toys. She exploited him as a showman exploits a clever freak. By her will, he was at her side almost continually. And when he was not with her he was fetching and carrying for her, running errands here and there to gratify her whims which were as numerous as the sayings of the Almighty Buddha. As a queen of feudal days had her personal retainer, her own slave, so Mrs. Warren had hers. Because Tsue Kwong worshipped her, because he was grateful to her for having had pity upon him in his loneliness, he served her faithfully. He sought to make his tastes in all things conform to hers; to love whom he thought she loved; to hate whom she hated.

And of the latter their number was legion. If Mrs. Warren could not love, she could hate and she exercised her faculty without stint. Whoever crossed her, whoever denied her rule, was her enemy. Clever though she was in most ways, in one particular she was a trifle stupid. She showed her dislikes too plainly, with the result that there were more than a few of her acquaintances who were watching for her to make the one misstep that would permit them to be down on her like a pack of starving wolves.

The leaders of the “opposition”—if those who hated Mrs. Warren may be dignified by the title—were three women: Lady Bartwell, Vi Sturgis and the petite, feline Kitty Branscom, whose tongue held an edge like a Toledo blade’s. They were clever women, all three. Although they hated, they kept their hatred hidden. They “deared” their enemy and invited her to their entertainments and went to hers. They spoke of her always as “the wonderful Louise.”

But they were unable to deceive Tsue Kwong. Instinctively he knew when he was with them that he was with enemies of his beloved. But he, too, was clever. He smiled blandly into their searching eyes and bowed low over their unfriendly hands. And he ignored outwardly their obvious dislike of him—a dislike bred of his intimacy with
Mrs. Warren rather than by any qualities in himself.

However, it was none of the women who gave him his nickname. Larry Abbott, lounging in the club window one afternoon and seeing Mrs. Warren and Tsue Kwong drive by, coined the phrase that was taken up by all who knew them.

"There goes Mrs. Warren and the Dancing Dog," he said indolently.

"The Dancing Dog?" someone asked.

"Yes. Kwong, the Chinaman."

"But why Dancing Dog?"

Abbott turned, smiling whimsically.

"Have you never seen a performing dog and sort of pitied it? Sort of felt that by performing its antics it had lost its dignity somehow—become less of a dog? A dog should be a dog. And by the same token, a man—even a Chinaman—should be a man and not—well, not a dancing dog. When I see Tsue Kwong come to heel to that—er—woman, I feel the pity for him I feel for a dancing dog at the Palace or the Alhambra."

Such is the quality of the human mind that the nickname that is a little cruel because a little true is always the favoured. Thenceforth to everyone Tsue Kwong was the Dancing Dog.

It was inevitable that he should hear the name himself. He did hear it, and often. Some, even of those who liked him moderately, used it in his presence. But it caused him no unpleasant feelings. He missed its application entirely. His knowledge of English, though precise, took into account little more than the literal meanings of words or those secondary meanings in the commonest use. Dancing Dog meant to him a gay sort of fellow, a little careless, a little irresponsible. Maybe he was even a little proud of the name.

Mrs. Warren heard the name, too. It caused her no more annoyance than it did Tsue Kwong. But, unlike the Chinaman, she was not deceived about its meaning. One of her friends took care of that in short order. It amused her and at the same time fed her vanity. Its use was a public acknowledgment of her power over her victim, who, as the days went by, became more and more her slave. At least that was the way she considered it.

The season moved on briskly. The weather was charming. London was crowded, and dinners, dances, balls, theatre parties, etc., existed in profusion. Mrs. Warren went as perhaps she had never gone before. The Triplers that year outdid themselves in the fetes they gave to honour the goddess of pleasure, and Mrs. Warren, at the height of her popularity, led them madly through the mazes of their dance.

At the beginning Tsue Kwong kept pace with her. Because he was acknowledgedly her property, he, too, was asked everywhere. It would be stretching the truth to say that he enjoyed himself. Something in the nature which as a boy had made him yearn for the wisdom of Confucius revolted against the shallowness of this mad pursuit of happiness.

There were times when with a pain in his heart that was almost unbearable he recalled the quiet of his home, the gentle winds blowing across the rice fields, the monotonous, unending flow of the Great River. Then he would struggle with himself, subduing his longings, and go about more than ever because going meant being near and with the woman whose slender fingers gripped his soul.

To a selfish woman a possession is of value and to be cherished only for so long as it amuses. Afterward it may be thrown into the dust heap and forgotten. And in proportion to her selfishness and shallowness is the shortness of the time that the amusing qualities of a toy endure. Mrs. Warren was very selfish and very shallow. So when other pleasures intervened and became more numerous, the pleasure she had taken in Tsue Kwong dwindled. Also there grew in her a slight contempt for the Chinaman who had let her make him her dancing dog.

Then began Tsue Kwong's suffering. It would seem that those capable
of strong feeling are possessed of extraordinary intuitive powers. They sense change more often than they know it by virtue of observation and reason.

So it was with Tsue Kwong. He sensed the change in Mrs. Warren. Never had she given him anything real in affection or even in liking, but when she withdrew the counterfeit kindness with which she had fooled her Chinaman, the loss of it affected him as deeply, almost, as might the loss of something of greater value.

At first he was bewildered. He sought the cause of the change that hurt him in some fault in himself. He exerted himself to be more pleasing, going to extravagant lengths to please and to prove his devotion.

But it was no good—had he but known it. Mrs. Warren was to all intents and purposes through with him. Her interest was concentrated on a new fad—this time a new dance imported from the Argentine, and in her pursuit of it she could spare no time for a generous little Chinese who loved her.

III

It was on a warm Spring afternoon at the height of the season that this first was borne in upon Tsue Kwong. An unusual amount of work at the embassy had delayed him later than usual. When he reached Mrs. Warren's house to keep an appointment for five o'clock the clock on the dashboard of his car registered four-thirty. He ran up the stoop and rang the bell, pushing hurriedly by the doorman when the door was opened and gaining access to the hall before the man had a chance to say to him what he had been told to say.

"I beg pardon, sir," the flunkey stammered, "but Mrs. Warren is not at 'ome."

"Not at home!" Tsue Kwong echoed blankly.

"No, sir. She went out 'arf an hour ago, sir."

Tsue Kwong turned dejectedly away. He had his hand on the handle of the door when a sound came from the drawing-room beyond which gave the lie to the servant's words. Mrs. Warren's unmistakable laugh rang out as clearly as the ringing of a silvery temple bell at dawn. Then there were voices.

"But, my dear Louise, you did go it a bit strong with the little Chinaman, you know."

Mrs. Warren replied:

"Oh, he amused me. But I'm tired of him now. I wish I didn't have to see him again. These Orientals are so extremely odd. They seem to expect one to take them seriously. As though one could take a Chinaman really seriously!"

She laughed again.

Then a third—this time a man's—voice broke in:

"Well, one could scarcely take the Dancing Dog seriously. Ridiculous little bounder."

Tsue Kwong did not wait to hear more.

Like a man suddenly gone blind he groped his way across the vestibule and down the short flight of steps to the pavement. Staggering a little, he entered the tonneau of his car and ordered the chauffeur to drive him to his rooms.

Once hidden behind the cool green blinds, his valet dismissed for the afternoon, Tsue Kwong's masklike expression—that expression as inscrutable as fate—the birthright of every Chinaman—gave place to something quite terrible to see. The rage and suffering which racked his whole being was reflected in the half-closed, glittering eyes, in the quivering nostrils, in the snarling tenseness of livid lips. He withered in an agony of shame and self-abasement—a mortally wounded, fighting animal rather than a man.

The tempest passed. The reign of the emotions gave way to the sway of reason. The cold-blooded restraint which had been the weapon of his ancestors for a thousand years was re-
THE DANCING DOG

55

turned to him. Once more he was Tsue Kwong—the Chinaman.

Yet not quite the same Tsue Kwong. The year or two he had spent in England, the months he had spent in close companionship with Mrs. Warren and her friends, in some ways so typical of the Western world, had had an effect upon him. A thin veneer of Occidentalism had spread over him as a cabinet-maker could spread an oak veneer over a body of teakwood. In many ways he had learned to think and feel as his companions thought and felt. He had become Anglicized—as Anglicized as an Oriental can ever become.

But all that was changed now. The English Tsue Kwong was gone, gone forever—dead as completely as his fellow countryman who lived ten thousand years before, and who, cursing his ancestors before the sacred Buddha, had rotted away before the eyes of his terror-stricken companions. The Tsue Kwong who sat motionless, expressionless, staring into nothingness, was all Chinese. And, like a Chinese who has been injured, laughed at—who has been made to lose face before an antagonistic world—Tsue Kwong was planning his revenge—a revenge subtle, lasting in its effects and leaving its instigator free from all blame and censure.

It was nightfall before the vital idea struck him. Then just the shadow of a smile crossed his face. He rose and rang for his valet.

"Soy Kee," he said gently, "you will go to the flower seller's and purchase there large bouquets of his rarest and costliest blossoms. And you will take them, one to each of the ladies whose names I have written for you on this slip of paper. And you will beg from each of these ladies you will meet your master in the Carlton lounge tomorrow night just before the German ambassador's dinner. Say that it is of the utmost importance that this request be complied with, for your master would make to each a communication of great consequence."

The valet bowed and withdrew. Tsue Kwong waited until the man had left the flat before he hurried into his evening clothes and took a taxi to his club for dinner.

IV

LADY BARTWELL, Vi Sturgis and Kitty Branscom were surprised to find each other in the Carlton lounge awaiting the coming of Tsue Kwong.

"What under the sun do you suppose the man wants of us?" Kitty Branscom asked.

"Heaven only knows," the Sturgis woman replied. "Perhaps he wants us to help him fix it up with Louise Warren. I hear that she has practically chucked him."

"Fancy asking us to help him," laughed Lady Bartwell, and the others echoed her amusement.

"It doesn't seem quite fair, though," said Lady Bartwell, "for Louise to turn the poor little man down so quite cold-bloodedly. He has been so devoted."

Which, in consideration of the "Triplers" code, was more nearly an expression of antagonism toward Louise Warren than any one of the three had ever permitted herself.

"Dear Louise has always been able to eat her cake and have it too," mumbled Kitty Branscom, and added discontentedly: "There seems to be no way—"

She was interrupted by Vi Sturgis, in whose deep-set eyes the smouldering gleam of hatred had for an instant leaped to flame. "Some day—"

"Sh!"

Tsue Kwong had entered the room. He was exceedingly bland. In his round face there was not a trace of guile. Only when he began to speak was any emotion evident in his bearing. And that emotion was seemingly caused by a slight embarrassment such as a child might evince coming before his elders to ask a favor. He bowed very low.

"It is exceedingly gracious of you to comply with my request," he said, addressing the trio in his stilted English, "and I would not have made it
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had I not felt that the circumstances warranted it."

He paused and glanced somewhat appealingly at the three women. None of them spoke, but each eyed him with unconcealed interest.

"I know," he went on, "that you, like myself, dislike gossip—that crawling, loathsome thing that seeks its victim in the dark. Perhaps you have even suffered from it. If so, you will be the more willing to grant the request which I am about to make to you. For I am going to ask you to join with me in putting a stop to a little gossip which might greatly injure one whom you cherish as a friend. I mean Mrs. Warren. I want to beg of you to promise me that no matter where you hear it and no matter from whom you hear it, you will deny absolutely the story that Mrs. Warren and my humble self have been anything more than friends—just friends, you understand?"

The three women were staring at him in amazement. In their surprise at his words, they were powerless to speak: He smiled at them. Then he spoke again.

"I can see from your expressions that you are as incensed as I that gossip should have attacked our mutual friend. I know without your promising me that you will grant my request. Thank you, and—good night."

Tsue Kwong again bowed low—and was gone.

Vi Sturgis was the first to recover herself.

"The drivelling idiot!" she exclaimed.

Lady Bartwell's lip curled. "Louise—and a Chinaman!" She shrugged.

The two turned toward Kitty Branscomb, who met their eyes with a curiously significant smile. "Of course," she said, "we will deny it."

A gleam of understanding flashed into the eyes of Vi Sturgis—was duplicated for the fraction of a second in those of Lady Bartwell, and was gone.

"Of course," echoed Vi. "We will deny it."

"To everyone," drawled Lady Bartwell.

The three women smiled into one another's eyes as they rose and left the room.

I Shall Remember

By Louise Foley Finerty

I SHALL remember
When you are gone,
A sky full of stars
And a gray windy dawn.

Nevermore lonely
Shall I go then,
Though you may forget
And come not again.

Silent or singing,
My heart shall hold
A dream of silver,
A vision of gold.
Her Honeymoon

By Solita Solano

I

Hal, who had had two bottles of wine at luncheon, told Cynthia a joke he had read in Punch that morning. Cynthia smiled faintly and looked over the rail at the porpoises.

“Don’t you get the point?” asked Hal. “The Scotchman didn’t want to spend his money. The Scotch are noted for being stingy, you know.”

“Yes, I know,” replied Cynthia in a low voice.

“Well, why didn’t you laugh, then?” demanded Hal. “I guess it’s true that women have no sense of humor.”

Cynthia did not answer. Her eyes fell to the fourth finger of her left hand on which only the day before Hal had slipped a shining gold band.

“Oh, well, let’s sit down,” said Hal. They walked to their steamer chairs. He spread rugs over their feet and yawned prodigiously.

“This air makes you sleepy, eh?” he said through his yawn.


“Perhaps I will.”

Hal’s eyes closed and presently he was breathing regularly, if a bit heavily.

Cynthia bent gently toward him and studied his unconscious face. How handsome he was! She noted for the hundredth time since meeting him three weeks ago how thickly and becomingly his hair grew on his forehead; the beautiful line of his eyebrows; how beyond reproach was his slightly aquiline nose; how firmly chiseled were his mouth and chin, refuting any accusation of effeminacy that might have been called forth by the long eyelashes and shapely brows.

How wonderful to feel that at last she had found the ideal of her girlhood dreams and that he was hers forever!

Cynthia sighed rapturously and, reaching across the space between the chairs, slid her hand into Hal’s. Her happiness seemed complete. Her honeymoon to Buenos Ayres would be a beautiful dream of summer seas, strange and enchanting lands, perfect companionship and the love she had been waiting for all her life.

Cynthia was impatient for Hal to awaken. There was so much to say—so many thoughts and dreams to exchange. She wanted to know her hero better. Their courtship had been so brief after their first week together at a house party that there had been no time to give those thousand foolish confidences that lovers exchange by the hour before marriage—and forget, almost at once, afterward.

But Hal slept on heavily through the afternoon and only woke in time to dress for dinner.

“Guess I’ll go and get a bracer, honey,” he said, after he had dressed almost in silence. “Come along when you’re ready.” He yawned and left the room.

“Poor Hal, he must be tired out after those two bachelor dinners,” Cynthia told herself. She felt disappointed and just a trifle chilled as she went into the dining-saloon.

Hal had evidently taken his “bracer.” He was in high spirits. He ordered a bottle of heavy red wine and told the
The captain laughed politely and Hal, encouraged, raised his voice to include a larger audience. The farces he had seen that season on Broadway became his topic. He touched upon them all in a general way and then related the details of an exceptionally dull American-made comedy to which he had taken Cynthia the week before. His audience was obviously bored.

"They say French farces are the best, but this 'Three Beds, Two Doors and a Window' was as funny as any I ever saw from Paris. Wasn't it, Cynthia?"

His face was flushed and Cynthia saw that a second bottle of the wine had been opened for him.

"I haven't seen many farces," answered Cynthia. She felt her face crimsoning.

"Another funny one was where a girl had been a model and the painter fellow had kept the picture of her and after she was married—"

"Captain, when do we begin to have really warm weather?" interrupted Cynthia, hoping to avoid further details of this ancient plot.

Everyone seized the opportunity to resume conversation. Hal looked gloomy and devoted himself to the newly uncorked bottle. He listened to Cynthia and the captain discussing South America.

"I bought a Spanish primer," she said. "I've learned the first three lessons. I'm going to study every day. An hour after each meal—like a pill."

She laughed.

Hal leaned across the table leeringly and said something to her in a thick voice. Then he chuckled and reached for his glass.

There was a deal silence. The woman next to Hal caught her breath. Everyone began to talk nervously. Cynthia sat through dessert without speaking. She was drenched in shame. After dinner she went to her cabin. A horrible doubt had entered her heart. When Hal came in she made no attempt to conceal her tears.

"What's the matter?" he asked, drawing her clumsily to him.

Cynthia told him.

"Why, they all know we're just married. What was the harm? You've got to be a woman of the world now," he said, swaying a little.

"Perhaps I'm too sensitive," thought Cynthia, trying to excuse Hal but feeling in her heart that he had been outrageously vulgar.

And she lay awake half the night listening to his heavy breathing and trying to readjust her dreams to realities.

II

Cynthia had been walking the deck for an hour before Hal appeared, looking stupid with sleep and distinctly out of sorts. Evidently he had dressed in haste. There was talcum powder on his cheek and his necktie was awry.

"Hullo," he greeted her. "Where did you disappear to? I never heard a sound. You had your coffee, didn't you? I daresay it's too late for me to get anything now."

"I daresay," replied Cynthia.

"My mother has always said I should have coffee as soon as I get up or I will have a headache all day," Hal went on frettily, his brows drawn together.

"Luncheon will be ready soon," said Cynthia. "I have had nothing either. I had forgotten about breakfast in this glorious air."

They strolled about the deck arm in arm.

The bright day restored Hal's good humour somewhat. His manner became more sentimental. He pressed her hand and asked her to forgive his unfortunate remark of the night before.

Cynthia, delighted again to place her idol on his pedestal, forgave him with her sweetest smile.

Drawing him into the corner she pulled his tie straight.

"No one is looking. Kiss me," said Hal, suddenly. The stale odour of cigarettes assailed her nostrils.

"No—no. Someone might see," said Cynthia, nervously.
“Come here!” He took her arm and pulled her to him.
“Kiss me,” he commanded.
“No,” gasped Cynthia.

Hal held her firmly and turned her face to his. For a long minute he held her so. Cynthia felt a queer rage possess her. It seemed to her as if a strange man had defiled her lips. She pushed him away and would even have struck him in the face had she been sure there was no one to see.

“You little wild-cat!” exclaimed Hal. “It’s time you had a master. Every woman needs one to complete her development. You’ll grow to like it.” And he laughed as one who has had a triumph.

Cynthia could not speak. She tucked a strand of shining hair into her white hat and pressed her lips together to stop their trembling. The eyes she turned on Hal were hard and bright.

“I don’t understand,” she said at last. “Are you serious? What kind of women have you known before me, Hal?”

“Well, I’ve known all kinds. They’re mostly alike.” Hal smiled as if at a memory.

“And did they all complete their development with you as a master?”

“Let’s go down to luncheon,” said Hal.

They descended to the saloon in silence.

“How’s the Spanish today? Can I help you?” asked the captain.

“I tell my wife she should learn how to order her food before she studies anything fancy,” Hal put in. “That’s the most important thing, isn’t it, Captain?”

“Some people learn that first—and others learn to say, ‘I love you,’” answered the captain, smiling.

Cynthia’s intuition told her that he would be willing to take advantage of the lack of harmony he had sensed between her and Hal. She could not control the colour that rushed to her cheeks. She hoped Hal would come to her rescue with some graceful banter. But he was pouring out the heavy red wine he drank with every meal.

“The sea air always gives one a good appetite, n’est-ce pas?” Hal pronounced it “nessy pas” and cast the words at Cynthia triumphantly as he gulped down the wine.

“If you know a bit of French you can get along anywhere,” he continued complacently. “What’s the use wasting time on a lot of languages? With English and French to tell the waiters what you want you can travel anywhere in the world.”

“Haven’t you heard that each new language opens the door of a new world?” asked the captain.

He spoke to Hal but looked at Cynthia.

“English is good enough for me,” returned Hal, bluntly.

Cynthia had a headache that afternoon. By dinner time it was worse.

“I’ll send you in something,” said Hal.

He took a flask from his bag and poured out a stiff drink.

“Oh, Hal, I hate the smell of that,” protested Cynthia, feebly. “I never knew you liked to—” She stopped.

“Liked to what?” inquired Hal.

“Nothing, dear. I’ll sleep till you come back. I don’t want any dinner.”

When, some time later, Hal returned, Cynthia saw he had had his usual two bottles of the wine. He yawned, inquired about her headache, and lit a cigarette. He smoked it, and then fitted another in his holder.

“Are you going to smoke in bed, Hal?” she asked.

“Uh-huh. I always do,” he answered.

He lay down and fell asleep almost immediately, the smoking cigarette between his fingers. Cynthia took it from his relaxed hand and flung it from the porthole. She turned on the electric fan to drive out the odour, and sprinkled cologne water about the cabin.

In the morning when she awoke smoke was again in Cynthia’s nostrils. Hal was walking about whistling faintly. Cynthia suddenly felt an uncon-
trollable rebellion against having the will of another person forced upon her.

"Hal, cigarettes make me ill in the morning," she said. "Can't you wait till you go on deck to smoke?"

"You talk like the anti-tobacco league," returned Hal. "You smoke, don't you?"

"Not in the room where I sleep—and not continuously like a chimney."

Hal did not reply. He moved about the room, glancing from side to side.

"Do you know where my watch is?" he asked. "I always put it under my pillow after I wind it."

He was searching among Cynthia's things now, poking under garments and even shaking her slippers.

"I'll look for it when I get up, Hal. Please don't disturb my things."

Hal, tousled and unshaven, seemed not to hear. He continued to shake out lingerie, veils and blouses.

"Hal, let my things alone!" Cynthia could no longer keep the anger from her voice.

"I must find my watch," he insisted. "By jove, here it is—on the floor. And I've forgotten to wind it for two nights."

He laughed, his good humour restored. His eyes began to twinkle.

"Here's a funny story I heard in the smoking room, Cynthia, about a drummer who forgot to wind his watch. I couldn't have told it to you a few days ago, but now we're married I suppose it's all right."

And he related a trite story the humour of which lay in its vulgarity. When he finished he laughed heartily.

Cynthia, who had never heard such a story before, wondered how Hal could have thought she would be amused by this story of smoking room origin. She knew that he was waiting for her to laugh. She tried to smile, but her jangling nerves made her sob instead.

"I'm going to sleep for another hour," she said, and buried her face in the pillow.

"Why do women never have a sense of humour?" Hal flung the question at her like a challenge. From his tone she knew he had been stung. Presently from the bathroom came sounds of splashing and the chorus of "Smiles." Then five resounding sneezes.

A cross and untidy Hal, whose ears were red and shining from his bath, returned to the cabin and began to lather his face and test the edge of his razor. He was one of the men who so frequently boast, "I never let a barber touch my face—always shave myself."

The lather well rubbed into his skin, Hal spread his feet far apart and grasped the razor firmly. Pulling the skin taut over the cheekbone, he closed one eye and began to draw the blade over his face with small, quick motions.

Cynthia watched this morning rite as if hypnotized. It was the first day Hal had shaved in her presence. As she watched him he gasped, threw back his head and sneezed. One, two, three, four, five times. Cynthia winced. Hal resumed his shaving.

That afternoon Cynthia and Hal watched the flashing sun lower itself into the sea.

"I've been thinking, Hal, that I know you less than I did before we were married," Cynthia remarked.

"Meaning you're disillusioned?" Hal smiled indifferently, his gaze on the horizon.

Cynthia thought how eagerly his eyes used to meet hers during their courtship.

"I mean, Hal, that I know nothing about the real you. Until this week all I knew was where you liked to have luncheon and dinner, what plays you wanted to see, and which baseball team you hoped would win the pennant. But I thought I knew you very well. Now I realize I don't know anything about you and that you probably only married me because it was time to settle down and I was as satisfactory a girl as any you knew at the time." Cynthia gave a little sob.

"You girls are certainly full of moonshine and nonsense, aren't you?" retorted Hal, chaffingly. "You want a
man to recite poetry to you and say pretty things from morning till night. Well, I don’t go in for that sort of mush.”

His eyes wandered to the steward’s steaming cups of tea and chocolate. Cynthia bit her lips and resolved to stop her tears from flowing.

“Do you want your tea, Hal?” she asked.

He turned to her. Perhaps he would say, “How can I think of tea when you are suffering!” or he might merely exclaim, “Tea!” in a tone of contempt.

“I’ll tuck you in your chair and send you the steward. I’m going to the smoking-room,” he said coolly.

Cynthia’s lip quivered. She looked away.

“Well, honey, what is it now?”

She left him abruptly and went to her cabin. Hoping in spite of herself for the sound of his footsteps, she stood for a quarter of an hour, waiting. Then she began to dress, slowly and deliberately.

When Hal came down nearly two hours later she was in a black evening gown, shining hair piled high and a cool, meditative look in her eyes.

“Hello, honey,” he said in a careless voice. Cynthia did not like to be called “honey.” Hal began to whistle “Madelon” as he undressed. He walked about in one garment and without slippers. He put the buttons in his shirt to the tune of “Over There.” He brushed his hair to “Pretty Baby,” and Cynthia saw several hairs fall from the thin spot on top of his head. Then he sneezed—three times.

Cynthia’s nerves gave way.

“Hal, I must speak to you,” she said, sharply. She began to tremble.

“Do you want your soul or my cigarettes?” Hal asked.

“It’s—it’s everything,” she said in a muffled voice.

There was a silence.

He finished dressing and walked to the door.

“Women make me tired,” he burst forth. “You’re all alike.”

With a gesture that repudiated the room and all it contained he slammed the door behind him.

Cynthia wrapped a silk cape about her and went on deck. It was an evening of soft, green light from a waning moon and a sea alive with phosphorus. By the time she had walked twice around the deck her heart was empty of bitterness. She looked through the door of the smoking-room filled with men and women sitting before their apéritifs. Hal was at a table with the captain and the Winslows, a young married couple whom Cynthia knew slightly.

Filled with the desire to forgive and be forgiven, she entered and stood by Hal’s side. The captain saw her first. He arose and greeted her with a touch of ardour. She smiled into his eyes, welcoming an attention which helped to restore her wounded self-respect. She turned her eyes to Hal’s and as he rose she saw he wore an indignant expression.

“Hal, please order me a bit of caviar and a tiny glass of something,” she begged, smiling brightly at him.

Hal called the steward and then poured out a preposterous drink of strong spirits from the bottle that stood at his elbow.

He arose and turned to the table, telling of fortunes lost in an hour in Wall Street and saying that women should be kept from gambling there.

“They’re irresponsible and need men to handle these things for them,” he said. “A master is what they all need—to take the nonsense out of them.”

Cynthia tried to meet this like a thoroughbred. She looked about the table and laughed.

“We women don’t like to have our pedestals vacant,” she said, and turned to the captain.

“Will you take me up to the bridge
after dinner and show me how you run your ship?"

"Nothing would give me more pleasure," he replied.

IV

Cynthia was asleep that night when Hal came down. She did not awake until morning. The air was already pungent with smoke. Hal was shaving. He heard Cynthia move.

"Good morning. I hope you slept well," he said, curtly.

"Thanks, and you?" she answered, mechanically.

"Very well, thank you."

"I didn't hear you come down last night."

"No?"

"Why are you cross, Hal?"

"Cross? I?" he replied, indistinctly.

One corner of his mouth was drawn down. He released it to wipe the lather from the razor.

"Well, to tell you the truth, any man would be likely to feel put out if his wife flirted on her honeymoon."

He pulled down the other cheek and squinted into the mirror. The scraping sounds recommenced.

"Hal! That's insulting. I won't allow you to say such a thing to me."

She sat up, flushing with anger.

"I'll say anything to you I damn please," he replied.

He finished shaving in leisurely fashion. He smoked another cigarette and whistled "Dardanella." Cynthia lay with tense muscles. When he was ready for the deck he went over to her.

"Perhaps you didn't mean to flirt but it looked like it to me," he said, and held out his hand.

Cynthia felt lonely. She took his fingers in hers. He bent down and kissed her. She smelled the mingled odours of nicotine and his unpleasant peppermint toothpaste. After he had gone she lay staring at the ceiling.

"Perhaps children make a difference," she thought a bit later, as she was dressing.

"Hal, I want to ask you something," she ventured that evening from her deck-chair.

"Uh-huh."

"Oh, I'm sorry. Were you asleep?"

"No, no."

He roused himself and cleared his throat.

"What did you say?"

"I wanted to ask you something. Do you like children?"

"Can't say I do much. They make a lot of noise and tie people down. I say, you're not thinking already—"

"Oh, no. I just wondered if you—"

Cynthia's voice trailed away.

"If I what?"

"Nothing, Hal. Only I know you so little. I was thinking of what Ibsen's Nora said about having lived with a strange man. Sometimes I feel that way about you—"

"You're sorry you married me. Is that it?" Hal rapped out.

Cynthia knew his vanity had been pierced. She chose quickly.

"Of course I'm not sorry," she said.

Hal, mollified, grunted. Presently his head dropped forward and he dozed again. Cynthia watched the blinking stars and pondered on the mystery of matter and the futility of all mortal things.

At midnight Hal awoke and stretched himself.

"Ready for bed?"

"Yes, Hal."

"We get in tomorrow, you know."

"Yes, Hal."

They folded their rugs. Hal, half asleep, stumbled over Cynthia's foot. They went below.

"Sometimes I would rather have a rendezvoo with a bed than with a woman," he remarked.

He yawned and lit a cigarette.

"Yes, Hal."

The morning was charged with excitement. Everyone was on deck soon after sunrise. Stewards bustled about, their hopes of a rich harvest already beginning to be realized.

Cynthia, having breakfasted and attended to her luggage, sat near the rail watching the land come nearer and nearer. Slim and straight, her blue
tailored suit and simple hat gave her an air of aloof smartness. Hal joined her presently. He sat in moody silence.

“You forgot this, sir,” said a steward at his elbow, holding out a gold cigarette case. “I found it in your room.”

“Thanks. Wait a minute,” said Hal. From his pocket he brought forth a change purse of soft leather. Cynthia saw the purse and looked at Hal as he carefully extracted from it a fifty-cent piece and handed it to the man. She waited for Hal to explain the purse. She had never seen a man carry one before.

Hal did not look at her. He carefully replaced the purse in his pocket and stared out at the water. For the first time Cynthia noticed the faint lines about his eyes and mouth and the fullness about the jowls that indicated he had lived according to the dictates of the flesh. As she looked at him, she thought he seemed quite unfamiliar. She could think of half a dozen men of her acquaintance whom she knew better. Hal appeared unconscious of her gaze or even her presence. His silence and expression of contempt seemed premeditated. She returned her gaze to the beauty of the coastline.

And thus they sailed into the harbour of Cynthia’s illusions.

Nocturne in June

By Glenn Ward Dresbach

THE night is astir with dreams—
From branches swayed in the breeze
The white moths flutter out
Through shadows of the trees.

A young girl’s dress is blown
Where shadows shift and stir
Along the restless grass,
And no one walks with her.

All still, a part of gloom,
An old house takes the breeze,
And, on the porch, old heads
Start nodding with the trees.

Slowly the girl moves back
To the porch and finds a chair,
And fingers, with night-deep eyes,
The ribbon in her hair.

Her mother stirs and wakes.
The girl, with head half-hung,
Says, “Mother, tell me about
When father and you were young.”
The Queen Forgets
By George Sterling

WHAT came before and afterward
(She said) I do not know;
But I remember well a night
In a life long ago.

What spoil was I of Egypt sacked?
Of what old war the pledge?
Around my tent whose army lay,
At the great desert's edge?

A maiden, or a Satrap's wife,
A slave or queen was I
Who saw that night the steady stars
Go down the living sky?

And saw against the heavenly ranks
How one stood watch and ward.
Black on the stars he stood, and leaned
On a cross-hilted sword.

There was no sound in all the camp
But when a stallion neighed.
I saw the light of Sirius
On the cold blade.

Downward, above a single palm,
Slowly the great star crept;
More motionless my sentry stood,
As silently I wept.

What wrath had Libya for my loss?
In Syria what tears?
What king or swineherd cursed his god
In those forgotten years?

The tale is not in tapestry;
The gray monks do not know.
Only its shadow touches me
From out the long ago.

Of terror and of tenderness
Is that far vigil made
And the green light of Sirius
On the chill blade.
Reality

By Helen Louise Wolcott

He sat mooning happily over his dinner. He liked to be alone, for he had just enough stimulus for thought in the resources of his own mind—just enough and not too much, for it must be confessed that he didn’t wish to reason and speculate too deeply.

To-night he was contented in his own dear pleasant way. He had a filet cooked just to suit him, the orchestra was playing a waltz which softly stirred his senses, the coffee perked up his mood tantalizingly, and besides, he could congratulate himself that he was in love.

Yes, he was profoundly in love; not quite madly enamoured, because he was of too sanguine a temperament for that, but at least irrevocably enamoured. And she was poor, too, which showed the reality of his infatuation. After marriage he would have to share his little comfortable income with her, and perhaps deny himself little extravagances like summer trips with the best obtainable service; and the highest priced silk shirts; and the finest hotel suites.

Oh, well, if one was a poet and romantic one must suffer. He had a secret, unuttered idea that he was a poet, although he had never written verses. True, however, he had written numerous articles and they had been accepted too.

He thought lazily of these matters, and sundry other matters, as he ate. He had a sure digestion, an aristocratic bearing, perfect taste in dress, an agile mind, a deal of originality, and a contented temperament. And then could anyone say that the gods had not smiled on him; were not smiling as he cut his filet? And the godly smile must have been benign, comprehensive, tolerant, also—a very different smile from the satirical one bestowed on some struggling mortals.

The waiter brought his salad. It was a good salad, and he had stipulated for lots of mayonnaise, for there were two relishes which he particularly favoured: lots of cream in his coffee and lots of mayonnaise.

He sipped the golden brown stuff with pleasure and began on the salad, but the rich filet had taken his appetite, and the pleasures of gustation were mostly over. Never mind, there were other happinesses.

He looked around a bit pityingly on the other more poorly-endowed mortals, who actually didn’t possess his resources of mind. So many of the crowd appeared bored and falsely gay or admittedly glum.

He canceled his dessert order, got his check, and paid his bill with the addition of a lavish tip. Then he walked out of the sumptuous dining room, conscious that he looked successful and intelligent and very well-poised.

Now for the real gladness—his romance—his real romance. He was more than satisfied with himself for being in love as intensely as he was, for he would have hated to have had to admit to his own consciousness that he was incapable of any compelling emotion.

From all this it may be seen that he was his own best friend, and that he was very introspective, and sometimes the least bit pharisaical.
His car was parked about a block down the street, and he walked toward it briskly, his blood tingling from excellent food and high expectation. His nerves were just about as stiffened and just about as relaxed as they should have been for the best enjoyment.

As he steered the machine through the crowded districts, the hordes of pedestrians bothered him a little, but not much, and the lights and the shop windows and the air and the thrill of the city compensated. As he guided the wheel he made up a little poem about the whirl of the city square. It was a cubist poem, consisting of impression and vague shivering ecstasy of mood rather than definitely thought-out words. From this it may be deduced that he was more artistic than reasoning. As he drove out farther into the residential districts he composed another sort of ode on the cozy lights inside the cozy houses of the good world.

By this time he was before Irene's apartment-house—the apartment-house where she had the ugly rooms with her pinched-nose Aunt. He parked the machine, rang the buzzer, and ran up the mahogany stairway.

II

Irene herself opened the door and let him in.

He rejoiced again that the thrill she gave him was renewed and reinforced every time that he came. He had been the victim of certain affairs which had dwindled down to next to nothing before—generally in two or three months—and he was always feeling afraid and insecure. But at last he believed that there was no such fear to be experienced with Irene. He was in love, irrevocably and eternally. She had on the blue taffeta dress with the grayish sleeves and trimmings which he liked especially. She was slim and white, and proud and full of suppressed emotion, and she was the one girl he had ever seen who had atmosphere; real atmosphere; suggestion; a true appeal to the imagination. He could fancy her in Heaven, or gracing the star part of a drama.

She was a music teacher, and to her he was all that she had longed to be herself. She envied his easy, nimble thinking, his ready repartee, his savoir-faire and his familiarity with all the polished luxuries which had been denied in her life. In her sincerity she saw no unconscious superficiality in his artistic, sensuous, quick-moving mind. She admired him blindly, wholeheartedly, and her devotion was absolute.

He took off his overcoat briskly. "Is your Aunt out?" he asked. That woman offended his sensibilities woefully.

"Yes," she said, "I saw to that." He kissed her impulsively. She was inspiring, awakening to his imagination. She warmed his already warm and softly-smoldering sense of the goodness of the universe.

She walked in before him to the little drawing room (such they called it) and he liked the way she walked; and he noticed for the hundredth time her pinched-nose Aunt. He parked the machine, rang the buzzer, and ran up the mahogany stairway.

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and exactions in human intercourse. For aunts aren't mothers, and she had had little money and big ambitions, and big desires for fine things.

"Good enough that they aren't around here," he exulted. "Sorry I can't get along better with them, but hang it all—I just can't. Say, when we're married we'll ditch the auntie with the sharp nose, won't we now?"

She rose nervously, as though to stop him. "Oh, don't get started on anything tonight, please. I've taught all day, and I'm so tired, and I don't like to argue. I'll have to be kind to Aunt Linda, because she's always been kind to me."

He went over to the piano and ran his fingers over the keys. He could play ragtime by ear.

"She's such a bore," he said.

Something flamed in her brain, and made her say reckless things—perhaps it was the fatigue which caused the outburst, because she seldom indulged in explosions.

"We're not like you—any of us!" she exclaimed to his amazement. "We don't live as you do, and you don't like us, and you can't adapt yourself to us. You think you're richer and more—"

She stopped suddenly, blinded by silly tears, and pretended to look out of the window although she could see nothing.

As he looked around at her, too startled to speak or even move, the thought came to him that she was more than just lovable—she was interesting and exciting and she had spirit. He was a lucky man. He felt a contrition, too, which was novel to him, and made him glow with a new sensation.

He was at her side, comforting her, assuring her, and vowings more considerate. Only he noticed that she wasn't as changeable and pliable as most of the women whom he had known, and he could see that there was more sensitiveness in her than in most. He could admire and adore her all the more, then.

"You're too good for me; much too good," he told her ardently. "But I'll make you happy in the end, I swear it."

After that things went along peacefully. Nothing more was said about certain unlucky actualities which had annoyed his sensibility. These actualities were mainly relatives and her aunt and the furnishings of the tiny drawing room where they were.

At his request all except two of the pictures had been taken from the walls as lacking in taste, and the rose hangings had been lifted from the windows as too brilliant in hue, leaving the general effect one of unstately bleakness.

She had often expressed a longing to get out and see the world—his world. She had an almost childish craving for the opera and plays and good music. They had gone sometimes, but that world was a little stale for him, and she was his new delight, so that he preferred being in this rather ugly apartment where he could have her all to himself. So he pleaded fatigue. Fatigue! When his business was his own and he was perfectly independent to idle away all of the time that he pleased since he had trusty managers, provided by a wise and far-seeing father. A father who had secretly been humiliat ed at the idea of certain characteristics which his son had exhibited in early years.

And so her longing for the play of life and the amusement and the pleasure went unsatisfied for the main part. At first she had not cared, for she had been very much in love, too, and it was enough just to have him with her—for had he not moved in fashionable and cultured circles, and had he not traveled and learned? But lately there had crept in little selfish demands and impatiences of his which had revealed the fact that he had been spoiled and petted and pampered a great deal. Well, she was willing to pamper him too. She could do that much if she loved him, for he was basically considerate.

The rest of the evening was going well, until unluckily the subject of religion came up.

"After we're married we'll ditch all
this organ playing in the church, won't we? I hate the idea of church and all that stuff—church is so old-fashioned."

"But I do like to play the organ," she demurred.

"Come now, dear, for me!"

It was the usual phrase. Everything must be changed, then, for him. She must change her religious ideas, her relatives, the house, her tastes, her inclinations.

As she thought about it all, an inevitable question occurred to her more forcefully than ever. Did he really care? Or was he just a spoiled, selfish egoist?

The little room oppressed her. He could have taken her out some place tonight; for two evenings now they had just been cooped up here, because he was tired of downtown and the lights and the noise.

"So it's religion you want different, is it?" she asked, with a new note of irony in her voice. "Well, I'm getting tired of not being as I should be. Don't you think I have any pride? I'm not going on any longer with this—with this farce."

She had been sitting with a magazine on her knees. They had been looking at the photographs of prominent actresses. Now she flung the magazine away and rose.

"I don't want to see you any more—ever!" Her head was tilted back in the way that was hers when she was excited. Her face was always white, but now he imagined that it was whiter.

"Don't be theatrical," he warned her. He surely didn't understand her tonight. He had never thought of her as the explosive type.

Suddenly the sickening thought that there was nothing in him to reach—no kindliness, no sympathetic comprehension—maddened her. He was superficial, a trumper. What had she ever seen in him anyway?

"Please go—it's over."

"Over. What on earth do you mean?"

There were weary explanations and statements on her part, but he didn't understand. But finally he was gone.

She was trembling visibly as he shut the door of the hall. She had cared. He had been her romance—her real man of romance from a station of wealth and society which she had never hoped to enter. She hurried back into her tiny bedroom and lay sobbing on the bed in the darkness.

III

Away through the night his car glided smoothly. Nerves! Women's nerves! She would be repentant in the morning. And he would have his own way for weeks on account of her little explosion. He knew women. They were all like that: changeable, childish, proud by fits and starts. Well, he was so glad that she had spirit, and gad, he loved her all the more!

He wheeled up to a vaudeville show and went in. He enjoyed the lilt of the rhythmic music, and he sat and dreamed of the vim and zest of life and the vim and zest of her. He made up a little vague poem again, this time about women with tantalizing tempers and temperamental unexpectednesses. He thought of Shakespeare's "Taming of the Shrew," and he wondered if some such affair had inspired the famous bard.

He recalled to his mind the whiteness of her face as she had stood there fired with indignation. How she had tilted back her head in that way he liked. He'd make her angry often so that he could see that turn of the head. He remembered her slender ankles and the trim gray slippers and the graceful frock with gray sleeves and trimmings. He was certainly in love, and after they were married, why, he'd share his income with her, and maybe work harder in that fool uninteresting business so as to get more money for her. He was glad he was big enough to love unselfishly like that; for so many fellows were regular egoists nowadays.

He fell to speculating about the psychology of vaudeville after that, and he decided that the reason for it was that
people demanded sensuous rhythm and cleverness. Well, he had a sort of cosmic rhythm from the enjoyment of Irene. She surely had atmosphere. "Cosmic rhythm"—it was a good phrase. He repeated it over in his mind. "Cosmic rhythm." He composed another little poem about the cosmic rhythm of the love of a good woman. For she was good—was Irene—and he had always been forced to be good with her, because she would never have countenanced anything else. That necessity of being good had increased her charm a hundred-fold for him, too, for he was fastidious and he felt better and nobler when he was good.

Just then an icy feeling crept on him unbidden. What if she wouldn't make up? But women always made up. Besides, he was rich and she was poor, and the child was dazzled by his affluence—she had always been under the weight of poverty. No, she'd make up. Only give her a little time to think. Don't rush her. He'd managed such little affairs before.

After the show he went to a restaurant where he sipped some more golden coffee and had some dainty sandwiches and dreamed indefinite dreams about the stir in living. They were colourful dreams and he was very fastidious about all of the appointments. Sometimes he was in a blue room—blue and gold—with white ivory wainscoting; sometimes he was in a woodsy place alone with Irene and her "cosmic rhythm"; sometimes he was by a lake with her, alone, and she held up her head proudly and her skin was white.

He wanted to call her up the next morning, but reason told him not to. She would be more alarmed and contrite by afternoon. He would ask her to go to a matinée if she didn't have too many lessons to give, and that would please her. She had a naïve longing for plays and operas and all those city pleasures which real city people so often outgrew. But she hadn't been city bred.

At promptly half-past twelve o'clock he telephoned to her.

"Dear," he began, "I'm so very sorry about the misunderstanding last night. All my fault. Been worried ever since."

Her voice cut in on his enthusiastic apologies with a new note in the tone.

"It's all right; I feel much better, now that it's all over. Don't worry about me. It was inevitable."

He felt almost physically dizzy, as he sat with the receiver clenched tight in his hand. It was over. She was different from other girls. She had spirit to spare—too much spirit.

"You don't care then?" he almost whined.

"That isn't the question." It was decided and cool.

Irene cool to him! His dizziness increased. There were a thousand things he wanted to say.

"Let me come and talk it over."

"No; it would do no good; it's better not to prolong disagreeable arguments."

Her voice was final—already worlds away from the dear understanding of him which he had luxuriated in. He sat very still—almost horrified at this trick which fate had dared to play on him. How could he be expected to live any more?

His first thought was suicide. Then he grew angry at her. If she had loved him enough it would have been all right; if she had only loved him as much as he loved her. If she had only felt the "cosmic rhythm" for him. But she was not a poet and she couldn't be expected to be as loyal as poets.

Should he go to her apartment and talk it over, contrary to her wishes? But something—some little intuition—told him that she was different from most girls, and that she had the strange and rare faculty of making up her mind and sticking to it. His romance was over. He could still see her little gray slippers and the white face and the atmosphere of her charm.

He thought again of suicide, but he grew hungry, and after all a man must eat. He went to a restaurant where he was in the habit of whiling away some happy hours. He couldn't stand the questions of the fellows at his club.
He began to eat forlornly, pitying himself, denouncing the world in general, vowing that if he lived at all he would never take any further interest in life. There was no longer any excitement or zest or vim in things, and he didn't enjoy his coffee.

Then gradually he began to take on the rôle of hero to himself, and he began to realize how loyalty had been abused; how like a martyr he stood (or sat) suffering for the defection of another. He gloried in the fact that he had such a soft heart that he must needs suffer from his very sensibility. He composed a vague poem about the throes of sensitive souls. In this poem he exhorted all ultra-sensitive natures to brace themselves against the hard materialistic facts of a hard materialistic world. There were stanzas about the tilt of a head in pride. There was a refrain about a white, white forehead.

By the time he had drunk his third cup of coffee he was worked up to a very intensity of epic inspiration. Irene in his dreams looked more beautiful than ever before, and in his fancy the emotional pull of her spirit was accentuated until he felt that he could die or compose sonnets or suffer martyrdom or live alone in some hut in the woodsy woods. He liked the word woodsy.

He got out his note-book and began to write, and what he wrote wasn't so bad; much worse has been written and pronounced rather good.

He was startled to find that he had secured the glow he wanted in another way than by joy and satisfaction. He was thankful and glad, because he enjoyed new sensations as much as a mortal could. Why, there was a thrill in sorrow itself! He could always have this sadness to thrill him—and wasn't he grateful that he was one of the few human beings who could actually suffer intensely and deeply? There was nothing superficial about him, at least.

The idea came to him that there were other girls—sympathetic girls—beside Irene—after he imagined that he had grown out of this queer distaste for the thought of other girls. But that, he pondered, was an unlucky concept, and he dismissed it at once—well, anyway, almost at once.

* * *

That afternoon back in another section of the city a music teacher with a pale face and eyes that were tired from weeping the night before was counting wearily for a small girl who would never play but who was determined to try. After her lessons were over she would cry some more—for she had really cared. And there was only reality for her—not visions and imagination and superficial introspection.


In Wall Street there are two sorts of men: those who know figures and those who know men. The former are bookkeepers; the latter are millionaires.

Comedy: the tragedy of men with whiskers and women with double chins.
Out of Modoc

By Milnes Levick

I

She lay motionless, face down, on the ragged sofa. The dust of Modoc's roads was upon her, and with a thin and febrile clairvoyance she followed unwillingly each step in the preparations for the performance. They were always the same. Here among the mountains of this farthest corner of California, with the railroad far behind them, Malvern would go to the bar of the hotel, then he would take the carryall to the livery stable and presently there would be a datter on the porch and his discussion, noisy that the inhabitants might hear, of the best position in which to place the frame.

Her own picture was in the frame, with the others. Behind the shut lids of her eyes Lucille could see her picture very clearly. It had seemed splendid when she had had it taken surreptitiously before she left home. Then it had had a magic quality that made it glow, as if it were an earnest of her career and of the fame she was to win upon the stage; it had borne the mark of an indubitable professionalism and there was no other picture like it. But now it was soiled and had begun to fade and there were scratches upon its former smoothness, and the face that she saw in it was the face of a child.

Hers was at the bottom of the frame, in the place of least significance. At each side, a little higher, were those of two men and at the top were two more women. They circled like satellites around the one in the center, a large photograph, that of Maurice Malvern.

But as she lay on the sofa Lucille could not bring to herself the vision of this picture; the romanticism of its pose and the extravagant and appealing defiance of its expression dissolved, and she could see only the face of the man as he himself was.

The voice of Mrs. Malvern came from the veranda. Its huskiness intruded colourlessly into the somnolence of the girl's room, of the hotel, of the whole hamlet. The frame, Malvern, all else receded.

"Yes, a grand season. Why, we went into Walla Walla for a week and played twelve, and we done capacity business every night."

She always greeted them so, these rustics along the obscure route she had traveled season after season; she would talk with them of the stage and of the crops, on hotel porches or in the dimly lighted dining-rooms, treating them as old friends and recalling their names like a politician. She laughed now, wheezing, and the raucous plaintiveness evoked a figure for Lucille: one squat and flaccid and grimed, dowdy and shapeless beneath a scarf and the amplitude of a soiled duster.

Lucille considered her and the length of her travels with Malvern: their journeyings in this hinterland, the poverty of their makeshifts and the amazements of fortune—even of a run of three months, in Walla Walla. She had seemed so wonderful when first they met; she had patted Lucille on the shoulder and laughed while she said:

"There, there, dearie, you're of age. It ain't so long ago since I ran away from home myself to go on the stage. And I never was sorry."

Lucille shrank at the memory of the contact; it had smirched that first day
in Sacramento and the days before and since. Back there, as she left her home, her whole life had seemed all at once an ordered progress, shaped by a superior kindness that was leading her past timid hopes and headstrong impotencies to the reality of the time to come. And now that the future was upon her the voice of Mrs. Malvern echoed in it hollowly.

There was the night she had turned suddenly on Lucille and her giddy petulance had become noxious in the dressing-room where the three women were making up: Lucille had cowered; and could still feel the flush of her cheeks, as if there were mysterious and unowned cause for shame.

There was the day when the woman had stood before her, arms akimbo, pausing suddenly in the skimped rehearsal to say "You're a born actress, my girl—you're a deep one."

There was, too, this day not yet done, and the long jump in the carryall; the thin cold of the shadows and the acrid heat of the sun, the bleak expanses that enfeebled her with resentment of their emptiness and meaninglessness, the interminable hills piled upon the plateau and the vista of the desert beyond, in Nevada... and Malvern.

He had given the reins to one of the other men, and while the native fuzzy-tail horses strained and joggled on the ever changing grade he had come to sit beside her in her solitude by the baggage at the rear of the creaking wagon. His silence had pressed upon her like a sardonic menace and there was awareness in the thick back of his wife before them. Lucille looked at him once and found his eyes upon her.

Tomorrow would be the same. At half past five she would wake in a terror as the hotel proprietor, after the custom of the region, beat upon a triangle on the veranda: the metallic clamour would grow and shimmer like a vibrant coil through the sleeping air above the little valley; in the opening day she would be pinched by the cold of this altitude and she would arise numbed; then the carryall would set off again into the illimitable.

As she lay now, in her traveling dress, she waited in dread, though it was evening; as if the thrill of the triangle were imminent. She was bruised with fatigue and the memory of her home was about her like a pungency, so that she could have reached forth her hand, with eyes unseeing, and touched the old familiar things.

II

... She dozed, and woke with the quickening of prescience.

Malvern was in the room. He stood motionless with his back to the door.

She listened to her heart beats smile like an alarm upon the dusk. But she was not afraid. She did not tell him to go away. She did not speak at all, but lay watching him, with a curious basic equanimity, contemplating him like some distant manifestation that could not touch her life.

In their silence each felt the other measuring forces. It was as if their wariness were a plummet in the stillness of an unknown sea.

Suddenly he advanced; he seemed not to stride but to emerge through the crepuscular planes. He came without footfall, and touched emptiness.

"What do you want?"

Her voice was from beside him; he turned, in surprise. She stood very straight but he stooped to peer at the luminousness of her face and in this proximity she felt as she had not before the crassness of him and the foulness of his confidence.

"Don't run away," he said.

"I shan't." She laughed a little.

Through the admonishing lowness of his tone she sensed the clumsiness that had no reliance but in brutality.

"Lucille." The word trembled.

She stepped from him and in the darkness for a moment he was at a loss. He sought to put supplication into his tone, but it came raspingly.

"I need you more than I can say."

"That's a line from a play."

"... What of it?"
"Don't try to fool yourself."
"And you shan't fool me. . . . Lu­cille—" He waited, as if she were con­sidering.
"Do you want me to call your wife?"
"What she wouldn't do to you? Lu­cille, listen to me."
The quietude quivered about them.
"Don't you like me a little bit?"
His tone changed.
"Come here," he commanded. "Let me talk to you."
She laughed.
"Lucille," he repeated.
The faint light from the window flitted across her figure for a moment as she stole into a corner.
"I've got you pocketed!" He spoke without triumph, as one might talk to a child.
She moved once more; but he turned and she saw he had spoken truth.
"Lucille, . . . Be a good little girl. . . . Think what she'd do to you if you told. Isn't it foolish of you? . . . You little devil, aren't you ever going to speak?"
He listened.
"I tell you you'd better," he said.
She shrank against the wall and the sharpness of her nails made prints of fire upon her palms.
"She won't speak, eh? . . . Well, then. . . ."
The silence in the room became like anguish in music. Then it was rent by the rattle of the door. The man turned and was very still; no sound came from the girl's corner.
On the threshold stood Mrs. Malvern. The woman's eyes groped for them and when at last she saw them she closed the door behind her very gently.
"So," she said; her tone was unctuous in its stringency.
Malvern's voice was projected tentatively toward her. Beneath his casual­ness was the torpor of sudden sobering.
"I was speaking to Lucille about that bit of business in the second act," he said.
His words hung heavy in midair, as if arrested by the woman's ominous immobility. When she did not answer he moved and the shifting of his feet made a scuffle on the threadbare carpet. "The business with the letter I was talking to you about the other day, Lucille will learn in time; she's got talent."
"That's enough."
Her curtness broke the bond of at­tention; they remained each isolated, waiting for what might come forth from the darkness.
"I been waiting for this," said the woman grimly at last.
"You don't believe me?" He failed to achieve surprise. "You don't? Well, you're 'way off. Ask Lucille."
The wheeze of Mrs. Malvern's breathing came slowly for a space before she spoke.
"Do you suppose I'd believe her?"
"You can believe what you want to."
There was a shrug in the words.
But he could not overcome the silence of the woman, a silence like an emanation, and he turned to speech as to escape. "Oh, you're crazy. Ask her. She'll tell you. . . . won't you, Lucille?"
"No."
The girl's rejection came winged like an arrow. Malvern laughed, as a man may laugh irresolutely when he is hit. At length he said:
"Oh very well."
"You—" said the wife, and desisted. Hatred played across him; it seemed palpable, welling through the dark, sweeping onward to find its lodgment in the unmoving figure against the op­posite wall.
Malvern stirred.
"Oh, we don't care," he said; "Lu­cille and I—do we, Lucille?"
"Malvern," the woman whispered in sudden pain, "I'll make your life a hell on earth as you've made mine."
For an instant they were absorbed in one another and in the involutions of unbelief and faithlessness in the compulsion of their lives.
"She's one too many," the woman said.

III

The silence settled down again like crows that have been flurried, and Lu-
cille felt the scrutiny of their minds upon her, as if they were obtusely, even unknowingly, waiting for her to give them the answer to their riddle. They waited, thinking each of the other but in reality expectant of her. And she made no sound; she breathed with caution, that her presence might be a mystery to them, and within her something moved alertly, as does the eye at an unexpected flick of light.

She became aware of a new thing, a spirit that had been elusive before her in her tawdry parts; the sense of power stirred her quickly, power to influence and shape, to create out of the emotions of others. Her impulse was to answer them, to make the silence clang with brazen flouting of them both, but she was restrained by this new knowledge and she watched its unfoldment with hushed excitement.

"They can't touch you," it said to her; "they can't approach you: from now on you are unattainable to them and all their kind."

"You—what are you?" the woman said to her at last.

To herself the girl said, "I am what you can never be, with all your years," but she held back the words; exultance was tremulous in her breast, and she tried to still it, like a too-valiant friend, lest it betray her, revealing the laughter that would turn them upon her in unison. Never could they understand her.

She marveled at the fourth presence in the room as it revealed to her all that she was and might be. They seemed distant and small like children puzzled before some simple mystery of death or life.

"She's not worth you getting mad about," said the man.

Lucille laughed softly; then from a new inaccessibility she heard herself speaking.

"How he must boast in bar-rooms."

He turned, snarling, and was baffled by her aloofness. His tone was echoed by his wife "I'll show you." She flung forward and there was a sharp cry of threat, stifled as Malvern caught her.

Their mutter mingled, spasmodic with physical conflict.

"Do you want to queer the show?" he demanded.

"Let go." The woman's words failed and became a whimper at some invisible coercion.

"Let her come," said the girl.

She wished oddly that he would release his wife, though she knew he would not. A woman's oath broke through the darkness. The girl wondered with trustful serenity what fresh power she would evince to cope with the wife's rage, how she would move her like an audience. She felt the sap of life quick in her veins, a mad vigor lifting her incomparably above these two whom she had emptied and squeezed dry, and she saw before her the long inexorable road in which her steps were now set, a road whose end was beyond discerning, yet which could not daunt her. For without rancour she had learned how to be hard and how to be relentless.

A long sigh came from the woman, querulous and reluctant like that of a tired child resigned to sleep. The girl smiled.

... She saw again his face beside her in the carryall, the crude virility of it leering. She saw herself turn away, frightened and weary, the memory of her home desirable before her. She beheld again the day's journeying: the dead salt lake of a sink, the outskirts of the desert, touched with the imprint of bygone cycles, in its gauntness conserving jealously the life within it. She saw before her the kindred hills, unrolling slowly, splashed with great sinister patches of lichen, vermilion and sulphur and emerald; and once, stark upon the side of a peak, the straight uncompromising line of barrenness worn years before from base to summit by a caravan of seekers for a promised land.

Beneath the mottle of lichen was rock, vast as the foundation of a world, and where the hills reached down to the tenderness of violet shadows, she knew the softness of that tone was no more
than the illusion of black sage dried and stripped to stalks but persisting through heat and cold and storm. It was so that she must be; as rock and the toughness of sage, that life might not sweep her yieldingly before it. Within her a voice called gladly "Strength, strength!" and the future was no longer an emptiness but a victory.

. . . She listened to the breathing of him as he held the woman in subjection, and the hoarse catch of the wife's breath, and then its relaxation as she sobbed once, not loudly.

. . . "It's time half-hour was called," the girl said, and the spectacle of their impotence filled her with austere rejoicing.

**In His Steps**
*By T. F. Mitchell*

**My Heart**
*By Gamaliel Bradford*
The Aesthetic Sense

By Vesta Wills

His clothes were grime and grease soaked; sleek to the touch as oiled iron, and rough at the seams as filed scraps; filled with the odour of strong tobacco and cheap liquor; splashed here and there at the lapel with soup and gravy; shapeless, patched, with holes in the patches; too narrow for his shoulders, too broad for his waist, too short for his arms, too long for his legs.

He had a blank, stolid face, and small lifeless eyes; his back was broad and bent, and his hands were too large to be put in his ready-made pockets. With a rolling movement of the jaw, akin to that of the ox, he munched on a bit of garlic. At regular intervals, he gave vent to huge grunts of satisfaction. His thick nose, a mere knob against the flat relief of his face, dilated as each new dish was slapped before him. He drank his soup at a gulp; two bites sufficed for a potato. At any time, the delay of a moment would set his huge feet knocking together, and in a voice rough and hoarse, with the ominous roll of distant thunder, he would growl guttural imprecations. At the sound of the approaching "mess boy" his flabby cauliflower ears pricked up like those of a dog.

Sewed fast in the lapel of his coat was a red rose of velvet and satin.

When two women are admired by the same man, or have the same dressmaker, it is a waste of breath to inquire if they are enemies.

Seven men proposed to Alice. She accepted Henry. He said that her nose was patrician.

Drink is abolished, and yet husbands still lie to their wives. Let us guess again.
"My Heart Is a Cemetery"

By George Winant

I

Dorothy

She expected it of me. She lived next door and one day I found her crying in front of my picture. She was rather plain and her name was Dorothy. So I kissed her and we were engaged. Or so it seemed, because she went to Lake Louise and wrote to me every day—and there was another girl at the same hotel who was engaged to me too. So every night I wrote two tender letters—and prayed for peace! And one night, in midsummer, when I was struggling over the letters, a girl passed down the hotel corridor. Tiny she was, with great brown eyes. And she glanced at me and pouted. And Dorothy became a legend.

II

Olga

Olga tried hard. Coquetry never came easy to her, although she was a great success at it. After that first pout we climbed to a window near the roof and watched an orange moon. And her eyes were too large and her mouth too small. I kissed her and she loved me. She was a spoiled child and seemed always to get what she wanted—she might have had me but the hard work told on her and she faded. And one day at luncheon I looked across some tables and a girl was laughing at me.

III

Elizabeth

She was very young and beautiful—and she was a Puritan. She had never seen the Aurora Borealis from the roof nor played that the porch was a ship sailing one knew not where. And I taught her all these things and pitied her. Because she was stupid and I knew that I would soon grow tired of seeing those eyes open and close at new wonders. So I packed my bags and left—and the first whistle of the train blew her away.

IV

Sylvia

The air in the room was heavy and sweet with the odour of flowers. I was lying between cool white sheets. I was recovering from an appendicitis operation. She was writing notes of thanks for all the flowers. Her red hair had the gleam of copper. When she raised my head to straighten a pillow she was very gentle but very wise. Later as I grew stronger we talked a great deal. The ease with which she saw suffering and the years behind her made me feel like a child. So, to establish my age and experience, I kissed her. And after that when girls came to visit me she did not scowl at them but smiled at me. Sylvia was as hard and sure as brilliant steel forceps. Soon I got well and left her there with the pain and the anaesthetics.

V

Isabel

She was a pale blonde beauty. I came upon her in a little summer house. She made room for me beside her and kept looking out over the hills. That evening we walked through shaded country lanes. Every now and then the moon found us out amid the shadows. She talked very little and once
she shrugged her shoulders. One morning at dawn we bathed in an icy brook and she laughed a great deal. She had never looked lovelier than in those black bathing things. In the evening we crossed a little wooden bridge leading up into the woods. She seemed very sure of both of us. And so I held her in my arms and told her that her beauty shamed the moon. She believed it and then I knew that she had never heard it before. Uncut pages in a much-borrowed book! I led her back across the little wooden bridge and forgot her.

VI
Kathleen

She came down a stairway one summer night and I saw her framed against an open window with the infinite for a background. I asked her to stop and talk to me. She laughed and told me that I was too young and went on down. The next morning I was not sure that I had really seen her.

A year later I waltzed with her. She wore white, with jewels and with a gleaming wreath in her hair. We walked outdoors later. The music followed us; a slender string of melody and the sweet smell of gardens. I told her of old loves and tried to touch her, but she shuddered a little. And I looked at my hands and knew that she found them soiled. We went back to the lights and the people.

After that I sought her out. It was a summer idyll—a ladder spun of gossamer and reaching to the stars. For many nights we watched the moon. She whipped my soul to better things, to greater imaginings. But I grew afraid. For one who never before had left the earth the stars were very terrifying. So I left her there on the heights and she slipped away. There were tears in her eyes and I do not think that she saw me. I never really knew her—and she is difficult to forget.

VII
Helen

It was late spring. Over the ocean at our feet blew a wind from the east. It was like a meeting place of all countries—a gathering of dreams. Helen was bored and tired. She only felt the chill in the air. I took her in my arms and told her that I loved her. If she had looked into my eyes she might have seen there the phantom images of other loves. If her ears had been attuned to music she might have heard the voices on the breeze. But Helen was a direct person. She considered us engaged. Tomorrow we are to be married.

Perhaps, after all, it is as well that she neither hears nor sees too clearly.

There is, for every woman, a day when she suddenly grows old. It is the day she climbs upon a Fifth Avenue bus, and not one man looks at her.

A man is as old as his arteries; a woman is as old as her clothes.

No sermon is too long for the woman with a new hat.
The Last Satire of a Famous Titan

By Benjamin De Casseres

EVERYBODY who has lived in the City of Mexico knows the old Café Gambrinus down in San Francisco street. It was—and is still—no doubt—the most cosmopolitan café in the Western Hemisphere.

One could hear every language—except Hebrew—spoken there at once. The place was always crowded with "suspects" from all over the world. The uniforms of all nations shone there between ten o'clock at night and one in the morning. Carranzistas, Zapatistas and Villistas ate and drank there, cheek by jowl. No one knew the business of anybody else. The Italian proprietor, Signor Belatto, smiled upon all alike. He should worry!

I was sitting in the café alone one night last April on one of the leather benches against the walls sipping my stein of Mexican beer when a man squatted down at the table beside mine. The leather seats ran without a break on that side of the room, so we were almost shoulder to shoulder.

He attracted my attention instantly, not only by his military bearing but because he seemed to recall somebody I had known long, long ago, as in a dream or a story.

He tossed off a couple of brandies, which seemed to make him feel good. I was feeling "just so" myself and it did not take long to strike up a conversation between us.

As he turned a full face toward me I was still more puzzled. He had a face I should never forget, but had great difficulty in recalling where I had seen it before. A bushy head of gray hair, heavy overhanging gray eyebrows, a gray moustache, two deep-set eyes that sparkled maliciously—a daring head, a thinker's head, a military head.

After the usual commonplaces in English—he spoke perfect English—our conversation turned to Mexican politics and revolutions—dangerous subjects. We got on the subject of the bandit, Francisco Villa, among other things. My acquaintance began to philosophize.

"Villa!" he exclaimed. "I know him well—an admirable outlaw. He keeps us Americans guessing, doesn't he?"

"Us Americans?" I asked. "Are you an American?"

"I was once," he replied, tossing away another brandy and smacking his lips, his eyes, for a moment, reminiscing on the ceiling. "But speaking of outlaws—all mankind really loves them. It is the homage that Intelligence pays to Instinct. It is the a bas chapeaux of a world of civilized and etiolated tradesmen, politicians and sweat-shop toilers before First Principles. Every nation secretly brags of its pet outlaw. A nation without its legendary bandit does not exist. If, as in Greece, one cannot be remembered offhand, then outlaws are invented by the hungry imagination. They are called gods.

"All crimes are permitted outlaws and gods. They idealize our love for Original Sin. They are the incarnations of our private dreams of unlimited freedom and power. They typify our aspiration toward Liberty. Captain Kidd, Paul Jones, Jesse James, Jack Cade, Robin Hood, Don Juan, Claude Duval, Jeremy Diddler, Dick Turpin, Autolycus, Robert Macaire,
Musolino, Jack Sheppard—names that will outlive in legend and song all the fireside names of the moment. And Verlaine, Villon and Poe are remembered by the masses because of their escapades, not because they sang with the stars and carried the rainbow in their brains.

“Lucifer in his maniacal rage at the dull philistinism of the Overworld struck the walls of space with his mighty fist in his flight downward, and the blow gave birth to Cain, the first outlaw, whose progeny has been myriad. Francisco Villa is the last of these Playboys of Blood and Iron. He has not pulled off his trick; hence there is a price on his head. Had he put it over on Mexico he might have been a Charlemagne or a Bismarck. For a bandit is a founder of an empire who has lost.

“I had an interview with Villa in an old house near Chihuahua last August. This house he called his palace. It took place at night—a night of that marvelous Mexican full moon, a veritable midnight sun in those sub-tropical latitudes. Through ravines and passes and to the hum of a hundred signals and passwords I arrived at the palace, accompanied by four of Villa’s most trusted soldiers. His three young sons—all of whom will, when we have passed away, lay siege to Chihuahua and Torreon, I am sure—greeted me at the door. In his combination office and bedroom sat, in a big wicker chair, Panaho the Beloved.

“A taking face if you peel off your Anglo-Saxon prejudices for the nonce. A face cooked in all the stoves of passion. Mulish ears? Yes—they fairly kicked. Eyes that gargled with laughter. A huge mouth in whose corners lurked the tremendous energy of corrupt things. Jaws that were the iron ventricles of a great will. A squat nose that overflowed onto his cheeks. A low, broad forehead like a slab of crumpled copper. This head was the doorknob to his soul; a gargoyle carved by a satyr.

“I have never talked with a frakner, a more childlike person than this far-famed raider. Like all great criminals—as the world has it—he is a prohibitionist and austere to the point of puritanism. Those who forego the human vices indulge in the inhuman ones. Villa is a soul, unmoral, religious, and believes he has a mission other than movie profits. He will never grow up into a civilized being. He is the Peter Pan of outlaws.

“‘Senor,’ I began in my best Spanish, ‘will you tell the American people something about the ideals you are fighting for?’

“‘I have always desired to do so,’ twinkled back the voice of Pancho, ‘but I have been so utterly misrepresented by your press that I had quite given up the idea of ever being really reported right.

“‘I am hailed as a bandit, a murderer, a plunderer—Dios knows what! Well, maybe I am. Your values are not my values. Good and evil—I do not know the meaning of those words. No man does who has been given by Destiny some great work to do. I am a superman, a victim of the Ideal, a being who is trying to translate the vengeance of the Mexican slave into acts. Compare me if you will to Catalina, Robespierre, Marat, Masaniello—I care not.

“‘I am the voice of unspoken Mexico, and if my names are not nice and my methods are not to be found in your army and navy regulations that is not my fault. Civilized warfare—I do not understand that. I kill first, then sign treaties afterward. Pah! You hypocrites of European extraction up there! Why, I have more justification—if I sought such a ridiculous thing—for what I am doing than your own Jesse James or your late Colonel Mosby or the voice that ordered On to Liege!’

“Pancho still kept that mysterious smile on his face while he raved—or made believe to. His body shook gelatinously and he kicked the air as though it had been the body of Veneustiano Carranza.
"Well, I have my culture, too, as you call it. Kultur a la Mexique. Ha! You snicker!" continued Villa, his eyes fanned into a gentle summer glow.

"What do you snicker at? Mexico is older than the United States and older than many European countries. Do you think there is no culture here? —culture in its deep, broad, basic sense —Kultur? We are an old and buried civilization, a Pompeii of ancient dreams and manners. I fight to revive old Mexico, buried in the depth of these millions of peons.

"America, France, England, and Germany have sought to impose their cultures on us through the channels of commercialism, just as our ancient enemy, Spain, did. They have bought us, from our Presidents down, and even now there rules the land a self-styled First Chief who is European.

"I am the ghost of ancient Mexico. I am Francisco Villa, the avatar of the ancient civilization of Aztec and Inca. I war against all foreign and superimposed influences in the name of my people. And they follow me and die for me because I call to them in the name of that ancient Mexico that your oil kings and copper kings and our amorphous Indian-Spanish-French politicians have sought to destroy and deny.

"I have no use for your civilization. It reeks of hypocritical respectability and cowardice and ease and luxury. My soldiers have their dream—and loot. And if I am killed tomorrow another will rise to take my place. I am the John Brown of the Mexican Restoration. And am I bathed in blood? Well, so are you and every soul on the planet. Blood is the nectar of the strong man.'

"Still that smile. And I thought of Victor Hugo's Man who Laughs. Had that smile been sculpt there by one of those frightful Aztec gods so that he could sneer through the face of Villa at Modernity?

"If I ruled Mexico,' went on the self-styled avatar, 'I should give it to the poor, and slay all her enemies. You see I am a patriot—not the mountebank, the poor little shrunken thing you call a patriot in your country. I do not read Declarations of Independence in a top hat from a legislative hall built of graft and stupidity, but I enact them. I have a private Magna Charta of my own, not written with a pen, but with a sword. I am not a business man, but a looter. In the words of Kipling, What I want I go and take. I am the last word in primitive idealism, which works, like all things, in strange and wondrous ways—at least to your over-intellectualized brains. There will be peace in Mexico when I say so, for I am Mexico.'

"The smile, which still hovered on his face like the light of sinister moons on frozen pools, was getting on my nerves. I backed out, bowing lowly, making many excuses, thanking this fascinating and philosophical Attila for the time granted me.'

After my acquaintance had finished this extraordinary story—whether pure brandy fiction or not I shall never know—a sort of panic seemed to seize him. He rapped nervously for the waiter, paid his check hurriedly after fumbling around in some old papers which he had pulled out of his pocket and from which he drew a twenty peso note. He did not stop for the change, but strode toward the door, and without even a buenos noches went into the night.

As I sat looking at his disappearing form with my eyes wide open, his face, his form, his voice—silken, sad but certain—scratching at the tomb of some subconscious memory there drifted across the field of my vision something white that he had left on the bench where he sat.

I picked it up. It was an old and faded piece of paper creased to flimsiness. On the back was written in ink that was yellow, "A. B., Bohemian Club, San Francisco."

Dios! Everything came back into my brain with a terrific shock.

Was "A. B." Ambrose Bierce, and had I been listening to his last and most colossal cynicism?
Catastrophe

By Lew Tennant

I

The man sat staring at an evening newspaper. Dinner lay untouched before him on the massive table respondent in silver and napery. The headlines in the paper screamed the story of the man's failure. Yesterday he had been a millionaire; today he was a bankrupt. Yesterday he had been spoken of as a Presidential possibility; today he was called a broken gambler. With the loss of his fortune had come the loss of his political aspirations and his good name. But the man was a good loser. He lit a Corona-Corona and smiled. A servant entered and laid a telegram beside his plate.

II

Two hours later they found his lifeless body sprawled across his bed, a revolver still clutched in his yet warm fingers. On the floor was a crumpled yellow ball—the telegram. It was from his recently divorced wife. It read: "Have learned of your disaster. Cannot desert you now. Return to you at once."

Music

By Babette Deutsch

One I did not love
Spoke a lover's word.
Plucking of an iron string—
That was all I heard.

One I loved the more
As his love was less.
But the throb of ringing gongs
Was his quietness.

I was dear to one,
One to me was dear.
Only hushed hosannahs
Break the heart to hear.
The Gentle Assassin

(A One-Act Play)

By J. Kenyon Nicholson

PERSONS IN THE PLAY

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells, the matron
Judy, the maid
Roscoe Tinkham, the huntsman

Scene: Mrs. Malloughby-Wells' kitchen. Time: This Spring.

When you look at the shining walls and spotless floor, bleached white by vigorous scrubbing, it makes you think of Gold Dust and housemaid's knee. The nickel about the small gas range glistens like a new pair of patent leathers. At the back there is an enamelled sink with the conventional hot and cold water faucets above. Beneath the draining-board can be seen laundry tubs. Near the door leading into the dining-room is a speaking-tube, looking like nothing so much as an emaciated elephant's trunk sticking out of the wall. Not far from the refrigerator is a commode with tiny leaded-glass doors through which peep imported china. Tastefully hung about the stove are waffle-irons, skillets, saucepans, and other culinary impedimenta. In a word, the room possesses none of the adolescence of a kitchenette, but is a full-fledged kitchen.

It is early afternoon, or it would seem so, for Judy is just finishing the luncheon dishes. She is not the comic supplement kind of maid that you can get by the dozen at any employment agency. She is very easy to look at, this Judy, with her frizzly red hair and complexion like a talcum powder advertisement. You know at once that she is on first-rate terms with the butcher-boy and iceman.

As she is working, she happens to glance down at the floor. She jumps forward and steps viciously on something that seems to be crawling toward the ice-box.

Just then the whistle in the speaking-tube blows impatiently.

Judy dries her hands leisurely upon her apron and goes to the contrivance, taking up the elephant's trunk. It is Mrs. Malloughby-Wells.

Judy

Yes'm?. . . No'm, he ain't come yet
. . . I've only seen one roach since morning, and I made short work of him—he was making for the ice-box.
. . . Yes'm, I'll call you when he gets here.

(She has scarcely resumed her work when the tradesmen's doorbell rings. This time she does not stop to wipe her hands, but hurries to the door. Enter Roscoe Tinkham. He is an agreeable looking somebody wearing an army issue overcoat and a slouch hat. In his
hand he carries a worn black satchel. He removes his hat and stands staring at Judy, somewhat embarrassed.)

Roscoe
Why, hello—I didn’t expect to see you. Is—is this where Mrs. Wells lives?

Judy
(Looking hard at the satchel.) Yes, You came to—?

Roscoe
(Sheepishly.) Yes. I gave you a bum steer about myself the other night. I’m the vermin exterminator.

Judy
(Indignantly.) Well, why did you pull that line about being an insurance agent to me when all the time you was in this business.

Roscoe
(Pleadingly.) Aw, listen, Judy, I’d had experience before telling girls what I did for a living, and they’d always give me the gate. As if I carried the bugs around with me!

Judy
(To no one in particular.) Can you beat it?

Roscoe
(Putting down his bag and removing his overcoat.) You don’t know what a nice, clean, paying job this is. I don’t cater to a bunch of hooligans.

Judy
Oh, I don’t care—it’s just the idea of it—it makes me feel all crawly.

Roscoe
Gosh, you don’t know what that word means till you’ve been in the army and had cooties.

Judy
Roach exterminating isn’t refined and you know it!

Roscoe
Rats! Just lamp this list of people. (He thumbs the pages of his notebook.) The Hamiltons, the Livermores, Judge Holman’s mansion, T. J. Hartzberg of Hartzberg and Reiman. They’re all my clients, and millionaires to boot. They live right here on Park Avenue, too.

Judy
(Impressed, but still up-stage.) I don’t see that it makes matters any better between us.

Roscoe
It’s an honest profession, ain’t it?

Judy
So’s being a “white wing” honest, for all that.

Roscoe
(Pained at the comparison.) All right, all right, you girls nowadays won’t look at a fella without a white-collar job. Lord knows they don’t make enough to show you a good time.

Judy
Well, Mr. Tinkham, I’ll pick my gentleman friends where I choose.

Roscoe
This kind of argument won’t get us anywhere—what kind of vermin has Mrs. Malloughby-Wells got?

Judy
She hasn’t got any kind, but her kitchen has got cockroaches.

Roscoe
(Waxing professional.) In treating the roach we have a new patented fumigating process called AA1, that we guarantee. It will not only get the roach, but will also kill any other house­hold pest such as mice, rats, Croton bugs as well.
Judy

(Becoming interested.) Is it dangerous to have about?

Roscoe

Well, I should say it is! Why, in Manhattan alone last year forty people were dead from it.

Judy

(Hastily.) Oh, I don't think Mrs. Malloughby-Wells would want you to use it.

Roscoe

It is perfectly safe in the hands of an expert. I've been operating with it for six months now, and never even lost a housecat. (He opens his bag and extracts a large red can.) This is the stuff to give 'em!

Judy

(Looking anxiously about her beautiful kitchen.) Does it muss up things much?

Roscoe

Not at all. I light this can when I'm ready, up comes a cloud of smoke, and after four hours I put on my gas mask, run in and put up the windows, and in ten minutes you can be back getting supper.

(He takes a large wad of putty out of the bag and begins to knead it.)

Judy

(Seeing the putty.) (Looking anxiously about her beautiful kitchen.) Does it mess up things much?

Roscoe

Not at all. I light this can when I'm ready, up comes a cloud of smoke, and after four hours I put on my gas mask, run in and put up the windows, and in ten minutes you can be back getting supper.

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(He takes a large wad of putty out of the bag and begins to knead it.)
Roscoe
Madame, I am merely preparing the room. The fumigation will do the rest.
(Roscoe's attitude has changed; he realizes that he has an audience to play up to now.)

Judy
He says that it isn't a bit dangerous in his hands.

Roscoe
She is right—you need have no fear, Madame.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
But how does it act?

Roscoe
The poisonous fumes go in the holes where the cockroaches are, and it drives them out into the open where they fall in their tracks.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
You don't tell me!

Roscoe
I do. And then all you have to do when I unseal the room is to sweep them up on a dust pan.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
(Shuddering.) How mortifying it is! Who would ever thought that my house should have vermin.

Roscoe
Why, Madame, it's no disgrace to have bugs in a big city like New York. When you have people living on top of you, underneath you, and alongside of you so close and all, what else can you expect?

Judy
You'd be surprised if he showed you the list of folks he's done for.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
But it's so humiliating—

(Roscoe continues to talk as he fills the cracks about the window casings with putty.)

Roscoe
Women are always ashamed of it. I went to one apartment not two weeks ago where a lady was having a tea. The maid didn't know any better and took me right in where the company was. The hostess turned all colours when I told her who I was, and said that I had got into the wrong house by mistake. And the funny thing was that four of the women present I recognized as regular clients of mine... It happens like that sometimes.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
I've always been so careful to keep things clean, too. (Judy will attest to this last statement.)

Roscoe
Oh, it isn't that—but you can't fight nature, madame.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
(With an air of confession.) I was never afflicted except one other time—it was shortly after Mr. Malloughby's death, and I had gone down to Cannes to recuperate—it was in the Hotel Angletterre. And, my dear, I found the place infested with sand fleas. I shall never forget it... never!
(She fans herself with as much as she can spare of the negligée.)

Roscoe
(Confidently.) Yes, I guess that little drawback goes with the Côte d'Azur. Now there's a country for bugs for you! And the worst of it is that the natives do nothing about it.
(The talk of bugs seems to have set Judy's back to itching; she surreptitiously scratches herself. Nevertheless, the discussion intrigues her.)

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
(Warming.) Ah, then, you know your Southern France, Mr.—Mr.—

Roscoe
Tinkham, Madame. Yes, I must say
I have played about on the Riviera. It was hard to leave when the time came.

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
One always does hate to leave, no matter how long one stays. There is no resort like it, the effusions of Californians to the contrary.

Roscoe
(Sincerely.) It’s the nearest to heaven I’ve ever been.

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
Its perpetual sunshine, the lovely mountains, the rose-clad villas, the blue Mediterranean—

Roscoe
(Continuing quite in key.) Yes, and the promenades, the gambling casinos, the beautiful women . . .

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
When I was in Nice I stayed at the Hotel Negresco along the boardwalk—

Roscoe
Oh, do you know the Negresco? Why, I stop there! I’ve had the same suite for years. Perhaps you remember the maître d’hôtel, Achille?

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
Bien sûr—he was always so polite to me.

Roscoe
Achille sent me a carte postal the other day, saying, “Nice is not the same since you Americans partied.”

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
Fancy that!

Roscoe
(Dishing up the bromide.) The world is a small place after all.

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
Shall you ever forget the gorgeous sunsets looking down the plage across the Baie des Anges from Beausoleil. . . . Quel tableau exquis!

Roscoe
(By way of letting her know that he does not miff her French.) Yes, it is a great picture.

(They both seem quite carried away by their memories. Cockroaches are now indeed for away.)

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
I must tell you of an interesting experience I had on the Riviera. One day we took a fiacre and started off to Monte Carlo. As we were going up a hill just beyond Cap Ferrat, one of the wheels of our vehicle came off. It was almost at the gate of President Poincaré’s villa. He, with the courtesy so innate in every Frenchman, invited us in for tea, until the repairs could be made.

Roscoe
Why, I was there for tea, too! It was at the time that Pershing was in Nice. Several of us doughboys were invited to Poincaré’s as the General’s body-guard.

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
Oh, you were in the army?

Roscoe
Yes, ma’am. I spent my furlough—

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
You boys must have had a delightful time, vraiment.

Roscoe
Oh, oui, I haven’t any kick coming from Uncle Sam. That one trip south was worth going to war for.

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
Did you, Mr. Tinkham, by any chance, visit the village of La Turbie?

Roscoe
That’s the town up just above Mentone?

Mrs. Mallowby-Wells
(Closes her eyes.) Yes, there it lies nestled on the crest of the Alpes-Maritime along the great Corniche Road. In les faubourgs, you will recall, are the ruins of the Augustan temple along the Aurelian way.
I do remember it now. That was the place where the Y. M. C. A. guide told us to look way out across the water to the southeast and we could see the Island of Corsica. A great sight that was!

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
Oh, you must be mistaken. It couldn't have been Corsica you saw—impossible.

Roscoe
Madame, begging your pardon, I'm sure I saw Corsica from up there.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
Why, my dear man, you couldn't have—possibly. Corsica is miles and miles out in the sea. I've gone there by steamer.

Roscoe
But, Madame—

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
(Becoming a little irritated.) There's no use to argue, Mr. Tinkham; it's preposterous.

Roscoe
(Brusquely.) I know what I saw out there, and it was Corsica.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
Oh, no, no. I know my Riviera too well. Corsica...it's geographically impossible.

Roscoe
(Sullenly.) Well, I'm going to look it up when I get back to the shop.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
(With the air of making a great concession.) To satisfy you I can look it up right here and now.

Roscoe
I wish you would, madame. I know I'm right.

Mrs. Malloughby-Wells
I've my Baedeker in the library...Corsica from La Turbie! Why, it would take the eye of a Cyclops!

(She gives a snorting laugh as she bustles out of the kitchen.)

Roscoe
(Judy has been out of the picture for some time. She feels as if she has been attending a Burton Holmes. Roscoe has risen several degrees in her estimation.)

Judy
Now, you've done it. (Then in a stage whisper.) What did she say about the cycle cops?

Roscoe
Well, I'm not going to let her talk me down.

Judy
But, you ought to agree with her. I always do—it's the only way to get along with the people you work for.

Roscoe
(Muttering.) I wish I'd bet her she was wrong...women are always so sure of themselves.

(Although he is agitated he goes back to finish putting the cracks.)

Judy
(Loyally.) I've never seen Mrs. Malloughby-Wells wrong yet.

Roscoe
(Reverting to doughboy tactics.) What'll you bet she's right?

Judy
(Interestedly.) What'll you bet me?

Roscoe
(With a bright idea.) I'll bet you the date you had with me tonight.

Judy
If you're right you mean I go out with you tonight?

Roscoe
Are you on?

Judy
I feel pretty safe.

Roscoe
Shake on it!

(They solemnly perform the ritual denoting good faith.)
Roscoe

If you lose you are to meet me near the big potted palm in the corridor at eight-thirty.

(The whistle in the speaking tube blows fretfully.)

Judy

There she is—now we'll see who's right. (She takes up the elephant's trunk eagerly.) Yes'm... I'm to repeat what you read to me word for word?... Yes'm... It's from Baedeker... "La Turbie is curiously situated... upon the top of conglomerated rocks... with an interesting Roman ruin... period... On a clear day... the Island of Corsica... can be seen... like a jewel... set far out in the azure Mediterranean"... Yes'm... to beg his pardon?... Yes'm. (She turns to Roscoe.) Did you hear? She said can be seen.

Roscoe

(Trying hard not to crow over his victory.) Well, what do you suppose I've got eyes for if I couldn't see Corsica? I was a crack-shot in the army.

(Judy does not seem much depressed over losing the bet.)

Judy

(Coyly.) Well, I'm a good loser, especially since you're a good dancer.

Roscoe

I must finish this job and hurry into my glad rags... Traveling does a great thing for a fella.

(The room is now ready for the final operation. Roscoe places the can in the middle of the floor, beckons Judy toward the door. Stooping over he lights the can of disinfectant, causing a thick yellow smoke to arise. The two go out hurriedly... The deadly fumes begin to permeate the lairs of the unsuspecting insects, bringing instant death to hundreds of lives.)

Slow Curtain

A

n optimist is one who chases dollars, women and rainbows. A pessimist is one who bandages him up and puts him to bed after the chase is over.

"T

HANK heavens!" said the bride after the wedding ceremony. "I can again speak freely."

T

HE pleasantest way is to kiss a girl with her approval but without her consent.
Tone Poem

By Nicholas Kenyon

As the great conductor tapped his baton the vast audience hushed its babble.

The long-heralded Symphony of the Sea begins.

Preceded by a subdued roll of kettle drums, the oceanic theme is announced *fortissimo* by the strings and wood-wind. Then, the delicate foreshadowing of the storm is suggested: the interlacing of a rapid passage in semiquavers with the main *motif*. The wind is introduced by the horns in a harsh, angry counter-melody. Presently the key changes to C minor . . . the storm breaks in all its violence. Every instrument blares forth with hellish fury toward a gigantic crescendo. Pandemonium. Suddenly, without warning, the sublime discord stops short, prior to the final theme. From the fourth row comes a loud feminine voice: "... we always fry ours in butter. . . ."

Country Nocturne

By John McClure

Wakeful beneath the crisp, clean sheet,  
Fanned by the midnight breeze, I lie  
And listen to the rhythmic beat  
Of nature's midnight minstrelsy.

The great trees thrill with crickets; frogs  
Croak from the pond with blinking eyes;  
Cocks wake and bluster; lonely dogs  
Bark fierce defiance at the skies;

A night-owl hoots his ghostly call—  
I lie in childish fright once more.  
*How real the world is, after all!*  
I had not known before.
The Wife Who Needed Two Chairs

By Walter McLaren Imrie

I

"Pig!" muttered old Chamard.
The door of his cottage slammed behind him.

In his garden, all was quiet and serene as usual. A few forlorn poppies struggled bravely for life beside the broken pickets of the fence. In the early summer, there had been nasturtiums along the walk which led from the broken gate to the door, but now they were overrun with sorrel and rank grass, and only a few straggling leaves bore present witness to their once having flourished there.

Mew-mew, the cat, sunned herself on the fence, and gravely washed her face.

The old man looked about him, disconsolately. The place was certainly running down. He must get a few nails and a hammer, some day, when he thought about it, and fix up the fallen pickets in that fence. And the roof!—well, he admitted to himself that it was not what it had been in years gone by. Perhaps, when it rained, it did leak a bit, here and there; but, mon Dieu, he was an old man now, and what could God expect, when a man was hampered and hindered by such a wife?

"Pig!" he muttered again.

He would not look behind him, for he knew that she was there, at the window, forever spying upon him through the curtains. Would she ever die? Hope, long delayed, brings lessening comfort to the human heart, and all the world knew that he, Chamard, had waited patiently for years.

Mew-mew gave her face a final vigorous rub, and jumped off the fence.

Before the old man's eyes lay the winding Tadoussac road. From end to end, it seemed deserted, except that in the distance he could see the village priest coming out of the Post Office. Apparently the mail had come in. He might as well go along that way, and see if Simpson's had sent that catalogue yet. He hadn't anything to do in particular—hadn't had for years; although, sometimes, while the season was on, he would hitch up the horse, and drive down to the dock when the Quebec boat came in, hoping to pick up a fare or get a commission of some sort that would bring in a little money. But he was an old man now—sixty-six—and nom de Dieu!—with such a wife, what could one expect?

The steps of Pierre Cid's general store were deserted, save for the proprietor himself, his wife, and five of their children. Pierre Cid was sunning himself, his arm-chair tipped back against the store front.

"Well, Mathieu, how is she?"

Chamard spat, and wiped his mouth with the back of his right hand—thus.

"Oh—no worse—always the same. She sits, and sits, and Verge!—she grows fat. Pretty soon she need two chairs."

"So? What you do then?"

"M'sieu le medecin he come—what you call him—tap her again, and then I wait, and wait, some more."
The merchant's face expressed ineffable pity.

Madame Cid adjusted her somewhat faded black straw hat, and nodded sorrowfully.

"Yes, your Céleste, she very good woman. *M'sieu le curé,* he tell me himself she have patience of saint. May le bon Dieu receive her spirit!"

"Soon!" echoed Chamard, under his breath.

Madame Cid wiped a furtive tear from her dark eyes, and cast a fatuous glance upon her represented offspring.

"How many your Céleste she lose, m'sieu?"

"Ten," grunted Chamard, dispensatively.

"Dieu—what luck! Me, I have fifteen; seven, she die. But Cid, he say Enough!—so we make ourself content."

The afflicted Chamard gazed up the road.

In the distance, Doctor Lapointe had just come out of his house, and was slowly approaching them. He carried a small black leather bag, much used, and scuffed at the corners.

"Look!" said Chamard; "he come each day for five year now, for see my wife; and, *Dieu,* today she just the same as five year ago. *Vraiment,* I believe she never die—that woman!"

The group bowed gravely to the doctor as he passed. Next to the priest, Doctor Lapointe was probably the most respected man in Tadoussac. Despite increasing years, he was still a noble figure. From beneath a nondescript hat, which probably at one time had been a bowler, a wisp of silver-gray hair straggled down over his left eye. He was above the average height, and walked erect, with a slow and meditative step. His glance was piercingly direct, and when provoked, his blue eyes blazed with an almost youthful energy. He had never been seen without a frock-coat, albeit seedy, and a walking-stick.

Withal, he had an "air." He was the village doctor, and the village knew it. Many of the habitants knew also, that behind those stern eyes lay infinite depths of pity, and in many an uncouth heart he was remembered and revered.

II

When he came to the Chamard cottage—which was not far down the road—Doctor Lapointe met the wife of Narcisse Coté coming out of the gate. She was an old woman now, bent and toothless, but in his youth, he had admired her. Some folks with idle tongues went so far as to say that he had never married because she had refused him, when they were boy and girl together; but, be that as it may, she had made a bad bargain when she married her Narcisse.

In his youth, he had been handsome, this Narcisse; a wild, reckless fellow, strong as a lion, and with a dazzling smile. He drifted into Tadoussac one Spring, from up St. Margarite way, when the lumber mills were slack, and there was no work to be had. Poor little Marie had seen him, and forthwith, her cousin, Pierre Lapointe, was forgotten. He had a delicate way with women, this Narcisse.

In the Autumn, she married him—none too soon, some said; but at any rate, her father set them up, and for a time, they were happy. Then Narcisse took to drink, and developed fits of sullen temper. The baby—a little girl—had died, years ago, of small-pox.

"Well, Marie, how is she?" Doctor Lapointe lingered a moment at the gate.

"Ah, the same, Pierre! She only cry and wring her hands. You know, she love him yet, even though he use her like dog. Today, he curse her because she so big and fat, and call her 'Pig!'—What you think? I hear it all from my window, and *mon Dieu,* how he make me hate him—that man! Why, my Narcisse, he gentle cow beside him!"

The doctor smiled tolerantly, and passed on through the garden to the house.

Céleste Chamard sat in her chair by the window. At her feet lay Mewmew, purring loudly, her eyes half-
open. The late afternoon sun threw a solitary bar of light across the otherwise gloomy room.

Truly, she was monstrous—this woman Chamard. What beauty she had known in her youth, no man could say, for now her features were lost in great, pendulous folds of flesh, and her small eyes looked smaller by contrast. Her hair had been clipped, and, tinged with gray, hung dismally about her face. In her lap, her great hands lay folded idly, and except for the continual tapping of one foot on the bare boards of the floor, her body was perfectly motionless. About her, a faded gray wrapper strained at each button and safety pin, and her huge limbs, bent at the knees, were wedged firmly in her chair.

For five years, Céleste Chamard had been dying of dropsy. Why she was still alive, nobody knew—least of all, herself. Regularly, month after month, she had been tapped; yet she only grew big again, and flourished. No man could guess her weight; she was mountainous.

She had not left her chair, now, except to be helped in and out of bed, for some two years, and her one remaining solace in life was the prospect of the village road that her window afforded her. Each day, the wife of Narcisse Coté came to sit with her; each day the doctor made his visit, and each day her husband prayed that she might die. Such was the life of Céleste Chamard.

"Well, my poor Céleste, how goes it?" Doctor Lapointe lifted one of the great paws in his, and patted it gently. "Dieu, dear friend, always the same. So long I live, he will scowl, and say unpleasant thing. If only I could get used to him—this name 'Pig'—but somehow he hurt right here"—and she lifted her flabby hand to her heart. "You know, once he love me, and it is so hard, so hard!"

Doctor Lapointe stroked the cropped head, soothingly. "You must not mind, my dear; it is his way. Le bon Dieu will send the light to him yet, and then he will be tender of his Céleste, and we will all be happy."

"Now"—the great woman shook her head—"non—he never change. I am no longer young girl—strong, good for work and raise family. I am only nuisance, and not good for look at. He has change, my Chamard—he has change."

And a sigh escaped the heavy, shapeless lips.

III

A few days later, old Chamard wrote a letter. It took him an entire evening, and he was sorely taxed by the effort. He had thought it all over carefully, however, and it was the only thing to do. Had not La Presse itself said that price of lumber was going up? He did not claim to be a reading man, but he had at least seen that; and was it not right that he—a poor man—should buy now, and save whatever increase there might be? Then, too, the winter was coming on, and the boats would not be able to carry freight much longer. Surely, she would not last till Spring!

So, the next morning, having dressed himself with proper care, he presented himself at La Banque Nationale. There he withdrew a certain sum, and having several times recounted the money, enclosed it in his letter. He then sealed the envelope. It was a serious matter, and Mathieu Chamard was not the man to be hurried.

At the Post Office, he duly registered the letter, impressing upon Madame, as he handed it to her, the gravity of its contents.

"Today, Madame, I send to Quebec this letter. I have calculated her dimensions—her height, her length, her breadth. In short, Madame, today I order the coffin for my wife. It will be very beautiful—black, with fine imitation silver handles."

The old man beamed with a subdued pride. "I am spending much money on her—thirty-five dollars, not counting the
THE WIFE WHO NEEDED TWO CHAIRS

freight. It is enough, Madame, for a poor man."
The news spread like wildfire through Tadoussac that the wife of old Chamard was dead. When this report was found to be exaggerated, the village contented itself with the fact that she must at least be dying. Was her coffin not ordered? Was it not already on the way?

Many of the townspeople called upon Céleste that afternoon to pay their last respects. Those who were not well enough to come in the afternoon came at night. Many of the visitors had not previously been near the afflicted woman for years.

At both the afternoon and the evening gathering, old Chamard presided like an avenging deity. Each knock at the door brought a stimulating glow of happiness to his heart; each face was but another corroboration of the certainty of his long-delayed bereavement. She could not very well refuse to die, now that he had hinted so subtly, and to all the world, that she had been too long about it.

The huge woman was at first in a quandary to explain this sudden popularity that she had apparently achieved. Why should all these people start turning in at her Chamard’s broken gate, when they had left her alone so long? Their gentleness, their tears, their holiday appearance mystified her.

Intuition, at length, gave the poor woman an inkling of the truth; they thought she was about to die, and they were coming to satisfy their curiosity. This discovery stabbed her to the heart. Was she so bad, after all, then?

She got up slowly from her chair, and staggered ponderously across the floor. It brought her high courage to find that she could still do this. Mon Dieu! She had not stood alone for two years now! Then she was not going to die, and it was all a horrible mistake. But how had this notion first got into their heads—these silly people? She would send for the wife of Narcisse Côté.

"Marie, she know everything," she said to herself; "she will tell me."

Madame Chamard was not far wrong. Marie did know, and was not loath to share her knowledge with another.

"It is that snake of a Chamard, I tell you! I spit on him! Yesterday, he has write letter; he tell everyone! Mon Dieu!—they all come to me and say, ‘Poor Chamard! How long his wife she been dead?’ At first, I do not understand, and then I ask questions—many, many questions. He is reptile, I tell you! He has send to Quebec for coffin for you—do you hear me? Vierge, it is because of this!"

The monstrous figure in the chair collapsed.

The wife of Narcisse Côté stood over her, shaking with fury and a sense of outraged womanhood. It was a terrible moment.

Suddenly the afflicted woman dragged herself to her feet. A wave of shame, of horror, of hatred swept across her face. She clutched her friend by the shoulder and shook her like a rat. Then a torrent poured from her great, shapeless mouth—recrimination, renunciation, words of horrible blasphemy.

Sacré Dieu! I will show him—if that is the way he thank me! For years and years, Marie, I slave for him—I work like dog. Always he drive, and drive, and drive. When I am with child, he kick me, once. That is for why I am like this—great mountain of fat. May le bon Dieu cast him out like leper. Always he call me ‘Pig’; it is Chamard who is pig. I have been good woman, Marie; I have work, I have pray, I have wish to die—because he no longer care. But now, now, I will not die; I will live, and wait, and wait . . . ."

IV

Some weeks later, when the "Murray Bay" unloaded a long pine-box on the Tadoussac wharf, Céleste Chamard was still waiting. The few villagers who had come down to the river to witness the arrival of the steamer viewed the strange freight with curious eyes. Old Morin, the freight agent, calmly surveyed it, entered it in his
book, on the “Inbound” page, and promptly forgot its existence.

For several days the pine-box lay unclaimed on the Tadoussac wharf. Journeying travelers found it a not-uncomfortable resting-place, and hauled it well out towards the edge of the pier, so that they might have a more commanding view of the river, and yet remain seated. The pine-box did not particularly object, nor yet when the youth of Tadoussac set worm-cans upon it, and fished from its height for Tommy-Cods in the deep-blue waters of the dock.

However, word finally reached Chamard that his wife’s coffin had arrived, and, before the eyes of the village, he brought it home one night, roped on behind him to the shallow deck of his light wagon.

Slowly, and with a proper dignity, he climbed from his seat, and swung wide the gate of the garden; slowly he drove around to the kitchen door, and there, with the help of his neighbour, Narcisse Coté, he finally deposited his melancholy freight.

That night the two old men, being somewhat after the fashion of weather prophets in their way, viewed with distress the gathering clouds over the Saguenay Mountains, and because of the position of the moon at that time, decided between themselves that there would follow three days of fog and rain. Of course, it was not to be expected that so precious an object as the future repository of Madame Chamard’s mortal remains could be allowed to lie by the door, exposed to the elements, and with only a shell of pine-wood, thin at that, to protect it from the wind and rain and damp. So, between them, wheezing and coughing as they strained, the two neighbours dragged the box indoors, and, faint from their exertions, laid it lengthwise in a corner of the kitchen. There it would be kept dry by the heat of the stove, and no harm would come to it.

As the old men had prophesied, there now followed three days of steady rain. Great white banks of fog rolled in perpetually from the St. Lawrence. It was unbearable. Old Chamard rubbed his rheumatic shoulders, and wandered dismally about the house. His wife had nothing to say to him, and seemed absorbed in watching the growing puddles in the road. The kitchen was really the only place where one could be comfortable—so there he took up his quarters.

It was on the second day of bad weather that curiosity finally got the better of him. Why should he not see that this coffin was just what he had ordered? Perhaps he had been cheated; perhaps there was nothing in the box at all! Mathieu Chamard had a wholesome lack of faith in the honesty of city-folk; so he called in his friend, Narcisse Coté, and, with the help of a screw-driver, the two old habitants finally succeeded in freeing the lid of the box.

Great was the relief of Chamard when he beheld the coffin; surely he had made a good bargain, and he must follow the newspapers more carefully, after this. Many of the neighbours, hearing later from the lips of Narcisse Coté how truly beautiful a creation this coffin was, came in by the back door of the Chamard cottage to have a glimpse of it.

The old man exhibited his purchase with pride and authority. True, it was of an extraordinary shape—short, and very high, and bellowed out at the sides like a balloon; but that was necessary, of course, because of the unfortunate bulk of the future occupant.

Apart from this single blemish, all agreed that it was a masterpiece. There were handles of imitation silver, just as he had said there would be—elaborately carved—and on the lid there was a beautiful name-plate, ornamented with a garland of roses and lilies, in high relief. The old man remarked to the neighbours how nicely the two names—“Céleste Chamard”—would fill the space, and again all agreed. It was, indeed, a lovely coffin, and the fine satin lining quite took away the women’s breath.
The wife of Chamard, however, failed to enter with proper spirit into the general enthusiasm, and quietly refused to view her future repository when generously invited to do so by her husband. This was a great disappointment to him, as he coveted the pleasure of personally conducting her to the kitchen, and there, before the admiring neighbours, presenting her with this—his final token. Céleste would only reply to his importunings that it was good of him to think of her, but that she preferred to wait.

And she waited.

A year went by: the wife of Chamard still lived. People were losing interest now in her demise, and her coffin was no longer the shrine of curious pilgrims. In fact, old Chamard noticed with tears in his eyes that the beautiful handles were tarnishing—or was it the silver wearing off?—and that the black satin lining was fading, in streaks, where it was folded on the pillow. Ah! this was sad, very sad; but surely it could not be much longer that he would have to wait.

However, a second year passed, and still the dropsical woman lingered on, bed-ridden now, and more monstrous and helpless than ever. Of all the village, she alone seemed immune from change. There had been marriages, and births, and deaths;—even Narcisse Coté had elected to die one night, very quietly, in his bed, and without a word to anyone.

Thus it came about that the coffin found itself, day by day, more of a nuisance than a shrine. Only Mew-mew regarded it with tender eyes, having reared a litter of kittens, by great stealth, in its satiny depths.

A third year came, and old Chamard, growing more and more feeble, went out but seldom. He spent his days sitting listlessly at the window, now, where his wife had sat for so long, before she had taken to her bed, and with the same interest watched the unchanging prospect of the Tadoussac road.

It was a terrible winter—bitter cold—and over Lac Catellier the northwest winds soughed disdainfully. Some said there was much sickness about, but the old man did not know, for he never stirred from the house now, and only the daily visits of the doctor and the widow of Narcisse Coté, to his wife, broke the dull monotony.

Doctor Lapointe had grown much older in appearance, and did not carry himself so smartly now. Chamard inquired with clocklike regularity each day when he might expect his wife to die, but the doctor gave him little satisfaction. The old man did not like the doctor, nor did he like the Widow Coté, for that matter. He seldom spoke to her—she was so deaf; one had to shout to make her hear.

Then, one morning, old Chamard did not get up. His legs ached, and he thought his back was breaking. He was full of fever, too, and he could not open his eyes for pain.

When Doctor Lapointe called in the afternoon he found him thus: It was pneumonia, of course, and the Widow Coté was sent for, to come and watch him.

Fortunately for the Widow Coté, whose hatred was as strong as life itself, the old man was not to remain for long a festering thorn in her flesh. Forty-eight hours later he died, having received absolution from the priest, and taken his last dose of medicine from the bottle.

The Widow Coté pulled the clothes up over his face with a jerk, and hobbling into the next room, broke the news to the bed-ridden Céleste.

"La bon Dieu has heard our prayers, Céleste. We must make Him present." The Widow crackled with glee. "Your Chamard is dead—dead! We have cheat him—at his game! I spit on him—pfh!"

A low voice answered from the depths of the bed:

"It is good. Now I sleep. Send word to M'sieu le Médecin that le bon
THE WIFE WHO NEEDED TWO CHAIRS

I N EVER knew why women didn't smile at me on the Avenue as I passed them. I was promenading with Carringford one day. Often pretty girls who passed smiled at him.

"Why is it they won't smile at me?" I asked.

" Didn't you notice that I smiled at them first?" replied Carringford.

Smiles

By Dennison Varr

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"Why is it they won't smile at me?" I asked.

" Didn't you notice that I smiled at them first?" replied Carringford.

Hills

By Harrison Dowd

NIGHT unto night is added,
Morn unto morn.
Men on the earth forever
Die and are born.

Love unto love is added,
Hate upon hate,
Leaving thy peace forever
Inviolate.

BORROWERS are divided into two classes. Those who had no intention of paying back and those who had the intention at first.

WHEN a woman succeeds in business, it is usually a sign that she has failed in love.

S. Set—June—7
The Pool

By John Russell McCarthy

How can a man grow old
While the swimming pool
Lures like a watery heaven
Under the trees?

The years go counting themselves—
Inevitably—
Like an adding-machine—
One and one and one...

But how can a man grow old
While the diving board
Beckons—beckons—
To the thrill and cool joy
Under the trees?

The cares go counting themselves—
Inevitably—
Like an adding-machine—
Ten and ten and ten...

But what are cares in the splash of a dive?
And what are years in the clear water?
How can a man grow old
While the swimming pool
Lures like a watery heaven
Under the trees?

LONG engagements are much better than short ones. As long as they last there is still chance for escape.

IS she pretty? Other questions are superfluous.
Emancipation

By Edith Chapman

I

As Max Winthrop entered this drawing-room which he hadn’t stood inside of for three years, he threw around him a long, brooding glance. It was apparently as he had left it. Scantily furnished; long cool spaces between the tables and chairs; flowers in at least six places; informal chintz at the windows; the oval of Linda’s photograph on the same wall-space where it had always hung. Unobtrusive, delicate, it was still the room’s focal centre, after all these years. He walked slowly across the floor to it. His left foot dragged a little; his arms were behind him to hide from his own view the stump which was his right wrist.

He studied the lovely face idolatically, and then remembered with a pang that she too by this time would be three years older. What did three years do to a woman? Not the same surely as what they could do to a man, in the trenches, day in and day out under smoke and fire. They could turn a young man middle-aged ...

It was incredible that she had waited for him those three years. Waiting was so hideous! One heard one’s life dripping slowly; wasting away like water that runs from a leaking cup. And waiting, for a woman, must be doubly hideous. What had he done to deserve her loyalty? What had he ever given her but pain? How he had used to torture her!

He closed his eyes, and remembered their countless passionate colloquys in cafes and hotel lounges and theaters and deserted parks. In those days it had been he who was all for temporizing, for postponing. He had fought her off, cruelly and conscientiously, after the manner of very self-centred men. He had been bitter to her. The fact that he also tortured himself was nothing to the point. But in those days he had had his work, his art. That was changed now.

With a sharp gesture he swung his right arm forward to bring it within the range of his vision. He needed often to steel his nerves with a sight of that ugly stump. What would she say to it?

Even at that, the war had let him off easier than it had a good many. Only a slight limp and the right hand missing. That is, if one were to discount his genius which had also been cut off. Missing, one right hand; therefore, one artist.

A one-handed pianist might be a gruesome joke in a vaudeville show; but as an artist he had died as irreversibly as if he had died in France. It was singular that he could go on living so jauntily, breathing and laughing and eating and talking; knowing all the while that the valid part of him, the creator, was dead. For he hadn’t been able to force himself to compose anything since the power to play was gone. How could one compose without having beneath one’s fingers the feel of the keys? It wasn’t his mind, it was his fingers that had used to find those melodies which they were now making such a to-do over everywhere. They might have made it when it would have done...
him some good; not this sentimental post-mortem business.

_He could never play again._ Sometimes this thought screwed him down, like an actual physical weight, in the middle of one of his sleepless nights. All his years of work, his gradually developed technique, that touch of his—like velvet over iron—were worse than wasted. It would have been better if he had never played. Never again would he feel his arm muscles tightening way back to the shoulder for the attack; that sense of struggle and then of release as the tones came free; in their centre the sharp but calculated intoxication which he had learned so carefully how to produce; in moments of rare exaltation, that feeling, as of his actually riding the piano as one rides a horse, forcing it to rebellious obedience, controlling it . . . From now on his life would be the ordinary small change of mediocre moments. The big throbbing moments, whether of despair or of triumph, were over for good.

It was odd how little he seemed to care. Life was very agreeable, even in its less heroic aspects. He was awfully thankful to be alive.

He heard steps outside the room. He stood his ground squarely, the maimed arm in front of him, his eyes on the door.

II

Linda came all the distance of the long room to him, with eyes that could seem to stray no farther than his face. Her own was like a transparent glass, filled almost beyond the brim with a wine that seemed to overflow at her lips and in her tense gaze. Her still pallor was as always too concentrated. There was, to her brilliance, that old, agonizing quality which had used so to infuriate him. _How could one go on, day in day out, being so tense, and still live?_ "So you've come, Max?" was all she said.

She held out her hands to his and then, for the first time, remembered his bereavement. She touched the maimed arm tenderly, but with that bird-like, experimental swiftness which was a part of her avid and always active curiosity.

"It matters so little dear, in the face of what you have actually done. Out of your few years you managed to wring so much."

He shook his head. "I had hardly begun."

"And yet, Max, they are playing your things everywhere this winter. You are the rage; didn't you know? I was in New York only last week and Petrovski gave an entire program of those little songs you wrote for me in 1913. Do you remember?"

He smiled down at her. "Charity," he pronounced laconically.

But the old caustic bitterness, which she had learned to shrink from, was entirely absent from his voice.

He drew her to him with his left arm, and pushing back her hair kissed her passionately on her forehead and eyes and cheeks and lips.

"So you've waited, little girl, as you threatened to. Was it worth waiting for, this maimed, one-armed creature who has come back? Shall you repent your bargain?"

The oval of her face swam, as if under water, beneath the film of emotion which, while lighting it, blurred it. Everything about her seemed to ebb, except her violent eyes into which all the light and life of her gathered. They were, more than ever since he had known them, dark and dilated and painful with consciousness.

"Crazy little woman," he muttered. And then again, "Crazy little woman."

III

They were still sitting, an hour later, on the stiff, French divan which always used to stand opposite the piano. Looking for this latter object he for the first time missed it. How could he not have missed it before? It had been the most conspicuous and redundant feature of
this otherwise parsimonious room.

"But Linda, what have you done with it?" he asked her. "How could you ever get it through the door?"

Then, as her eyes followed his to the great empty space which she had tried to cover with a silly lacquer table, "I sold it, Max."

"How long ago?"

She hung her head. "A week ago."

"A week ago I wrote you I was coming. You sold it so that it shouldn't be here when I arrived. Isn't that it?"

"But, dear, what use was it to me? I never play. I only kept it for you..."

Her voice faltered in terror at her crudity of having so early and needlessly forced on him the sense of his loss. Her tongue was stupid today; she was too full of counter-groping perceptions; he was too inscrutable.

Again he smiled at her that foreign, gentle smile which she hadn't yet learned to gauge. Was it the most consummate cynicism; was it mockery; was it his desperate acquiescence?

"You needn't have; I don't mind. I think I should rather have liked to find it here... You could still have played it for me, sometimes."

"I?"

"Certainly. Why not?"

"I play to you!"

"Linda, don't you understand? I'm only a layman now. As an artist, I'm through, dear; finished."

"You can smile about it."

"Yes, I can smile. Be glad for that."

"But how can you?" She was always one to press a point; particularly one which hurt her.

He scowled as if, himself, sincerely puzzled by this same problem. "I don't know. I haven't figured it out yet. Whether this—this calm state of indifference is simply anaesthesia, whether the sense of loss is coming later, I can't make out. But so far I feel nothing; except, perhaps, relief."

"Relief?"

"I used, you know, to have to work so hard. Like a stoker, and worse, for my brain kept working too. Often ten hours a day at the piano. Or weeks, composing. Without much rest day or night. No respite. No lazy pleasure such as other men, even the hardest-working men, permit themselves. Even you were a torment then. My chief torment. Sometimes I hated you. That was when I wanted you most. You kept interfering; our love interfered. Everything seemed to be in league to interfere with me. Now nothing can interfere with anything. It's nice to be able just to loll in the sun, and to smoke, and to think... and to kiss you, my darling."

"Is that the relief?"

"I don't know," he repeated. Then in a deeper tone, "When will you marry me?"

"I'd marry you," she promised, "tomorrow, if you pressed it. But lacking that, I'll marry you as soon as you like."

IV

After he had left her, she sat on alone for sometime. She had so many things to think of. They had agreed at last that they were to be married. Or rather, he had agreed. It struck her as odd that she should be marrying again.

It was more than five years now since her husband had left her, and in that interval she had been living alone. A long, dreary stretch; but, after all, her way of life. She would never think of changing it, except for Max. It had done very well.

For five years she had loved Max Winthrop, and for over four he had known it. It had been a tense, tumultuous period, that last year before he had left for France. She couldn't easily think of it without a clutch of the old pain.

In those days his work had absorbed him; tyrannized over him; deformed him almost. Everything else had had to give way to it; she had had to give way. And it was strangest of all that, with no jealousy in her heart for that fetish of his, she had still never been able to
believe in it as he believed. It wasn't that she hadn't wanted to. She had, passionately; she had tried; but her lucidity, her absolute sincerity would not let her.

She hadn't been able to see him as a great artist, for all her loyalty and the evidence of his earnestness to the contrary. She had realized his tenacity, his power to immolate himself. For hadn't she been the closest witness to his ability to concentrate day in, day out; to travail as few are capable of doing for that technique, that control which, after all, he seemed never quite to achieve.

For all the integrity of his playing, its brilliance, its range of attack, its careful, painstaking restraint—it had never quite rounded the corner, swept free! It had never seemed quite to make the sparks fly, those sparks of genius, of divinity which, once recognizing, one can never mistake. He was an excellent executive; he was intelligent; he was subtle; he had the most sensitive and highly differentiated technique. But he wasn't a genius. He wasn't great.

His success hadn't been phenomenal either, considering his eight years of application. It was only in those last few months that he had managed to get even the three concert engagements in New York and Boston which had been finally accorded him. His own explanation of this sounded plausible: that in these days, money and pull were required to launch even the biggest of musical artists. Certainly he was right. And, moreover, he had got started. His songs had been played even in those days.

Now, as she had told him, they were a kind of rage. Almost every concert program had some of them. Everyone was pointing him out, almost tearfully, as that great genius whom the misfortunes of war had sardonically cut off from his inevitable fulfillment. If he had been underrated before, he was in danger of being overrated now. This she felt, in spite of all her tenderness for him, with a bitter pang. It was all very inexplicable.

She went back over some of those old, terrible times they had had together, in those days when he had been always fighting her.

"Can't you see, Linda, that I'm not a free agent? I have no right to love you. It takes time and strength. I can't afford that time. Whether you believe it or not, like it or not, you are my enemy."

Those bitter, endless discussions, for he had always come back to her, even then. His passion for her had been too strong for him quite to lose himself. It was on this she had based her most desperate hope. It had been a time of torture for them both.

And now it was over. Could it be that it was over? That they would actually shake down, in another six months or so, into the practical, domestic relationship which marriage implies? She had back one of her old, troubling visions of him, his curly head bent fanatically over the piano, his cruel, tenacious fingers worrying one little sector of notes until his eyes glazed, his whole body drooped from exhaustion. There followed the vision of him after one of his concerts; his rapt look, his eyes which failed to see her at all, to see anything; that habit he had, at such times, of lashing about the room for hours, talking to her even, yet never caring that she was there.

She had another vision of him at the close of one of those long, excruciating stretches when for days, perhaps eight, even ten, he had scarcely left his piano; scarcely eaten; scarcely slept; when, at the end, he had slunk to her, physically exhausted, spiritless, nervous to the point of insanity.

It was at such times that she had wanted most to believe in him, that she had yearned over him and despaired the most. She would never see him in any of those aspects again... It was very singular.

What would he do? She thought again of his face as it
had appeared to her that afternoon. So different! For all the thinness of it, the lines and dents with which the three years had marked it, tranquil as she had never seen it, dispassionate, happy. In place of the old fevered moodiness, a steady, sober, but not unjoyous assurance. And the fact that he wouldn't have minded a sight of the piano, and that he could speak of his affliction as relief!

What did it all mean? She could only wait and hope. Today she had seemed to have him at last. But she might easily lose him. She had lost him before. She couldn't feel convinced yet that his artist's spirit was really at peace.

The days wore on and this mood of incongruous tranquillity seemed still to brood over him. He was satisfied just to sit or walk with her. To waste whole afternoons, not to mention the evenings. To discuss little prosy details that formerly he would scarcely have been able to think of without an imperious resentment of impatience. He had even on one occasion, consented to play bridge!

They never argued now, or tormented each other. His high spirit never flagged as it once had; he was always quietly cheerful; there brooded now, even behind the saddest shadows of his changing expression, a steadfast, somber glow.

He was still a kind of sacred rage through the town. He was pointed out whenever he entered a theater or public place of any sort. He was made way for, and conceded to, and treated in all respects as the important artist that people seemed sincerely to believe he inevitably must have been had fate not thwarted him. And this adulation, which would once so have delighted him, seemed to leave him utterly unmoved. Nothing appeared of late to move him out of the circle of his serenity. Or was it cynicism? She wished she could make out, once and for all.

He even took her to the concerts where his things were being played, criticized them disinterestedly, on occasion made fun of them. She had never heard in his voice, in relation to himself, quite that detached note before.

They went to all sorts of musical affairs. Far from shunning these, as she had imagined that he would tend to do for several years at least, he seemed to take a keen pleasure in them. And the greater the artist, the more whole-souled and unreserved was his admiration. Could it be that he was holding back no slightest twinge of jealousy, no rebellion? This couldn't have been, four years previous, unhandicapped as he then had been.

At Rachmaninoff, for example, he would once have sat glum and silent, and have come out to lash himself to his piano stool in an agony of determination and despair. At this particular concert he veritably glowed with enthusiasm from the beginning of the program to the end. His expression reminded her of his former exultance after some particularly good performance of his own. Only now the satisfaction seemed deeper, the excitement less feverish and more fundamental. Had he actually succeeded in teaching himself, in those first hard months of his deprivation, to enjoy vicariously what he could no longer enjoy at first hand. Had he got to the point where, in sheer desperation, he could actually sink his own individuality, identify himself with another?

What was the secret of the change in him? Again and again she asked herself. Again and again she went to sleep at night, dreading to wake in the morning lest she find him changed back into the old enigmatic, temperamental fanatic at whose hand she used to suffer.

VI

On the afternoon before their wedding they sat together again in the familiar drawing-room. She looked very frail and exquisite in her narrow laverder gown. She had today, to a marked
degree, that fragile, glamorous quality which he claimed was her peculiar note.
Against the chill lavender of her dress, her pallor was more positive than ever, and more seductive. The pale, smooth gold of her hair was more than ever Medicean. There was a decadent charm to her long thin throat, her delicate ears and wrists and waist and ankles. He felt, for once, no inclination to touch her. She was like some rare and beautiful objet d'art which for the moment he desired simply to look at, to admire, and luxuriously to realize as being uniquely his.

“What shall you do?” she wondered.
“I keep speculating about that. Of course there’s plenty of money. Either one of us, without the other, would have enough. But what shall you do?”

His brows drew together in a contemplative scowl that was, however, very different from the old imperious frown.
“For a while I shall simply enjoy, Linda; take my shot at happiness. Do you realize how little I have had, so far? How little I have allowed myself?”

“Or any one else,” she muttered.
“Well, for the next year, then, we shall both try our luck. Shan’t we? We’ll travel and read and spend long hours just talking or thinking aloud. We’ll make a cult of our inclinations. We’ll listen to all the music our senses can hold, to the point of saturation if you like, and examine whatever strikes our eyes as beautiful. Which in my case will be, chiefly, you. We’ll taste and smell and feel and think and move and stand still with the object always of our greatest possible pleasure. In that way perhaps I can make up a little for what, in all the thirty-two years of my life, I’ve been content to miss.”

“Why did you miss it? You never needed to.”

“I thought I needed to.” He paused, and for a moment she feared that she saw the old subtle shadow creeping over his face and clouding it. But only for a moment. His gaze came back to rest on her, warm and immediate and reassuring.

“And after that?” she still wondered.
“After we have smelled and tasted and so on. What shall you do when we come home?”

“There will, more than ever, be you.”
“But aside from me . . .”
“I think,” and his mouth drooped whimsically while he crumpled a piece of paper in the long, thin fingers of his left hand, “I think I shall take a stab at the profession for which—about twelve years back—my father insisted on having me trained.”

“You—a lawyer!”
“I may make a good one, at least passable. Don’t be so incredulous. My father always thought I would. And he was right in one respect. He may very well prove to be in this.”

“In what respect was he right?” She tried not to tremble, not to exult prematurely in what she sensed, with all the intensity of her clutching eager intuitions, was coming.
“He knew and declared innumerable times that I hadn’t it in me to be an artist. A good craftsman perhaps, but never an artist. No Winthrop has ever been an artist . . . He was right.”

“Right?” She scarcely seemed to breathe. The color ebbed back from everything save her lips and her fervid, adoring eyes.
“Yes. I wasn’t an artist, Linda. I’ve never been one. Never would have been one. I know it now.”

“How do you know?”
“I know by the measure of my relief at no longer having to try to be. Oh Linda, I’m so glad to be free from the fetish which I sincerely believed in those days was genius.”

He leaned farther back with a long loose stretch of all his body. “I’m so glad, my dear. You can’t know. Even to have lost a hand for it.”

“You are glad that you can’t play any more?” She seemed to want, in this new obscurity of his optimism, to have every landmark made clear—not to run the risk of a single i undotted, a single i uncrossed.
"I'm glad I no longer nurse the delusion that I ever could play, ever did play. I'm glad to know the truth. You see, once recognizing it, I can live quite serenely now as the normal, carefree creature I am. I have no longer any obligation to be always driving myself, torturing myself, straining against the grain. For that's what it was, really; my puritan sense of obligation. Once having accepted the premise that I was an artist, I had to be always straining, don't you see? And it's bad enough to strain with the grain, I imagine. Though I suppose in such a case there are moments of pleasure. But with me there were none. It was always torture. Even my pitiful little successes were torture, for I somehow dumbly realized how they weren't enough, weren't the thing. That's why, poor girl, I tortured you. You seemed—with your reality—always threatening to expose me. That was it, Linda. I realize it now. And so I fought you off . . . Well, it's over, thanks to this," he touched his wrist. "I know now; and I'm free. We're both free."

She crept over to him, laying her head against his cheek. "Knowing doesn't hurt you too much?"

"Linda, you have known?" He tried but failed to raise her face. It only burrowed deeper against his. Her voice came muffled, and infinitely faint. "I've always known, Max darling. Oh, forgive me."

"And those people," he mused later. "Isn't it an imposition, Linda? Oughtn't I to tell them? They seem to be making a regular cult of me. They'll have me an artist, whether or no."

"Let them dear." She moved her face up and down against his face. "For after all you haven't cheated. Everything that you did was as honest as you could make it, as beautiful. Simply, it wasn't—stupendous. But they could do a lot worse than worship you."

"Haven't cheated," he echoed her. And this time he did succeed in drawing her down into his lap. "Not unless you admit that I cheated myself for about ten years, and came near cheating you. Supposing I had lost you?"

Now that he had her under his eyes, she let her intense, ardent gaze drain into his. "There was no chance of your losing me. I was simply waiting—for my moment. This moment. The moment when you should realize what I did, and therefore be able not to think of me as wronging you. I saw how, in that moment you could really consent to need me."

"In other words, you were waiting," he built it up, "for my emancipation in order once more to enslave me?"

Her arms were wound tightly around him.

"At any rate, it's a different slavery, dear, not so without—without promise," she murmured in self-defense.

**LOVE** lasts as long as the husband believes that every man who meets his wife is crazy to drag her behind a potted palm and kiss her.

**REALLY** wise men are very rare. How many has the world seen in five thousand years? Solomon, Shakespeare . . . you and I.
From the Journal of Madame Leandre

By Helen Woljeska

HUMANITY is divided into two classes: those who want to have, and those who want to be. To have, to accumulate—power, riches, luxuries, display, pleasures. To be, to express—lovely, subtle, mysterious, exotic things. To the first class belong all business-men and women, from the shoe clerk to the coal baron, all doctors and lawyers, church elders and car conductors, gunmen and grocers, politicians and seamstresses, society people, men about town, women of the street, people who write best sellers and draw magazine covers, husbands, trained nurses, wives and children... To the other class belong only fools, lovers, and poets.

The Model

By Amanda Benjamin Hall

As fluid as a stream she seems to flow,
Between the cold, keen watchers, row on row,
Appraising and dissecting with their eyes.
Her face betrays no flicker of surprise,
    Disfiguring intelligence or laughter;
But like an empty moon that walks the sky,
She takes her wordless, flawless beauty by,
    With clouds of chiffon lightly trailing after....

As slender as a sickle, sheathed in gold,
    She swoons away in silk or gleams like fire
In some brocaded story, partly told,
    Suggesting dainty glamour of desire.

The pretty body pampered to excess,
    Who ever heeds her shabby soul's distress—
I wonder is there anyone who cares
    What rags her spirit wears?
The Smilers

By F. Scott Fitzgerald

I

We all have that exasperated moment!

There are times when you almost tell the harmless old lady next door what you really think of her face—that it ought to be on a night-nurse in a house for the blind; when you'd like to ask the man you've been waiting ten minutes for if he isn't all over-heated from racing the postman down the block; when you nearly say to the waiter that if they deducted a cent from the bill for every degree the soup was below tepid the hotel would owe you half a dollar; when—and this is the infallible earmark of true exasperation—a smile affects you as an oil-baron's undershirt affects a cow's husband.

But the moment passes. Scars may remain on your dog or your collar or your telephone receiver, but your soul has slid gently back into its place between the lower edge of your heart and the upper edge of your stomach, and all is at peace.

But the imp who turns on the shower-bath of exasperation apparently made it so hot one time in Sylvester Stockton's early youth that he never dared dash in and turn it off—in consequence no first old man in an amateur production of a Victorian comedy was ever more pricked and prodded by the daily phenomena of life than was Sylvester at thirty.

Accusing eyes behind spectacles—suggestion of a stiff neck—this will have to do for his description, since he is not the hero of this story. He is the plot. He is the factor that makes it one story instead of three stories. He makes remarks at the beginning and end.

The late afternoon sun was loitering pleasantly along Fifth Avenue when Sylvester, who had just come out of that hideous public library where he had been consulting some ghastly book, told his impossible chauffeur (it is true that I am following his movements through his own spectacles) that he wouldn't need his stupid, incompetent services any longer. Swinging his cane (which he found too short) in his left hand (which he should have cut off long ago since it was constantly offending him), he began walking slowly down the Avenue.

When Sylvester walked at night he frequently glanced behind and on both sides to see if anyone was sneaking up on him. This had become a constant mannerism. For this reason he was unable to pretend that he didn't see Betty Tearle sitting in front of Tiffany's.

Back in his early twenties he had been in love with Betty Tearle. But he had depressed her. He had misanthropically dissected every meal, motor trip and musical comedy that they attended together, and on the few occasions when she had tried to be especially nice to him—from a mother's point of view he had been rather desirable—he had suspected hidden motives and fallen into a deeper gloom than ever. Then one day she told him that she would go
mad if he ever again parked his pessimism in her sun-parlour.

And ever since then she had seemed to be smiling—uselessly, insultingly, charmingly smiling.

"Hello, Sylvo," she called.

"Why—how do Betty." He wished she wouldn't call him Sylvo—it sounded like a—like a darn monkey or something.

"How goes it?" she asked cheerfully. "Not very well, I suppose."

"Oh, yes," he answered stiffly, "I manage."

"Taking in the happy crowd?"

"Heavens, yes." He looked around him. "Betty, why are they happy? What are they smiling at? What do they find to smile at?"

Betty flashed at him a glance of radiant amusement.

"The women may smile because they have pretty teeth, Sylvo."

"You smile," continued Sylvester cynically, "because you're comfortably married and have two children. You imagine you're happy, so you suppose everyone else is."

Betty nodded.

"You may have hit it, Sylvo—" The chauffeur glanced around and she nodded at him. "Good-bye."

Sylvo watched with a pang of envy which turned suddenly to exasperation as he saw she had turned and smiled at him once more. Then her car was out of sight in the traffic, and with a voluminous sigh he galvanized his cane into life and continued his stroll.

At the next corner he stopped in at a cigar store and there he ran into Waldron Crosby. Back in the days when Sylvester had been a prize pigeon in the eyes of débutantes he had also been a game partridge from the point of view of promoters. Crosby, then a young bond salesman, had given him much safe and sane advice and saved him many dollars. Sylvester liked Crosby as much as he could like anyone. Most people did like Crosby.

"Hello, you old bag of 'nerves,'" cried Crosby genially, "come and have a big gloom-dispelling Corona."

Sylvester regarded the cases anxiously. He knew he wasn't going to like what he bought.

"Still out at Larchmont, Waldron?" he asked.

"Right-o."

"How's your wife?"

"Never better."

"Well," said Sylvester suspiciously, "you brokers always look as if you're smiling at something up your sleeve. It must be a hilarious profession."

Crosby considered.

"Well," he admitted, "it varies—like the moon and the price of soft drinks—but it has its moments."

"Waldron," said Sylvester earnestly, "you're a friend of mine—please do me the favour of not smiling when I leave you. It seems like a—like a mockery."

A broad grin suffused Crosby's countenance.

"Why, you crabbed old son-of-a-gun!"

But Sylvester with an irate grunt had turned on his heel and disappeared.

He strolled on. The sun finished its promenade and began calling in the few stray beams it had left among the westward streets. The Avenue darkened with black bees from the department stores; the traffic swelled in to an interlaced jam; the busses were packed four deep like platforms above the thick crowd; but Sylvester, to whom the daily shift and change of the city was a matter only of sordid monotony, walked on, taking only quick sideward glances through his frowning spectacles.

He reached his hotel and was elevated to his four-room suite on the twelfth floor.

"If I dine down-stairs," he thought, "the orchestra will play either 'Smile, Smile, Smile' or 'The Smiles That You Gave To Me.' But then if I go to the Club I'll meet all the cheerful people I know, and if I go somewhere
else where there's no music, I won't get anything fit to eat.”

He decided to have dinner in his rooms.

An hour later, after disparaging some broth, a squab and a salad, he tossed fifty cents to the room-waiter, and then held up his hand warningly. “Just oblige me by not smiling when you say thanks?”

He was too late. The waiter had grinned.

“Now, will you please tell me,” asked Sylvester peevishly, “what on earth you have to smile about?”

The waiter considered. Not being a reader of the magazines he was not sure what was characteristic of waiters, yet he supposed something characteristic was expected of him.

“Well, Mister,” he answered, glancing at the ceiling with all the ingenuousness he could muster in his narrow, sallow countenance, “it’s just something my face does when it sees four bits comin’.”

Sylvester waved him away.

“Waiters are happy because they’ve never had anything better,” he thought. “They haven’t enough imagination to want anything.”

At nine o’clock from sheer boredom he sought his expressionless bed.

II

As Sylvester left the cigar store, Waldron Crosby followed him out, and turning off Fifth Avenue down a cross street entered a brokerage office. A plump man with nervous hands rose and hailed him.

“Hello, Waldron.”

“Hello, Potter—I just dropped in to hear the worst.”

The plump man frowned.  
“We’ve just got the news,” he said, “Well, what is it. Another drop?”

“Closed at seventy-eight. Sorry, old boy.”

“Whew!”

“Hit pretty hard?”

“Cleaned out!”

The plump man shook his head, indicating that life was too much for him, and turned away.

Crosby sat there for a moment with out moving. Then he rose, walked into Potter’s private office and picked up the phone.

“Gimme Larchmont 838.”

In a moment he had his connection. “Mrs. Crosby there?”

A man’s voice answered him. “Yes; this you, Crosby? This is Doctor Shipman.”

“Dr. Shipman?” Crosby’s voice showed sudden anxiety.

“Hello, Donny, this is Crosby.”

“Hello, there, old boy. You just caught me; I was going—”

“Say, Donny, I want a job right away, quick.”

“For whom?”

“For me.”

“Why, what’s the—”

“Never mind. Tell you later. Got one for me?”

“Why, Waldron, there’s not a blessed thing here except a clerkship. Perhaps next—”

“What salary goes with the clerkship?”

“Forty—say forty-five a week.”

“I’ve got you. I start tomorrow.”

“All right. But say, old man—”

“Sorry, Donny, but I’ve got to run.”

Crosby hurried from the brokerage office with a wave and a smile at Potter. In the street he took out a handful of small change and after surveying it critically hailed a taxi.

“Grand Central—quick!” he told the driver,
III

At six o'clock Betty Tearle signed the letter, put it into an envelope and wrote her husband's name upon it. She went into his room and after a moment's hesitation set a black cushion on the bed and laid the white letter on it so that it could not fail to attract his attention when he came in. Then with a quick glance around the room she walked into the hall and upstairs to the nursery.

"Clare," she called softly.

"Oh, Mummy!" Clare left her doll's house and scurried to her mother.

"Where's Billy, Clare?"

Billy appeared eagerly from under the bed.

"Got anything for me?" he inquired politely.

His mother's laugh ended in a little catch and she caught both her children to her and kissed them passionately. She found that she was crying quietly and their flushed little faces seemed cool against the sudden fever racing through her blood.

"Take care of Clare—always—Billy darling—"

Billy was puzzled and rather awed.

"You're crying," he accused gravely.

"I know—I know I am—"

Clare gave a few tentative sniffles, hesitated, and then clung to her mother in a storm of weeping.

"I d-don't feel good, Mummy—I don't feel good."

Betty soothed her quietly.

"We won't cry any more, Clare dear—either of us."

But as she rose to leave the room her glance at Billy bore a mute appeal, too vain, she knew, to be registered on his childish consciousness.

Half an hour later as she carried her travelling bag to a taxi-cab at the door she raised her hand to her face in mute admission that a veil served no longer to hide her from the world.

"But I've chosen," she thought dully.

As the car turned the corner she wept again, resisting a temptation to give up and go back.

"Oh, my God!" she whispered.

"What am I doing? What have I done? What have I done?"

IV

When Jerry, the sallow, narrow-faced waiter, left Sylvester's rooms he reported to the head-waiter, and then checked out for the day.

He took the subway south and alighting at Williams Street walked a few blocks and entered a billiard parlour.

An hour later he emerged with a cigarette drooping from his bloodless lips, and stood on the sidewalk as if hesitating before making a decision. He set off eastward.

As he reached a certain corner his gait suddenly increased and then quite as suddenly slackened. He seemed to want to pass by, yet some magnetic attraction was apparently exerted on him, for with a sudden face-about he turned in at the door of a cheap restaurant—half-cabaret, half chop-suey parlour—where a miscellaneous assortment gathered nightly.

Jerry found his way to a table situated in the darkest and most obscure corner. Seating himself with a contempt for his surroundings that betokened familiarity rather than superiority he ordered a glass of claret.

The evening had begun. A fat woman at the piano was expelling the last jauntiness from a hackneyed foxtrot, and a lean, dispirited male was assisting her with lean, dispirited notes from a violin. The attention of the patrons was directed at a dancer wearing soiled stockings and done largely in peroxide and rouge who was about to step upon a small platform, meanwhile exchanging pleasantries with a fat, eager person at the table beside her who was trying to capture her hand.

Over in the corner Jerry watched the two by the platform and, as he
gazed, the ceiling seemed to fade out, the walls growing into tall buildings and the platform becoming the top of a Fifth Avenue bus on a breezy spring night three years ago. The fat, eager person disappeared, the short skirt of the dancer rolled down and the rouge faded from her cheeks—and he was beside her again in an old delirious ride, with the lights blinking kindly at them from the tall buildings beside and the voices of the street merging into a pleasant somnolent murmur around them.

"Jerry," said the girl on top of the bus, "I've said that when you were gettin' seventy-five I'd take a chance with you. But, Jerry, I can't wait forever."

Jerry watched several street numbers sail by before he answered. "I don't know what's the matter," he said helplessly, "they won't raise me. If I can locate a new job—"

"You better hurry, Jerry," said the girl; "I'm gettin' sick of just livin' along. If I can't get married I got a couple of chances to work in a cabaret—get on the stage maybe."

"You keep out of that," said Jerry quickly. "There ain't no need, if you just wait about another month or two."

"I can't wait forever, Jerry," repeated the girl. "I'm tired of stayin' poor alone."

"It won't be so long," said Jerry clenching his free hand, "I can make it somewhere, if you'll just wait."

But the bus was fading out and the ceiling was taking shape and the murmur of the April streets was fading into the rasping whine of the violin—for that was all three years before and now he was sitting here.

The girl glanced up on the platform and exchanged a metallic impersonal smile with the dispirited violinist, and Jerry shrank farther back in his corner watching her with burning intensity.

"Your hands belong to anybody that wants them now," he cried silently and bitterly. "I wasn't man enough to keep you out of that—not man enough, by God, by God!"

But the girl by the door still toyed with the fat man's clutching fingers as she waited for her time to dance.

Sylvester Stockton tossed restlessly upon his bed. The room, big as it was, smothered him, and a breeze drifting in and bearing with it a rift of moon seemed laden only with the cares of the world he would have to face next day.

"They don't understand," he thought. "They don't see, as I do, the underlying misery of the whole damn thing. They're hollow optimists. They smile because they think they're always going to be happy."

"Oh, well," he mused drowsily, "I'll run up to Rye tomorrow and endure more smiles and more heat. That's all life is—just smiles and heat, smiles and heat."

AFTER all, if one wants to be loved forever, the safest bet is a homely girl born before 1890.
The Search
By Roger Blake

At twenty-five he was certain that none of the women in his home town would do for a wife. At thirty he was equally certain that he could not find a congenial spouse in the whole country. For ten years thereafter he travelled in foreign climes seeking a mate. Many girls looked at him, many smiled at him, some kissed him—but all lacked the essential qualities he wished for in his wife. Weary and hopeless he returned to the town of his birth and married his cousin.

The Spoiled Sailor
By Francis Carlin

Out upon the moorland, piling reeks of turf,
A flock of songs flew off from me and I was left alone,
Out among the bog-streams, thinking of the surf
With a wish upon the wherry I would own,
Troth, aye!
'Twas a gallant little wherry I would own.

Out upon the bogland, spading with a sloy,
The flock of songs returned to me—Och! sorrow on them all—
Out among the marsh-reeds when I was but a boy
With the sea-gulls flying over Donegal,
Troth, aye!
'Tis they came back as gulls to Donegal.

And here I'm on the moorland, piling turf in rows,
With not a song to fly from me and I as grey as grey
Out upon the bog-roads—but Goodness only knows
How far my wishes wandered in their day,
Troth, aye!
They've been off on lovely waters in their day.
The Gift of Illusion

By L. M. Hussey

WHEN the victorious army of Cipriano Castro entered the city of Caracas, and Andrade fled to take ship at La Guayra without giving battle to Castro’s forces, there was one among the many young adventurers following the new dictator who was unable to enter into the subsequent orgiastic celebration of the victory.

His brothers in arms were singing in the cafés, meeting their friends in the city with embraces and kisses, visiting the women whose business it was to please them, shooting those traitors who were, a few hours previously, Andrade’s patriots, whilst he lay in delirium in the home of an unknown woman. She had discovered him lying almost at her door; three or four dogs were sniffing at his soiled uniform.

He had marched down from the mountains with the others, sustaining himself by the inflexibility of his will. Spasms of coughing assailed him again and again; once or twice blood gathered on his lips. He knew he was feverish, for his cheeks burned; his hands and feet were cold.

But he understood the necessity of reaching the city, fighting if he had to, for then he could go to his sister’s home, receive the care he needed, and, in recuperation, look forward to the pleasant fruits of his grand adventure. Unhappily, his will failed him almost in the moment of realization.

The army entered from the north; young Galdos was attached to a small party sent forward for reconnaissance.

It was already fairly certain that no fight would be necessary. They had met none of Andrade’s army, which seemed to have faded like the phantom of a dream. Something of the discipline relaxed; here and there a soldier paused to grimace and smile beneath a barred window, from which dark eyes peered out and lips smiled duskily in the Twilight of a dim room. The captain refrained from striking these stragglers with the flat of his sword, being contented now with a jocularly abusive word and perhaps a good-humoured kick.

When the rumour of Andrade’s flight spread among the troops—followed by the conviction of entire success, the end of the marching, the last of the fighting—young Galdos suffered his collapse.

He was stumbling a little behind the company, which was passing through a miserable arrabal, that unclean street known as the Horno Negro. The stone houses were all closed, even the fires within seemed extinguished, for no smoke curled up out of the decaying chimneys. But you had the feeling of being watched and were certain that the cautious people of this place observed behind their darkened windows. Only the dogs were visibly alive, yelping as the soldiers kicked them from the pavements.

In front of one of these houses a great weakness, like the expiring of life itself, descended upon Galdos, making the theft of his determination and all his strength. He buried his fingers in the tensed muscles of his legs, staring desperately after the retreating figures of his companions, and then, relaxing...
like a marionette no longer pulled by its wires, crumpled into the dirt of the Horno Negro.

When his next moment of lucidity came he sensed that a certain period of time must have passed, some days, a week, perhaps longer. He saw that he was in a strange room, but he had very little curiosity. Once or twice, in the course of this morning of awakening, an old man stumbled in and out of the apartment, muttering to himself. Most of the time a woman, a girl it seemed, remained at his bedside.

It was a very miserable bed; the mattress was stuffed with straw, the pillow likewise, but he was uncritical. As for the woman, he did not recognize her. Yet there was a familiarity, a vague one, and his struggle to place her occupied all the strength of his weakened faculties.

It was obvious that she could not be some former, half-forgotten friend, for none of his friends lived in such a house. At the same time there was an indubitable sense of accustomed experience in her nearness, in the touch of her hands now, as she raised his head, pressing a cup of water to his lips, in the shadowy activities of her slim figure moving here and there in the room, even in the sound of her voice, calling to the old man through the opened door. He shrank from questioning her, feeling, also, too weak for speech.

Then, as if by revelation, he understood. She was not, of course, any one of his former acquaintances. Indeed, he had never seen her until coming into her street with his companions. The familiarity of her presence was simply a result of those confused memories that remained from his delirium; he knew now that he had been very ill, unconscious of his surroundings; someone, this girl, had cared for him.

When, later, he tried to question her, her strange solicitude evidenced itself in an effort to quiet him, to put him off, defer explanations until a time when his strength would be adequate to understanding.

But he was insistent.

"Tell me," he demanded, "who are you? Why did you take me in? Is this the street where I fell? Did you pick me up? Someone did; I am almost sure I remember being lifted up."

She was standing near his bed, looking down into his face.

She made a soothing gesture with her hand, but did not touch him.

"Yes, señor, I found you," she said. "There is nothing for you to wonder about. Was I to let you lie there, kick you out of the way, perhaps, like one of the street dogs?"

For a moment he did not reply. Her humanity surprised him. He was young, and zestful of adventure, and the softening influences of life, the little pities, the little compassions, had never intimately touched his existence. In that moment she revealed something to him—another life.

He was watching her, in the twilight of that room.

In a way her type was not unfamiliar. Hers was not the aristocratic face; she fitted her surroundings. He knew these florid women of the arrabals. Many of them became the amorous playthings of the powerful men of the city. They were not without their own power and the discretion of numerous men had succumbed to their allure. This woman, however, was not especially charming.

Her features were heavy; the magnificent black eyes heightened the cheapness of her nose, cheeks, lips. The nose was without fineness, the lips too full, the cheekbones high and prominent. As in most of the people of her class, her European blood had been mixed with that of the native Indian; even her eyes had the familiar Oriental slant.

Later he questioned her again, at greater length.

"Where did you find me, señorita?" he asked.

"In front of this house; I nearly stumbled over you. I thought you were dead!"

She did not say that she had been frightened, and it occurred to him, with something of a thrill, that a dead man would neither be unfamiliar nor
terrible to a woman of her sort of life.

"And you carried me in here? You took a great chance, señorita! Suppose the president had maintained his power? He would probably have shot you for aiding an insurgent."

She shrugged her shoulders.

"I did not think of that," she replied.

"What is the matter with me?" he asked.

She made a gesture that implied her utter ignorance.

"And you would have cared for me here until I died, perhaps?"

She did not answer.

"Without knowing who I was, whether I had friends or not?"

He saw that she was frowning, as if his words hurt as well as angered her.

"Are you accusing me of something, señor?" she asked.

The supposition shocked him. He denied it with all the vigour he could muster. Of course he had meant nothing of the kind; he intended, he told her, to express his surprise at her good-will, her miraculous kindness.

She sat near his bed; he seized her hand and kissed it.

He asked for her name; she called herself Belen.

Then he told her of his sister. She seemed relieved to learn that some member of his family could take over the responsibility of his care, and from this he guessed that the mysterious old man, possibly her father, who appeared at intervals in the room but never addressed any words to the sufferer, was opposed to his presence in the house.

That was natural.

Life had probably taught the old man caution.

II

The Señora Heraclia Galdos de Bustamente, young Galdos' sister, came immediately on receiving word of her brother from the girl Belen. She brought with her Dr. Delgado Palacios, from the faculty of medicine of the University; Dr. Palacios followed her through the low doorway of the little house. Heraclia was horrified to find her brother in such a place.

He was awake when she entered and the girl was rearranging the rough quilt that covered his bed. Heraclia ignored her, running to the bedside with a sharp cry of commiseration. She covered the cheeks of the boy with kisses, she held his hands, she smoothed his brow, her tears fell on his face. This outburst of extravagant emotion did not surprise him, knowing his sister, but he felt some annoyance. The doctor had to push her aside to examine him.

There was no change in the expression of Dr. Palacios' face as he went through the routine of percussion, auscultation, palpation. He was a very inscrutable man, but a really great physician.

When he stood up at last the sister inundated him with pleadings: was there any danger? what was the matter? wouldn't the boy soon recover?

During this excitement Belen, the girl, remained almost like a shadow in the room, ignored by all save young Galdos, who felt her presence poignantly.

Dr. Palacios vouchsafed nothing at that time. Indeed, he never admitted the truth directly to Heraclia, but, with his customary circumlocution, he communicated his findings, that evening, to Señor Bustamente, who repeated them brusquely to his wife, in a far less gentle way than the doctor would have done himself.

Her brother had acute tuberculosis, the lung condition being complicated with an apparent miliary infection. There was little hope of saving him. Indeed, the next morning, as preparations were being made for his removal to the Bustamente home, he died, with only the strange girl near him at the moment of his death. When Heraclia arrived her brother was forever beyond the extravagances of her pity and her care.

For the first time, then, she acknowledged Belen's importance.

They were in the darkened room together; the priest had gone; young Galdos, whose constitutional frailty had
succumbed to the hazards and hardships of his adventurous choice, lay motionless upon the rough bed, with a glimmering crucifix upon his breast, Heraclia, whose emotions toward him were spent for the moment, found a fresh emotional outlet in the sight of the young girl standing near her.

Belen’s kindness, Belen’s humanity, suddenly loomed up in her mind in exaggerated proportions. In an instant the girl was a saint, her acts the manifestation of a marvelous inward grace; white robes of rare celestial stuff and the glow of an aurine halo could have sanctified her no further in the sister’s emotional eyes.

Heraclia held out her hands.

“I have never thanked you!” she cried.
She swept Belen into her arms, unconscious of any lack of response. She kissed her with all the passion of her sentimental heart; smoothed her hair, her cheeks, her hands. Her fresh tears moistened Belen’s face, who accepted the demonstration with something of a child’s stolidity under the caresses of an over-fond parent. All the time Heraclia’s speech flowed out like a fountain.

“Oh, my child!” she cried. “I can never forget you, I can never repay you! It seems impossible that you could have done so much for him. Poor boy, poor my brother! I will love you all my life, dear child. How dreadful that he did not live; you would have been his sweetheart!”

The amorous thought gave her a new emotion; she paused a moment to vision what might have been. But back of her effusion she had formed already a definite purpose, conceiving the girl’s need. She would be indeed a sister, take Belen to her home to live with her. All the time Heraclia’s speech flowed out like a fountain.

But when the funeral was over and Heraclia came, keeping her word, to take Belen away with her, she consented, feeling that fortune had vouchsafed her a good turn. She was glad to leave the old man, her father, who was on his part willing enough to rid himself of an encumbrance. The evening of her departure he endeavoured to give his daughter some cunning advice, but she cut him short decisively.

“I can manage my own opportunities,” she said.

In truth, she felt capable, having been well schooled by her life. She had few illusions, and most of these were practical and of service. Chance had put a great material benefit in her way and she was glad, accepting it. As for Heraclia, the agent of her good fortune, she felt no especial gratitude toward her, for the older woman was not one of the sort to arouse her sympathy. She was too soft, too effusive, and altogether too foolish.

Belen was impressed when she entered her new home.

Señor Bustamente’s house, situated on the western end of el Paraiso, not far from the pleasant grounds of the convent, was a revelation to her. She was unused to these large rooms, the pretty gallery, the court full of palms and flowers. Her indifferent heart was moved when Heraclia showed her the dainty room that was to be hers, and called the little mulatto maid who was told off for her service. She took the older woman in her arms and kissed her.

Then, at dinner, she met the master, Señor Nicomedes Bustamente.

Belen had wondered a little about him, endeavouring, now and then, to raise up his picture in her mind, his sort, the kind of a man he was. She was not very imaginative, and her efforts had been unsatisfactory. In order to dismiss him, until an actual meeting would afford real knowledge, she had set him down as something of a fool.

This opinion was the natural corol-
lary of her feeling, however softened it had become toward his wife. Having spent all her life in the harsh stress of material insufficiency, it was difficult for her to conceive of anyone, unless foolish, who would take a stranger so easily into his household, upon the mere representations of his wife, and for a reason that appeared so inadequate. She forgot her own succoring of the dead brother—but that was only temporary and was, moreover, what nearly anyone of her temperament would have done.

Concerning Bustamente, she saw now the error of her misinformed thoughts. He was a fully impressive man. His stern face, relieved only by a softening droop of the eyes that suggested sensual appreciation, expressed an unyielding character. In a few minutes she perceived that he was no slave to his wife, and that those of her whims that met his yielding were granted through his own indifference. Belen felt that he was actually contemptuous of the older woman. For a reason that she did not trouble to analyze, this increased her respect.

Smiling, he advanced to meet her, not with naïve cordiality, but in a conventional way, whilst his eyes searched her face.

She met his gaze steadily, her oblique, jetty brows contracted a little.

He took her hand and pressed it.

"I want you to feel happy here," he said.

She did not reply. His words, she knew, were insincere, as he was unconcerned about her happiness. She felt no dislike on this account. Her impression of his nature found a response in her own prejudices.

During the supper Heraclia was the loquacious one, talking of Belen, of Belen's goodness, Belen's sweet soul. The girl was unembarrassed and silent. Bustamente also had little to say; once or twice Belen found him studying her with a frankness that was almost disconcerting. She noticed that he ate and drank freely.

She had already concluded that Bustamente was the one factor in the household forcing an element of uncertainty into her stay there. His wife was negligible. Her effusiveness might wear off, of course; she might even tire of her rôle of sister, but she was not the sort to bring about a definite break. Bustamente, however, was incalculable.

But she felt this without any troubled emotion. She was willing to wait, after the manner of her stoic nature. Later, when the time came to reckon with him, she would do her best to secure herself—in what way she did not attempt to imagine.

But nothing happened immediately. Life settled itself into a kind of agreeable routine. She had no work to do, no cares. Everyone arose late; Bustamente was seldom present at the breakfast table, being bilious from his nights in the cafés. Often he brought his friends home late in the evening, politicians of the new regime, with whom he was already on intimate terms. Awakened from her sleep the girl could hear their loud voices in the dining-room, the tinkle of glasses, snatches of song.

In the afternoon she was usually in the company of Heraclia; they drove about the city in their car, visiting Heraclia's friends. These were stupid women, Belen thought, and their scandalous gossip, dealing with people of whom she had no knowledge, bored her. Sometimes she regretted the harsh freedoms of the Horno Negro.

One evening, sitting on a marble bench in the green court, she saw Bustamente come out of his room, dressed to leave the house.

She regarded him idly for a moment; perhaps he divined her scrutiny, for he turned abruptly and over the intervening distance their eyes met. She found him smiling.

He crossed to the bench and stopped in front of her.

"Are you lonesome, child?" he asked.

"No, not lonesome, señor," she said.

"Are you contented here?"

"This is better than my other life," she said.
"But there could be more?"
She met his eyes, frowning a little.
In the twilight her own eyes, orientally aslant, seemed larger and of greater dusky lustre. Her full lips scarcely appeared to move as she spoke.
"I don't understand," she replied in a low voice.
He laughed a little, looking off toward the house.
Then, fixing his eyes upon her face again, he made a request.
"May I sit down with you a few seconds?"
She moved to make a place for him, nodding without apparent emotion. She seated himself at her side.
"Do you dislike me?" he asked.
She shrugged her shoulders; within, she was defensive.
"Of course not!"
"Afraid of me then?"
He found that she was smiling, with a touch of irony in the slight curve of her full lips.
"Why should I be afraid of you, señor?"
"Perhaps you will be, then?"
She paused before replying.
The city was very still; the cries of tropical birds had ceased, and the un failing nocturnal air, coming in from the ridges of the Avila, whence it had gathered up the scent of luxuriant forests, plethoric with life, blended with the subtle, salt flavour of its origin, the sea, and stirred in the tall palms overhead, like voices whispering. The girl, meeting in the attitude of her shadowed form upon the marble bench this mood of the evening, seemed sculpturesque beside the man who questioned her there. But all her senses were alert.
"Do you intend to frighten me?" she asked.
He laughed again; he stood up abruptly, shaking his shoulders to adjust his coat.
"No," he said, still laughing. "You're my little sister."
She watched him as he retreated toward the house.
The problem of her life there, she believed, was now definitely complicated. Bustamente had made a move. His purpose was fairly transparent, but otherwise he was incalculable. Certainly he would be contemptuous of opinion—for he was not tame.
Her thoughts were in no way evasive. She wondered, definitely, what she would do if he determined to make love to her.
Her first thought was of Heraclia. But whatever her reaction to Bustamente might be, it would not remain conditioned upon any sentimental feelings toward his wife. Heraclia, it was true, had opened a door to her, given her more than her expectation; now she must secure herself.
The problem lay, then, between herself and Bustamente only. He could deprive her of her ease, her good fortune, her new material welfare, if his strength overstepped her defence. But, on the other hand, she might bring it about that he would give her more than she already had. . . .
At any rate, the conversation in the garden established a vague bond between the two, secretly acknowledged by both. Heraclia was, of course, unconscious of it.
Bustamente's next move came suddenly; he almost overwhelmed Belen with the unexpectedness of it.
It was late in the evening; she was in her little boudoir. Her maid was ill and she sat before the mirror of her dressing-table combing out the black tangles of her long, thick hair. She did not hear Bustamente as he entered.
A startled thrill vibrated on her shoulders as she saw his reflected face, behind her, looking over her upraised arm into the glass. For an instant a blind anger, rising into a flush of her dark cheeks, possessed her senses; the chances of life were unfair; he had secured the advantage.
But he did not avail himself of it with a swiftness equal to her feral turn, the sudden rise to her feet, the swiftly out thrust arms, throwing him back toward the door. She was behind her chair now, partly lifting it in her tense hands.
Bustamente had closed the door on entering. He panted a little, for her thrust had taken his breath. But he was smiling.

"You're a tiger!" he whispered.

She made no reply, but was watchful as that animal itself.

"Put down the chair, amorcito," he said. "I'm not going to leave very soon."

"I think you had better," she whispered.

He admired the discretion of her barely breathed voice. He took a tentative step toward her.

"What will you do if I don't?" he asked.

She was silent.

"Will you kill me, perhaps?" he queried, laughing a little.

"I may!"

Bustamente made an abrupt movement with his arm, thrusting his hand into his pocket. He drew out a small black revolver. With a mocking gesture he tossed it at her feet.

"There," he said. "It will be easier with that. I don't fancy being clubbed with a chair."

She seemed to take him literally, for she stooped at once, securing the weapon in her slender hand. It was pointed at him now, grasped in fingers that did not tremble.

The man watched her for a moment and then stepped forward slowly, pace by pace.

"Shoot me whenever you think I'm near enough," he said.

Belen found that the instant of definite decision was at hand, without the possibility of a moment's temporizing. She accepted her necessity; her eyes were wide and glowing, and on her cheeks a red excitement burned. He was close to her now; the revolver fell out of her fingers, her head dropped back; she was in his arms. He held her tightly, kissing her lips.

"You love me a little?" he whispered.

"Of course, you must! I believe you'd have shot otherwise. Oh, thou lovely one!"

Life, in Belen's case, having been unfavourable for the growth and establishment of the usual ameliorating illusions, it was natural for her to review her position with a coldness of eye that was somewhat startling.

As to Don Bustamente, she was undeceived. She understood him and comprehended, therefore, the insecurity of her position. Above everything, to her mind, there was the necessity of holding what she had gained; to go back to the Horno Negro was now an abominable prospect.

She perceived her position clearly. At the moment she was an intriguing interloper. Bustamente was so contumacious of opinion that he took no discreet precautions. Heraclia would soon make a discovery, and exposure would probably destroy Belen's position.

In her practical way, then, she saw Heraclia as her chief opponent, and, realizing this, there was no sentimental shrinking in her nature to tie her hands from action.

For several weeks she thought of Heraclia in relation to her problem, bringing herself, by the plainest reasoning, to a decision.

The expedient she chose was neither very safe nor entirely pleasant. A less direct personality would have tried, inevitably, subtler means, at least at first. But Belen, in her cold simplicity, determined on a very conclusive attack.

On her part Heraclia, whose nature it was to distort and colour all her observations with the fictions of her sentiments, neither foresaw nor perceived during their progress the intriguing activities within her own home. The experiences of life had taught her, not suspicion, but humility. Heaven, she felt, often sought to try her; she reacted to each test with a humble heart.

It was in this spirit that she had always met the vagaries and the simple brutalities of her husband, who had never been a gentle man. Having suffered a broken heart three or four times during the early years of their marriage,
she had finally exhausted the emotion of
self-pity. But pity, being essential to
her nature, asserted itself toward the ob-
jects of Bustamente's amours; she saw
the succession of women as his victims,
and often wished that they could under-
stand her, and confide in her.

But with each new affair she was al-
ways the last to sense it. Bustamente's
wanderings were the common, thread-
bare properties of indiscriminate gossip
long before her eyes were opened. That
she would suspect Belen was impossible.

The girl, to her, was a sister, a sweet
soul, a gracious one full of tender sacri-
fices. In her easy, effusive way she
loved the girl. She never forgot the act
of kindness that had sheltered her
brother. When whispers reached her
ears she repudiated them indignantly. It
hurt her to find that her friends were so
uncharitable, that they could stoop to
the calumnia of this defenseless girl
to whom she had given refuge. Toward
Belen her affectionate demonstrations in-
creased.

In order to refute by action the vague
slanders that now began their season,
Heraclia took active steps to be seen
with the girl as often as possible—in the
theaters, at the opera, at the horse races.
She laid elaborate plans for their mutual
amusement and companionship; only
the failure of her health gradually di-
minished the execution of her purpose.

The obscure illness that now suddenly
afflicted Heraclia was surprising in view
of the fact that she had always enjoyed
excellent well-being. For a time it in-
terested her intensely; gave her a new
zest to her life; took her thoughts away
from Belen, centering them upon her-
self.

She enjoyed visiting many doctors,
one of whom was able to help her.
Some said she was anemic; she swal-
lowed large doses of iron and nux vom-
ica, feeling an agreeable martyrdom as
the bitter taste nauseated her. Others
declared that her condition was purely
nervous, prescribing quiet, rest and
more nux vomica; she luxuriated in bed
until noon each day. Later, when vague
stomachic pains appeared, it was con-
cluded that she was suffering from an
obscure infection and so they gave her
hypodermics of a vaccine made out of
colon bacilli.

Her malady became more alarming
and more mysterious. She scarcely
thought of Belen, accepting her pres-
ence in the house as a commonplace
phenomenon, becoming indifferent, in
her absorption with her own troubles,
to the scandalous innuendoes of her ac-
quaintances.

Now she often experienced severe
pain. She would awaken in the morn-
ing with sharp thmpings in her finger-
tips, burning pains in the abdomen,
headaches, thirst. She had little appe-
tite, lost weight and became emaciated.
They talked of an exploratory operation.

She went to Maracay for a change of
air; in a few days she was improved.
But— it was lonesome there, and after
Belen joined her the temporary relief
of her symptoms vanished and it seemed
better to go back to Caracas.

At last she sent to the University for
Dr. Delgado Palacios, who had not yet
been consulted. He came and listened to
all her complaints with his customary
surprised air; when he was the most
decided he appeared the most confused.

Then, with many characteristic cir-
cumlocutions, he told her that she was
being poisoned.

She only understood him with diffi-
culty, but when his meaning was finally
clear, her emotions were a complex of
fright, astonishment, and incredulity.
Above everything the notion was incred-
ible.

Dr. Palacios, having taken a stand, re-
fused to retract his opinion; he sug-
gested that they both search the house.

In Belen's room they found a half-
emptied paper package of white arsenic.
It had come from the kitchen, where the
servants, mixing it with bits of food,
had used it to poison rats.

V

The discovery astounded Heraclia,
destroying the veil of her illusions. She
understood. She saw the motive, its
underlying causes. The warnings, the words, the gossipings of her friends were all suddenly true. A hundred little happenings in the house, observed before as without significance, were swiftly full of meaning.

Having found the girl a saint, she now conceived her in a saint’s antithesis; she was a witch, an incarnate evil, a fabulous monster.

Dr. Palacios left the house.

Heraclia, alone, waited for the ingrate hideous girl who had gone into the city. A fury raged within her like a tempest.

It was nearly time for dinner when Belen returned.

Bustamente’s wife, closed in her room, heard the girl’s step in the outer corridor; she opened the door softly and followed.

Belen entered the dining-room; Heraclia was close behind her.

For once the girl from the Horno Negro was taken without defense, without suspicion and unaware. Seeking a direct outlet for her passionate indignation, the older woman sprang upon her like a tiger, throwing her to the floor.

Belen was breathless from the onslaught; she had no chance to defend herself. Screaming incoherently, the outraged wife tore at her hair, scratched her face, beat her with her hands that opened and closed spasmodically. Bustamente arrived at the peak of the tumult, in time, perhaps, to prevent a fatal outcome.

He seized his wife by the shoulder, spinning her around like a crazy top. She fell against the table, upset a chair, slipped down to the floor and then fainted. Bustamente picked up the prostrate girl and carried her out of the room.

He saw that he must remove her from the house at once. A few minutes later, Belen having recovered her breath, they left together.

Meanwhile, Heraclia was in a serious condition. She suffered a nervous collapse followed by a fever. For some days she was delirious; she revived only slowly, and several weeks passed before she was able to leave her bed. She learned then of the fate of Belen.

Bustamente had taken her to one of his other houses in the city, often employed in the past for similar purposes. There he had set up a new establishment. It all seemed old and familiar to Heraclia, who was not in the least shocked.

She was, indeed, beginning to suffer remorse. Reviewing what had happened, doubts assailed her. Sustained, revengeful emotions were impossible to her nature; distressing perplexities destroyed her peace.

It became more and more difficult for her to assure herself of a full justification; it was dreadful to think that she might have been mistaken. How could the girl who had taken her brother from the street be capable of these seeming infamies?

They had found a paper of poison in her room; was this not a meaningless accident? Before the discovery she had never believed in the slanderous suggestions that came to her ears; what basis had she now for credence?

Of course, a definite arrangement now existed between Bustamente and Belen, but Heraclia began to feel that this was solely the result of her own fatal impulsiveness, her sinful anger. Dreadful as it seemed, she herself had forced the poor child into a life of degradation!

Arriving at these conclusions, Bustamente’s wife was tortured beyond measure. She prayed for relief; it did not come. At last she knew that she must confess to her padre. She went to the church as soon as she could go out of doors.

Entering the sanctuary of this holy place, she felt at once the relief it always brought to her. Before the glimmering altar burned the candles of the devout, who kneeled in prayer. Incense perfumed the vaulted space, sweet oriental odours. The soothing and profound mystery of faith embraced her spirits.

Kneeling before the carved confessional, she spoke in low tones of deep contrition:

"Yo pecador, me confieso. . ."
THE GIFT OF ILLUSION

She told her sin, the crime of her false jealousy, the tragedy of her weak anger. The penance was appointed; she waited; sweet forgiveness came in the padre's words.

"Yo te absuelvo; en el nombre del Padre, del Hijo, y del Espíritu Santo!"

Before leaving the church Heraclia fulfilled the first condition of her release: she emptied her purse into the box for the poor.

Outside it was a tropical, sunlit morning. Others passed her with troubled countenances, entering, as she had, the cathedral. A great peace seemed to have settled over the plaza. Heraclia, too, was at peace. She stood out in the sunlight, uncertain for a time. At last she was inspired; she saw her next duty.

With the divine forgiveness she felt the necessity of the human. She would go to Belen, show her that she was still the loving sister.

Poor child! Another of Bustamente's victims! Heraclia could not save her from that, but she could comfort her, she could bring her the sweet assurance of deserving love!

The chauffeur helped her into her car; she gave the familiar address. How many a one had fallen under the malignancy of the terrible Bustamente there! Misguided man. Perhaps prayer might still save him. . . .

The Handsome One

By J. K. Nicholson

The celebrated actor lay in his little white bed in the great hospital looking disgustedly at the pictures of himself which he had just received. Strive as he might, he could see no likeness to his handsome self in the fuzzy, mottled prints before him. Nevertheless, he sadly realized that, after all, the camera does not lie. In other days, when he had been able to claim his full share of matinée idolatry, he had been a subject at White's Studio innumerable times. But never had the result been so unsatisfactory as at present. The pictures which he now held in his hands were absolutely and entirely unsuitable for lobby display. Completely disgusted, he threw them on the floor.

They were the X-ray photographs of his liver.

FIRST God created man. Displeased with the result, He created woman. Then He gave it up as hopeless.

ALL men are fools. The man who knows it and admits it is called a philosopher.
The Wild Squire

By M. E. Saltykov

I

ONCE upon a time there lived in a certain district a country squire, and he used to look out upon the world and rejoice. He had a sufficiency of everything—peasants, and corn, and cattle, and land, and gardens. But this squire was foolish; he used to read reactionary papers; and his body was soft and white and puffy.

And once this squire prayed to the Lord, and said:

"O Lord, I rejoice in all Thy works and I am endowed with everything. There is only one thing which my heart cannot endure: the peasants have multiplied too much in our country."

But God knew that this squire was foolish and He did not grant his prayer. The squire saw that the peasants did not die off but were still increasing every day; he saw this, and he was frightened and thought: "But suppose they eat up all my possessions?"

The squire turned to his favourite paper to see how he ought to act in such a case, and there he read, "Endeavour!"

"Only one word is written," said the silly squire, "but that word is golden."

And he began to endeavour, not just at random, but all according to rule. If a peasant's hen strayed into the squire's oats, off it went at once, according to rule—into the soup; if a peasant set to work secretly to cut wood in the squire's forests, this same wood went straightway into the squire's barn, together with a fine, according to rule, from the poacher.

"I am beginning to make a greater impression on them nowadays with these fines," said the squire to his neighbours, "because they understand it better."

The peasants saw that, although their squire was foolish, much cunning had been given to him. He closed them round in such a way that they had nowhere to poke their noses; whichever way they looked "You mustn't" and "You're forbidden to" and "It isn't yours!" The cattle go down to the water; the squire shouts, "It's my water!" A hen strays outside the fence; the squire calls out, "It's my land!" Land and water and air—all became his. There were no more torches for the peasants to light; there were no more twigs to sweep out their huts with. And so the whole village prayed to the Lord God.

"O Lord, it were easier for us to perish with our little children than to suffer thus all our lives."

The merciful Lord heard the tearful prayer of these orphans, and there ceased to be any peasants throughout the estates of the foolish squire. Nobody noticed where the peasants had gone to; people only saw how all of a sudden a whirlwind of chaff rose up and how the hempen trousers of the peasants were swept past in the air like a black cloud. The squire went out upon his balcony, and he sniffed and noticed how wonderfully fresh the air had become throughout his estates. Naturally he was delighted.

"Now," thought he, "I shall indulge
my white body, my white, spongy, puffy body."

And he began to live and to live, and
he began to think how to amuse his
mind.

"I'll start a theater here," he thought.
"I'll write to the actor Sadovsky, 'Come
along here, dear friend, and bring some
actresses with you.'"

The actor Sadovsky complied; he
came and he brought some actresses.
Only he saw that the squire's house was
empty and that there was no one to fit
up the theater and to pull up the
curtain.

"What have you done with your
peasants?" Sadovsky asked the squire.
"Ah, God has heard my prayer, and
has cleared all my estates of peasants."

"But, my friend, you're a foolish
squire! Who brings you water to wash
your silly self with?"

"Oh, but I haven't washed for so
many days."

"I suppose you want to grow mush­
rooms on your face?" said Sadovsky,
and, saying this, he went away and car­
ried off the actresses with him.

The squire remembered that there
lived in the neighbourhood four gen­
erals with whom he was acquainted,
and he thought, "Why should I keep on
playing patience? Let me try to ar­
range a few hands of cards with the
four generals."

No sooner said than done; he wrote
invitations, fixed the day and sent off
the letters to the proper addresses.
They were real generals, but hungry, so
they arrived very quickly. They ar­
rived and could not stop wondering
why the air at the squire's had become
so pure.

"It's because," boasted the squire,
"God heard my prayer and cleared my
estates of peasants."

The generals congratulated the
squire: "Oh, how excellent! No
doubt you don't have any of that smell
of serf about now?"

"None at all," answered the squire.
They played a hand and played an­
other; the generals felt that the time
had come for them to drink vodka, and
they began to be uneasy and to look
around.

"I dare say, generals, you would like
something to eat?" the squire asked.
"That wouldn't be a bad idea, squire."
He rose from the table, went to the
cupboard and took out for each person
a candy, yes, and a printed gingerbread.
"What's this?" asked the generals,
opening their eyes at him.

"There, eat what the Lord has sent
you."

"We would like some beef, just a
little beef."

"Well, generals, I've got no beef for
you, because, ever since God preserved
me from the peasants, the stoves in the
kitchen haven't been heated."

The generals grew so angry with him
that their very teeth chattered.

"But you eat something yourself?"
they hurled at him.

"I live on raw food; and I've still got
 gingerbread—"

"Ah, friend, you're a foolish squire."
said the generals, and, without even fin­
ishing the hand, they took their various
ways home.

II

The squire observed that he had
been called a fool for the second time
and he wanted to think about it; but, as
at that moment he happened to see the
pack of cards, he waved his hand at the
world and began to set out a hand of
patience.

"We'll see, my Radical friends," he
said, "who'll win. I'll show you what
genuine strength of mind can do!"

He set out a "lady's caprice" and
thought, "If it comes out three times in
succession, it will signify that I oughtn't
to take any notice of them." And, as
it were in his own despite, no matter
how often he set out the patience, it
always, always came out! Not even
a vestige of doubt remained in his mind.

"If Fortune herself shows the way," he
said, "I must indeed stand firm to
the end. But now I have played enough
patience for a while; I'll go and be
busy."
And so he walked and walked about the rooms, and then he sat down and sat down. And all the time he was thinking.

He was thinking what machines he would order from England so that everything would go by steam, yes, by steam, and that there should not be a single peasant soul anywhere. He thought what an orchard he would plant; the pears and plums would be over there, and the peaches there, and the walnuts there! He looked through the windows—why, there it all was already, just as he had imagined it! By force of magic, the pear-trees, peach-trees and apricot-trees were breaking under the weight of their fruit, and he had only to collect the fruit by machinery and put it into his mouth! He thought what cows he would breed, which wouldn't be meat or skin, but only milk, only milk! He thought what strawberries he would plant, the double and triple kinds only, five berries to the pound, and at what a high price he would sell these strawberries at Moscow.

At last he grew tired of thinking and went to the mirror to look at himself—but there was dust an inch thick on it.

"Simeon!" he called for his manservant suddenly, forgetting himself. But then he remembered and said, "Well, let it stay there for the present; I'll show those Radicals what firmness of mind can do!"

He carried on like this as long as it was light, and then he went to sleep.

And he dreamed still more merrily than when he was awake. He dreamed that the Governor of the province himself had learned of his squirely inflexibility and had asked the Chief of Police, "Who is this firm-minded son of a chicken who has come to light in your district?" And then he dreamed that he was made a Minister for this inflexibility of his, and that he was walking about in decorations and writing instructions: "Be firm and heed nothing!" Then he dreamt that he was walking on the banks of the Tigris and the Euphrates—"Eve, my friend," he said.

And then all his dreams came to an end, and it was time to get up.

"Simeon!" he shouted, again forgetting himself; but suddenly he remembered and hung his head.

"What shall I do with myself?" he asked himself. "If even the Evil One would only bring me a satyr!"

And while he was saying this suddenly the Chief of Police drove up. The foolish squire rejoiced beyond telling to see him; he ran to the cupboard and took out two gingerbreads and thought, "There, he'll like these!"

"Tell me, please, squire, in what wonderful manner have all your people suddenly disappeared?" asked the Chief of Police.

"Ah, now you're asking. The Lord heard my prayer and entirely cleared all my estates of peasants."

"I see; but do you know, squire, who will pay their taxes?"

"Taxes? Why, that's their business. It's their most sacred duty and obligation!"

"I see; but how is the tax to be collected from them if because of your prayer they have been scattered about the face of the earth?"

"Well, that's—I don't know. For my part, I don't consent to pay!"

"But do you know, squire, that the Treasury can't exist without taxes, and, still more, without spirit and salt duties?"

"Yes, I—I'm ready! I'll pay—a glass of vodka."

"Are you aware that, thanks to you, it's impossible to buy either a piece of meat or a loaf of bread in our market? Are you aware what this points to?"

"I'm very sorry. For my part, I'm ready to make a sacrifice. Here are two whole gingerbreads!"

"You're a fool, squire," said the Chief of Police, and turned round and drove away without even looking at the gingerbreads.

III

This time the squire thought about it seriously. This was already the third
man who had called him a fool, the third man who had stared and stared at him, spat on the ground and gone away. Could he really be a fool? Could this inflexibility which he so prized in his own mind really mean, translated into ordinary language, only silliness and folly? And was it really the case that, as a result of his inflexibility, both taxes and duties were left unpaid and there was no possibility of purchasing a pound of flour or a piece of meat in the market?

And as he was a foolish squire, he actually burst out laughing on the spot with delight at the thought of the joke he was playing; but then he remembered the words of the Chief of Police—"Are you aware what this points to?"—and he grew frightened beyond a joke.

He began, in his usual manner, to walk up and down the rooms and all the time he was thinking: "Well, what does it point to? Doesn't it point to a convict settlement? Cheboxari, for example, or Varnavini perhaps?"

"Well, suppose it is Varnavini, at least the world will realize what firmness of mind means," said the squire. But secretly he was already thinking, "Perhaps at Varnavini I should see my dear peasants again."

The squire walked about, and he sat down, and he walked about again. No matter where he went, everything seemed to be saying: "You're a foolish squire!" He saw a little mouse run across the room and steal up to the cards with which he had been playing patience and which he had already sufficiently soiled to arouse a mouse's appetite.

"Kshsh!" He jumped at the mouse. But the mouse was clever and understood that the squire without Simeon could not do it any harm. It only wagged its tail in answer to the squire's threatening exclamation, and a moment later it was looking up at him from under the couch, as if to say:

"Just you wait, you foolish squire, and see what's coming. I shall eat not only your cards but your dressing-gown, too, as soon as you make it sufficiently greasy!"

Sooner or later, later or sooner, the squire had to see how the paths in his garden were overgrown with docks, the bushes were swarming with all sorts of snakes and vipers, and in the park wild animals howled. Once a bear came into the very garden, sat on its hind legs, looked in at the squire through the windows and licked its chops.

"Simeon!" screamed the squire, but suddenly remembered and—-wept.

However, his firmness of mind still did not desert him. Several times he began to weaken, but as soon as he felt that his heart was beginning to soften he at once dashed to his favourite newspapers and in a minute he became hardened again.

"No; better I should grow quite wild, better let me roam about the forests with wild beasts, than that any man should say that the Russian nobleman, Count Urus-Kutchum-Kildibaev, had abandoned his principles!"

And he did grow wild. Although by this time the autumn had already arrived and the frosts were becoming considerable, he did not feel the cold. He was all overgrown from top to toe with hair, like Esau of old; and his nails had become like iron. He had long since ceased to blow his nose; he went about more and more on all fours, and was even astonished that he had previously failed to notice that this way of walking was the best and the most convenient. He even lost the power of uttering distinct sounds and took for himself a particular sort of triumphant cry—something between a whistle, a hiss and a bellow. But he had not yet grown a tail.

He went out in his park in which he had formerly indulged his spongy, white, puffy body, and like a cat he sprang at one bound to the very top of a tree and kept a lookout there. A hare came running along, stood on its hind legs and began to listen if there was any danger near—and there was the squire up in the tree. Like an arrow he sprang down, fastened upon his
prey, tore it with his nails and ate it up with all its inside and even with the skin.

And he became awfully strong, so strong indeed that he even thought himself entitled to enter into friendly relations with the very bear which had once looked at him through the window.

"Michael, son of Ivan," he said to the bear, "shall we go hare-hunting together?"

"I'm willing," answered the bear.

"But, friend, it was a pity you got rid of those peasants."

"Why?"

"Why, because it was ever so much easier to eat a peasant than one of your brother-noblemen. And so I tell you straight: you're a foolish squire, although you're my friend!"

IV

Meanwhile the Chief of Police, although he protected the squires, could not be silent before such a fact as the disappearance of the peasants from the face of the earth. And the provincial authorities began to trouble him with demands for information, and wrote to him: "Who in your opinion will now pay the taxes? Who will drink spirits in the taverns? Who will occupy himself with innocent occupations?"

The Chief of Police replied, "The Treasury must be suspended and the innocent occupations have already suspended themselves; instead of them the district is full of robbery, brigandage and murder. Why, only that same day he himself had met a bear that was not a bear, a man that was not a man, and it had tried to attack him, the Chief of Police; and in this man-bear he suspected the same foolish squire who was the original cause of the whole trouble. The authorities grew nervous and called a council. They decided to catch peasants and settle them on the land, and to impress in the most delicate manner upon the squire, who was the original cause of the whole trouble, that he must stop his boasting and not put obstacles in the way of the payment of taxes into the Treasury.

Just as if it had been done on purpose, there flew through the city at this moment a stray swarm of peasants which settled all over the market-place. At once this godsend was collected, put into a basket, and sent into the countryside.

And suddenly there was once more a smell of chaff and sheepskins in that countryside; and simultaneously there appeared in the bazaar flour and meat and all kinds of poultry, and so many taxes were paid in in one day that the Treasury clerk, seeing such a quantity of money, could only wave his hands with amazement and cry: "Where do you get it all from, you rascals?"

But what happened to the squire? my readers will ask. To this I may reply that he was caught, though with considerable difficulty. When they caught him, they at once wiped his nose, washed him and cut his nails. Then the Chief of Police took away his reactionary papers and, handing him over to Simeon's care, drove away.

He is living to this day. He sets out hands of patience, yearns for his old life in the forests, washes only when he is made to, and roars occasionally.

Some girls blush when one kisses them; some call for the police; some swear; some bite. But the worst are those who laugh.
Le vieux Gaspard Trouflot, dit Le Crâne, sergent de ville retraité, habitait, à l'extrémité du village, une maisonnette blanche à demi cachée par les arbres d'un enclos. Resté célibataire, sobre et ordonné, il devait avoir un sérieux magot, supposaient les gens de l'endroit, car, solitaire et bourru, l'ancien ne frayait avec personne, pas même avec son neveu, le joyeux Prosper Rondot, bambocheur de nature et menuisier de profession. Gaspard, avec ses cils rudes, sa moustache sévère, en imposait d'ailleurs aux villageois. Il avait l'air d'être toujours en service. Levé tôt, et, jusqu'au soir, coiffé d'une casquette à large visière, sanglé d'une veste étroite, à double rangée de boutons, il déambulait dans son verger, inspectant ses arbres, faisant le tour de ses allées comme toute sa vie, à Paris, il avait fait le tour de son îlot.

Il ne montrait quelque amabilité qu'avec Jacoulet, le facteur, qui, chaque matin, lui apportait son journal. Il accueillait, du reste, plutôt que l'homme, le fonctionnaire en uniforme. Avec lui seulement il daignait parler, parfois trinquer, tout en gardant les distances, s'estimant, lui, ayant porté la tunique à boutons d'argent, supérieur à ce rural qui, sous le képi, n'avait qu'une blouse à col rouge.

Mais ce matin-là, étonné de ne pas voir la haute taille noire entre les verts espaliers, inquiet en outre de découvrir la porte entre-bâillée et les volets fermés, le facteur ayant vainement hélé, entra dans la maison, et en sortit presque aussitôt, pâle et hagard, car il avait trouvé Gaspard demi-nu, égorgé au pied de son lit, sur le plancher inondé de sang.

Le premier, Prosper Rondot, le neveu, était accouru. Pour une fois, il ne riait pas, et parmi les villageois, habitués à ses gouailleries continues d'ivrogne, certains firent des réflexions méchantes : "Il est bien sérieux! C'est qu'il hérite, il calcule combien de verres il pourra boire de plus chaque jour!" Au fond ils le soupçonnaient d'être bien capable d'avoir estourbi le vieux, pour héiter la venue du magot, car, s'il s'appelait Prosper, ses affaires ne l'étaient guère, et hier soir encore, comme de coutume, il avait fait la partie, perdu pas mal, et bu davantage, chez Machut, l'aubergiste. Mais, outre que cela était pour Prosper un demi-ali, au village on n'aime guère se compromettre, et encore moins laisser dire qu'il peut y avoir dans le pays un assassin. Dame! les juges n'ont qu'à chercher, c'est leur métier; s'ils sont habiles, qu'ils le montrent ; on serait bien sot de leur aider. Or, comme un mendiant avait rôdé toute la journée le long des seuils, et couché dans un tas de foin, tout près de la maison de Gaspard, le Parquet n'hésita pas à l'inculper, et tous les paysans naturellement furent unanimes à charger le vagabond, l'étranger, qui, incapable de se défendre, et affligé d'un casier judiciaire déjà lourd, tout en bénéficiant du manque de preuves, fut condamné à cinq ans de réclusion.

Le magot, d'ailleurs, avait été retrouvé intact, et Prosper, joyeux héritier, riait, gouaillait plus que jamais, faisant sonner les écus sur la table de l'auberge, son établi, comme il disait : "J'aime mieux riboter que raboter. Vraie le mendiant m'a rendu un fier service. C'est qu'il en avait pour cent ans, il nous aurait tous enterrés, l'oncle,
et j’aurais dû, pour vivre, porter mes derniers outils chez ma tante, au chef-lieu!

Et quand ses amis, éméchés et taquins, lui insinuaient que peut-être il avait été complice du crime, loin de se fâcher, il riait plus fort, et provoquait lui-même les allusions, à la manille, quand, abattant sa carte avec un geste tranchant, il s’écriait : "Atout ! je coupe ! Y a personne comme moi pour bien couper !" Le fait est qu’il gagnait toujours maintenant, et célébrait sa chance, en insistant pour jouer la manille à deux avec un mort, et, avec un clinement d’œil du côté de la maisonnette du crime : "C’est ça qui me porte bonheur, avec un mort !" Et les copairs, se pous sant du coude, applaudissaient : "En a-t-il du vice, hein ! le coquin !"

Or, un jour, sur les vitres du café Machut, Une grande affiche rouge, à lettres bleues, annonçait pour le soir une représentation par le professeur Ulmann le célèbre magnétiseur et liseur de pensées, accompagné de son remarquable sujet, Mlle. Olga Dimoff.

Dans la salle décorée de guirlandes en papier peint, illuminée de lanternes vénitiennes, les villageois affluèrent, les hommes installés aux tables buvant et fumant, les femmes et les enfants debout, à l’entrée. Sceptiques, et effrayés un peu de ces mots, hypnotisme, magnétisme, ils regardaient le professeur à lunettes d’or et en habit, la femme en toilette de soirée, constellée de faux bijoux, commencer leurs expériences diaboliques.

L’homme, d’une simple passe, endormait la femme, et, s’il lui disait : "Il fait chaud !" on la voyait haletante, le sang et la sueur au visage, s’éponger avec fièvre. Puis, s’il disait : "Maintenant il gèle !" elle se recroquevillait, soufflant dans ses doigts, claquant des dents, et toute pâle. Ensuite, d’une suggestion à distance, elle devinait les questions les plus précises, les plus secrètes, chuchotées par les spectateurs à l’oreille du professeur, et leur répondait sur-le-champ, ou chantait la chanson à laquelle pensait telle ou telle personne désignée dans l’assistance. Il

la fit encore entrer en catalepsie, et, posée horizontalement, les talons et la nuque sur deux dossiers de chaise, comme une barre de fer, elle supportait le poids d’un homme pris au hasard.

Au premier rang, à la table du fond, trônait les habitués de la manille, entourant Prosper qui, d’abord bruyant, et faisant le loustic, peu à peu s’était tu, le front barré d’une pensée fixe, les yeux dardés, comme hypnotisé par les gestes du magnétiseur, où brillait le feu d’une bague.

"Pour terminer, mesdames et messieurs, je vais réaliser devant vous le plus suprenant de mes tours : le jeu de l’assassin."

Un loustic lança : "A toi, Prosper !" Tous les regards se tournèrent vers le menuisier, qui, secouant la tête, et se réveillant pour ainsi dire, regarda l’assistance avec son malin sourire habituel ; mais la grosse face rubiconde avait eu comme une légère pâleur, et ses yeux, sans doute éblouis par les lampes, un instant clignèrent. Cependant le professeur, continuant, expliqua :

"Je vais me retirer dans la pièce voisine. Deux d’entre vous m’y suivront, et me banderont les yeux. Pendant ce temps, une personne quelconque de la société prendra un couteau, en frapper une autre, et remettra le couteau à une troisième. Quand ce sera fait, vous me préviendrez. Je n’aurai rien vu, et les deux témoins me ramèneront ici, les yeux bandés. Je demanderai aux personnes qui se seront prêtées à l’expérience, de bien vouloir penser fortement en elles-mêmes : "C’est moi qui ai donné le coup ; c’est moi qui l’ai reçu ; c’est moi qui-ai caché l’arme. Et rien que vous m’aurez ainsi transmise, et je retrouverai et désignerai, tour à tour l’assassin, la victime et le recéleur du couteau."

Tandis que Franoy, la garde champêtre, et Riondet, le cordonnier, accompagnaient le magnétiseur dans la pièce voisine, Vienot, le maréchal, parmi les quolibets, les apostrophes, les rires, ayant sorti son couteau, faisait le simulacre d’en frapper le vieux Mor teau, dit Nonotte, et allait remettre
l'arme dans la poche du tablier de la rousse Amélie, la fille à la Guèlotte, dans le groupe des jeunesse.

Le magnétiseur revint, le mouchoir aux yeux, guidé par les deux témoins. "Je vais retrouver d'abord l'assassin. Que la personne qui a frappé pense fortément!"

Il étendit les bras, se prit le front à deux mains, les muscles du cou gonflés par l'effort volontaire, puis, à petits pas, au lieu d'aller vers l'entrée où se tenait le maréchal, il se dirigea dans le fond de la salle, où était Prosper. Et, voyant qu'il se trompait grossièrement, déjà toute la salle murmurait.

Mais Prosper, qui depuis un moment semblait respirer avec peine, la face apoplectique, se leva soudain, et d'une voix sanglotante, qu'on ne lui connaissait pas, d'un geste qui repoussait et imprimait à la fois, il râla: "Eh bien! oui, l'assassin, c'est moi!"

Ce soir, en effet, en présence de cet homme qui pénétrait et forçait les âmes, la pensée de son crime remontant en lui et le remplissant tout entier, plus forte que celle des comparses du jeu, parce qu'elle était vraie, était allée s'écrire dans le cerveau du magnétiseur, dont le geste invinciblement venait le désigner comme le réel assassin.

Morning Song
By Sara Teasdale

A DIAMOND of a morning
Waked me an hour too soon,
Dawn had taken in the stars
And left the clear white moon.

Oh white moon you are lonely,
It is the same with me,
But we have the world to roam over—
Only the lonely are free.

If Realism ever gets into the marriage ceremony the bridegroom will wear crêpe on his hat, the bride will give three cheers, and the wedding guests will slap the bride's mother on the back.

WOMEN judge a man by the way he kisses. Men judge a man by the women he kisses.
Hamlet With The Polonius Left Out

By George Jean Nathan

I

Confession of Faith

I

ADMIRE Shakespeare and Florenz Ziegfeld. I admire Haupimann and Ann Pennington's dancing. I am amused by the plays of Sacha Guitry, Hermann Bahr and Arthur Schnitzler, and by George Bickel's fiddle-tuning act. I laugh before Congreve and Wycherley, Williams and Wolfus, Oscar Wilde, Harry Watson, Jr., Paul Giafferi, Bernard Shaw, Raymond Hitchcock, Ludwig Thoma, Harold Brighouse, and Frisco. I consider George M. Cohan a more expert playwright than Euripides or Calderon, and Lope de Vega one of the worst that ever lived. I think Victor Herbert the peer of Franz Lehar, and the superior of Emmerich Kalmann, John Palmer is to me the best dramatic critic writing in English at the present time, and Richard Burton the poorest. I can see nothing—or next to nothing—in the acting of Nance O'Neil, Robert Mantell, Walter Hampden, Louis Calvert and Lillah McCarthy. I believe that Marie Lohr is the only proficient comparatively young actress on the contemporaneous British stage. I believe that the modern German, Austrian and Hungarian comedy is the most original, and that the English is the least. Aside from the younger Guitry, I believe that Robert Dieudonné is the gayest of present-day French boulevard farceurs. I think that Zoë Akins' "Papi" is the best thing of its fantastic kind in modern theatrical literature. I admire Mrs. Fiske, the comedienne, and suffer the tse-tse under Mrs. Fiske, the dramatic actress. I would rather see the "Midnight Frolic" once than Gorki's "Nachtsyl" twice.

I venerate Molière and Annette Bade's legs. I admire Al Woods above David Belasco; neither is an artist; neither has artistic convictions; and Al makes no bluff about it and makes four times as much money. I respect William Collier's extraordinary technical skill in the projection of comic material, but I am dead tired of him. Augustus Thomas impresses me as a hanswurst: his process of playmaking is technically sound, but so is the process of making Port du Salut cheeses; his mind is the mind of a sentimental Harvard boy, and he writes the way Thorstein Veblen thinks. It would take a bribe of at least $1,000 to get me to go to see another play by Percy Mackaye or Charles Rann Kennedy. I would rather watch Dorothy Dickson dance than James K. Hackett act. I like to read the plays of Paul Apel, but I do not care to see them in the theater. Sarah Bernhardt is a really great actress, but the sight of the old girl stumping around a stage with that wooden leg affects me as a flea in the pot-au-feu. Although I admit that François de Curel is a very fine dramatist, most of his plays fail to move me. I have respect for Brieux, the comedian of "Les Hannetons," and low groans for Brieux, the tragedian of "Maternité."

As I see it, "It Pays To Advertise" is perhaps the most typical American
play of the last ten years. The Russian Stanislavski, a name that American critics who have never been nearer Russia than a dish of caviar are happy to conjure with, is a very proficient but considerably overestimated producing artist. He is a child of Gordon Craig out of Max Reinhardt. I see Grace George as a first-rate comedienne who has choked herself into a premature discard through a vanity that has brought her to surround herself with second-rate ancients in third-rate ingénue shows. I always enjoy the Winter Garden, however poor the spectacle; if I could smoke when I watched him, I might even enjoy the performances of Lou Tellegen. I respect Björnson, but his plays escape my personal fervours. This is true also of Gabe D'Annunzio. When in Paris, the first theater I go to is always the Odéon, the second the Guignol, the third the Comédie, and the fourth the Marigny. The rest come haphazard. In Berlin, I make an initial set for the Kleines and follow it up with the Deutsches and Kammerspiele. In Vienna, my first ballot is generally for the Residenzbühne, and in London for the Kingsway. One of the most interesting theaters in Europe to me is the Kamerny, in Moscow; another, the Künstler, in Munich. I have never been able to detect the slightest sign of talent in Jane Cowl.

I believe that the American music show, at its best, has never been approached, even remotely, in the European theater. I still consider Arthur Hopkins what I considered him six years ago: the first producer of the native theater. Further, so far as I have been able to make out, he is the one and only professional producer we have who has something of the artist in his soul. I believe that the eminence of the Barrymores is due not so much to themselves as to the eminence of the dramatists whose plays they have astutely chosen for themselves. I should like to see De Wolf Hopper in straight comedy; with proper direction, he would make an excellent dramatic comique. I can find very little in the Spanish drama to interest me, despite the fact that I originally approached it with a mind prejudiced in its favour. If there has ever lived a more tiresome dramatist in the theater than Tolstoi, please notify me. I suppose that I am one of the few persons who believes that, next to "The Father," "The Dream Play" is the best thing that Strindberg wrote. I have never been able to appreciate the various masterpieces of Granville Barker; his theories are interesting, but his manoeuvring of those theories smacks of the consciously saucy amateur. I am probably the only man in the world who believes that "The Wild Duck" is, of all Henrik's plays, the most engaging theatrically. The work of de Caillavet and de Flers, Thaddeus Rittner and Otto Soyka, and of the Hungarian Hellai, Molnar and Hajo always interests me, even when it is bad. I am also interested in the work of Sidney Chaplin, Charlie's brother: this Sidney is in my estimation the first of the movie comedians; his "The Plumber" is by all odds the best motion picture slapstick farce that I have laid an eye to.

I have read, or seen, twelve of the thirteen plays of Georg Kaiser—but I still remain unconvinced. I have never been able to share, in any degree, the enthusiasm over the late William Vaughn Moody's "The Great Divide": it has ever impressed me as distinctly second-rate stuff. I have never seen a really pretty girl on either the French or German stage, and I have looked. I am perhaps one of the few men living who reads Shakespeare for diversion. Rarely a week passes that I do not re-read at least a dozen scenes at random. I like Al Jolson. I believe that though "The Gods of the Mountain" is Dun-sany's best work, it is not so effective in the theater as his "Laughter of the Gods." The worst dramatic criticism being written in Europe today is the French: I haven't read a single thing of this sort out of France in the last eight years that has been worth a damn. As good a piece of theatrical reporting as I have read from an American hand is Arthur Ruhl's "Second Nights." Buy a copy.
I consider Rip the most amusing of present-day French librettists, and Bernhard Pankok the most ingenious costume designer in Germany. I greatly admire Adolphe Appia, yet I prefer Gordon Craig undiluted. I believe that I laughed harder when I first saw George Birmingham's "General John Regan" in London than I have ever laughed in a theater, although there was a paint-smeared act in a Winter Garden show five or six years ago that unloosed me nobly. I hope that young F. Scott Fitzgerald will turn from the one-act form to the three-act form one of these days: I feel that he will confect a genuinely diverting comedy. He has a good sense of character, a sharp eye, a gracious humour and an aptitude for setting down adolescent dialogue that Tarkington has rarely matched.

Among the new and younger writers for the American theater, I have the greatest faith in Eugene O'Neill and Rita Wellman. I doubt that Zoe Akins will ever again come anywhere near her "Papa"; beside it, her "Declassee," for all its flavour, is so much whangdoodle. Like Mark Twain, I would rather look at Rosie Quinn with scarcely any clothes on than at John Philip Sousa in his full uniform. I have never been able to detect anything of the slightest value in the dramatic criticisms of Arthur Symons or Romain Rolland. Edward Sheldon's "Song of Songs" seems to me to be the best dramatization of a novel that I have encountered in the sixteen years of my professional American theatergoing. Rachel Crothers' "Old Lady 31" is the next best. I believe that John Drew is a better polite comedian than Charles Hawtrey, and that both are inferior to Leo Ditrichstein who is inferior to Arnold Daly. I believe that the newspaper play reviewing in our larger cities is steadily becoming better; the change in the last three or four years is more than happy for the first time in the history of American journalism there now being displayed a cosmopolitan hospitality and freedom from parochialism. This, of course, is not yet generally true, but it is increasingly true. I admire the acting ability of Mary Garden, but I have not been able to detect symptoms of the histrionic genius commonly attributed to Geraldine Farrar. I wish that Max Beerbohm would dramatize "Zuleika Dobson"; it would be a difficult job, but I believe that Max could do it. I often wonder what became of an actress in Weedon Grossmith's local production of "Mr. Preedy and the Countess"; her name, looking back through my records, was Sheila Heseltine; she was a godawful actress, but an extraordinarily good-looking one.

In the forthcoming presentation of Guirly's "L'Illusioniste," I hope that they will cast Edgar Beeman for the leading role; there is no other actor on this side of the water (save Arnold Daly, who is perhaps not available) who can play it. I believe that the best uniform judgment of plays on the part of an American producer, taking one thing with another, has been displayed by Harrison Grey Fiske. I regard the Century Theater, in New York, as the handsomest theater in the world; next, the National Theater, in Stockholm. Perhaps the ugliest theater is the Raimundtheater, in Vienna. One of the most idiotic pieces of dramatic criticism that I have ever read is William Archer's criticism of Wedekind's "Pandora's Box." I consider Fritz Leiber, of Robert Mantell's company, one of the best actors on the American stage. The theory that Lantelme was a great beauty always amused me; she had a nose like the neck of a Curacao bottle and a chin like a salmon's. I would rather read Tchekoff than see him acted. I consider Robert Edmond Jones the best of American scene designers, although he is, in the main, an imitator. Among the Italian dramatists, Giacosa and Rovetta interest me more than the more eminent Martini and del Testa. I have a higher respect for the Irishman, Lennox Robinson, than for the Irishman, St. John Ervine. I was never able to pump up any enthusiasm for Stanley Houghton: he impressed me as a pale copy of Max Dreyer.
The men's washroom in the Casino Theater is badly in need of a good scrubbing.

I regard "Cæsar and Cleopatra" as the best of Shaw's plays, and "Widowers' Houses" as the worst. I have read all the dramatic criticism of Brander Matthews, and have found it uniformly hollow. I esteem Synge's "Riders To The Sea," Eugene O'Neill's "Moon of the Caribbees," Galsworthy's "The Mob," Marilyn Miller's kicking, Brieux's "Three Daughters of M. Dupont," Maeterlinck's gorgeous bluff, Stephen Phillips' "Herod," C. M. S. MacLellan's "The Shirkers," Barrie's "Peter Pan" and the low burlesque show called "The Girls From The Follies." I have always looked on the Dresden Royal Court Theater as one of the three most interesting playhouses in Europe, though the Columbacher and ham-and-cheese sandwiches sold in the corridor of the Königstrasse-theater in Berlin during the entr'actes are by no means to be sniffed at. One of the most humorously original devices I have ever seen was that imagined by Edward Ellis for his satirical American version of the little French play called "Le Sacrifice." I have never seen a good show at the Folies Bergère in Paris, nor at the Empire in London.

I consider Max Martersteig one of the most adroit stage directors on the Continent; he is, perhaps, second only to Reinhardt in the Central European theater. Joe Smith, of the Avon Comedy Four, seems to me to be a very funny comedian. One of the worst things I have ever seen in this incarnation is Robert Mantell's King Lear. One of the best, Faversham's Iago. I have never lost my kid interest in magicians: Thurston today interests me just as much as Hermann used to: his manipulation of the so-called "spirit ball" enchants me almost as richly as Hofmannsthal's "Death and the Fool." I have no use for the Drama League: one cannot help the theater by meeting in the Hotel Astor and listening to Louis Kaufman Anspacher make speeches.

In these pages, two months ago, I set down my impressions of the moving pictures, the persons who brew them, and the persons who promote them. The impressions were not, so to speak, overly rich in flattery. In fact, they were, so to speak, somewhat soupy. No sooner did the article make its appearance than the moving picture entrepreneurs had at me. Anonymous letters by the basketful, letters signed boldly with elaborate scrolls under the signatures, articles in the movie periodicals and movie departments of the newspapers, speeches by Mr. John Emerson, et al., at banquets of divers Societies of Arts and Sciences, mysterious telephone calls and kindred smell bombs began promptly to vary the monotony of life. And what was the burden of these letters, these articles, these speeches, these calls, these smell bombs? What the retort, the rebuttal? Were my perhaps easily riddled arguments answered and disposed of? Was my conceivably insecure logic taken apart and demolished? Was a single one of my possibly erroneous premises and conclusions intelligently scrutinized and held up to the light? The answer, to anyone who has ever written criticism of any sort, is obvious. Instead of seeking to point out the defects in my reasoning—anyone with a modest gift for satire might have had some fun at my expense—the good folk, following the practise of the world in which they move, promptly accused me of being a sorehead because I had in all probability tried to write moving picture scenarios and had had them rejected! Such is the thinking of our amusement noodles. Write that David Belasco's productions are not all great masterpieces, and one is forthwith said to have tried unsuccessfully to sell Dave a play. Write that Emily Stevens is perhaps not as great an actress as Duse, and you tried once upon a time to steal a kiss in a taxicab and got a good box upon the ear. Write that the moving
pictures are utter trash, and Mr. Selznick doubtless once refused to buy a scenario from you. No wonder it must be such fun killing Armenians.

III

Revivals

The Shuberts recently revived "Florodora" and Christie Macdonald. This is ever one of the troubles with the revivals of favourite musical comedies of another day. One may revive musical comedies, but not ingénues. When an ingénue arrives at the corset stage, not all the memories of all the Freddie Gebharts and George Kesslers of all the Broadway of Cosmopolis can stir again the embers of illusion. "The Shade of the Sheltering Palm" remains still a haunting melody, but Edna Wallace Hopper is twenty years away.

IV

Addendum

The bulk of musical comedy reminiscence consists wistfully in remembering homely girls as having been very pretty.

V

The Palmy Days

A compilation of facts from "The Life of Augustin Daly," by Joseph Francis Daly, published by the Macmillan Company, and dedicated "To All Lovers of the Stage and Its Traditions."

2. "Lola Montez deserts a royal admirer to court the sovereign public—without a qualification for the stage save notoriety—essays the role of danseuse and cannot dance—then essays the role of actress in a poor little hack play and cannot act."—Page 20.
3. "... the Revolutionary drama, a favourite entertainment in which one Yankee easily whipped half a dozen Britshers and in which George Washington always appeared with red fire in a final tableau."—Page 20.
4. "No watchful policeman kept the crowd in line at the box-office in those days. Three or four fists grasping money were thrust at one time through the tiny aperture in the boarded window. An invisible hand within grasped the fists in turn and released the money from the fingers. Tickets and change would by the same unseen agent be then enclosed within the expectant fingers and the owner would back away after a terrific struggle and often with serious damage to his wardrobe. On one such occasion, our young friend Arnold, having donned a new frock coat, buttoned it up for the mêlée, and when he got to his seat found the garment had been split up the back!"—Page 30.
5. "In Daly's time, certain theatrical managers organized a boycott of the wealthiest of the daily papers on account of the tone of its criticisms. The Academy of Music led the war... The chorus at the Academy had the 'villagers' in the opera promenade the stage with a figure dressed to represent the proprietor of the great daily, with his hand stretched behind him to indicate an itching palm."—Page 34.
6. "Madam Methua-Scheller supported Edwin Booth in 'Othello' with Bogumil Dawson speaking in German, Booth in English and herself in German-American."—Page 37.
7. "In his initial presentation of 'The Lady of Lyons,' William Wheatley, as Claude Melnotte, took the center of the stage in the last scene and forced Pauline (down at left) to rush into his arms when he threw off his cloak and revealed his identity. Pauline did rush, tripped over her bridal gown and pitched head foremost at his feet with her legs high in the air."—Page 38.
8. "'The Black Crook' brought trainloads of people from every point of the compass to see the hundred pretty coryphees."—Page 41.
9. "'The British Blondes' irradiated the town."—Same page.
10. "Isabel Cunas, the Spanish dancer, with flaming eyes, dazzling teeth revealed in an eager smile, and sinuously moving arms... claimed the public notice."—Same page.
11. "Plays were altered to introduce the trick illusion called 'Pepper's Ghost'."—Same page.
12. "Adah Isaacs Menken enrolled all the dramatic editors as 'chums' and 'pals'."
She made fame for herself as Mazeppa in tights.—Page 43.

13. "George William Curtis, editor of Harper's Weekly, wrote 'Whenever and wherever you can, go and see "Leah the Forsaken" and have the lesson burned in upon your mind which may save the national life and honour'."—Page 49.

14. "Two respectable actors, Lewis Baker and Mark Smith, were lessees of the New York Theater."—Page 71.

15. "The critical appreciation of this play ('Griffith Gaunt') by the leading journals was marked: 'A marvel of dramatic construction'".—Page 73.

16. "The dramatic critics were so cordial in their praise of Daly's clever work that he gave them a dinner, at which they were all without exception his guests."—Page 74.


18. "As we walked home one night, Daly said: 'I have got the sensation we want—a man fastened to a railroad track and rescued just as the train reaches the spot!'"—Page 75.

19. "When 'Under the Gaslight' was produced, the houses always were thronged. . . . An old theatergoer turned to those about him after a long drawn breath and said, 'It is the climax of sensation!'"—Page 76.

20. "With regard to its literary merit, the press pronounced Daly's 'A Flash of Lightning', with its scene showing the burning of a North River steamboat, 'the master production of its author'."—Page 80. (See paragraph 16.)

(And so on to Page 659)

VI

Paragraph En Passant

Not long ago, I went to see a piece called "The Ouija Board." Its author, so ran the advertisements, was one Crane Wilbur, a moving picture mime. Eh bien, methought, here would be an eve of sour chuckles, an eve for low wheezes! I took my seat, and prepared myself. What I saw was a cheap melodrama, true enough, but one that revealed what is perhaps as shrewdly dexterous a melodrama hand as our theater has seen in some time. Aside from Veiller's "Thirteenth Chair" and Eugene Walter's "The Knife," I recall no melodrama so successfully tricked.

It is one of the curious phenomena of the theater, indeed, that makes a second act like that of this intrinsically pitiful melodrama twice as thrilling, twice as interest-holding, and twice as directly effective as the finest act the enormously superior Hervieu ever wrote. One doesn't customarily admit it, but it is true.

VII

The Handy Epigram Maker; or How to Be a Wit in One Lesson

SUBJOINED, in vest-pocket shape, is what is perhaps the first complete ready-made epigram machine for writers of polite comedy. The epigrams are of the accepted standard models, have been in use in the best wit circles for many years, and are guaranteed. All that the playwright who desires to achieve an appropriate epigram need do is to fill in the blanks as the situation and moment suggest. The automatic result, in each and every instance, will be an acceptable and sufficiently piquant mot.

1. Woman is most . . . when she is . . .; man most . . . when he is . . .
2. All . . . may be divided into two classes: those who . . ., and those who . . .
3. The essence of . . . is the essence of . . .
4. Marriage is to love what . . . is to . . .
5. A bachelor is one who has . . .; a married man is one who has . . .
6. An optimist is the sort of man who . . . when it . . .; a pessimist, one who . . . when it . . .
7. There are always two sound objections to . . . One is that it is . . . and the other is that it is . . .
8. Love is the . . .; marriage, the . . .
9. . . .: the theory that it is better to be halfway . . . than completely . . .
10. It is better to be . . . than . . ., but it is better to be . . . than to be . . .
11. . . . are dangerous things. But . . . are even more so. They . . ., but they do not . . .
12. Life is merely . . . made up of various . . .
13. . . . after supper frequently becomes . . . before breakfast
14. To be . . . is to be . . ., and to be the latter is to be . . .
15. . . . is the triumph of . . . over . . .
16. Two is company; three's a . . .
17. The man who says that he understands women is the man who believes that all women are . . . and that he is the . . .
18. What men admire in women is . . . what women admire in men is . . .
19. It is a mistake to believe that . . . is . . . The latter is more often but the result of . . .
20. . . . is the first step in the birth of disillusion.
21. The history of . . . is the history of woman's . . .
22. Love is the technique of believing . . . despite . . .
23. Ten years ago, a woman used to . . . Today she merely . . .
24. There is no such thing as a . . . All are either . . . or . . . The only difficulty lies in assigning each to the proper pigeon-hole.
25. There is nothing more beautiful than to . . . unless it is to be . . .
26. Nothing is so fatal to . . . as . . .
27. Women are like . . . They . . . and glory in their . . .
28. It is only the . . . who are . . .
29. It is not the intentionally . . . who do the most harm; it is the unintentionally . . .
30. The clever woman is the woman who maintains her . . . at the expense of her . . .
31. Before forty, we . . .; after forty, we . . .
32. Life is a short and uncertain period in which we continually strive to . . . and generally succeed only in . . .

A glance at this epigram apparatus immediately reveals as well its admirable social practicability and workability. Let us say, for example, that you happen to be at a dinner party, that the confiding conversation of the lady on your right has to do with her being a much misunderstood woman. You desire to make a show. What to do? You sneak the little epigram machine out of your pocket, steal a look at it under the table, observe that No. 28 fits the occasion like a glove, stick "misunderstood" in the first blank space, narrow your eyes, give the lady a Wallace Reid look and whisper mysteriously, "It is only the misunderstood who are understood." The effect, obviously, is enormous! And the lady is yours.

On the other hand, let us say, for example, that the general table conversation is on some such subject as the sort of men that women like. A covert glance at the epigram machine promptly discloses No. 2 as the most available device. You therefore merely drop the word "men" into the first blank space, "are interesting to women" into the second and "wear white socks" into the third, and—presto!—you remark, casually, "All men fall into two classes: those who are interesting to women, and those who wear white socks," and make a sensation.

If marriage happens to be the topic, either No. 4 or No. 8 will serve. Let us take No. 8 for example. This epigram is based, of course, on the old "love is the dream, marriage the awakening" standby. But this veteran, obviously enough, is no longer any good, even in Montclair society. So merely glance at the skeletonized device, drop into the first space some such word as "fire-bell" into the first space and some such word as "hose-cart" into the second and "Love is the fire-bell; marriage, the hose-cart" will pass muster with the company as a hot new one.

I believe that I have explained the working method of the epigram machine in sufficient detail to convince you of its utter simplicity and perfect feasibility. The variations it suggests are without number. Take No. 15, for instance. This is always a snappy epigram formula and never fails of effect. To define this or that as being the triumph of . . . over . . . is at once extremely easy and very impressive. For example, remarking that "Elsie Janis is the triumph of mind over matter" will doubtless be looked on as being pretty nearly as witty as remarking that "Virtue is the triumph of indifference over disinclination." And the thing is just as absurdly simple with all the rest.
As I say, poetry may be either the one thing or the other—caressing music or caressing assurance. It need not necessarily be both. Consider a familiar example from “Othello”:

Not poppy, nor mandragora,
Nor all the drowsy syrups of the world
Shall ever medicine thee to that sweet sleep
Which thou owed'st yesterday.

Here the sense, at best, is surely very vague. Probably not one auditor in a hundred, hearing an actor recite those glorious lines, attaches any intelligible meaning to the archaic word owed'st, the cornerstone of the whole sentence. Nevertheless, the effect is stupendous. The passage assaults and benumbs the faculties like Schubert’s “Ständchen” or the slow movement of Schumann’s Rhenish symphony; hearing it is a sensuous debauch; the man anaesthetic to it could stand unmoved before Chartres cathedral. One easily recalls many other such bursts of pure music, almost meaningless but infinitely delightful—in Poe, in Swinburne, in Marlowe, even in Joaquin Miller. Two-thirds of the charm of reading Chaucer (setting aside the Rabelaisian comedy) comes out of the mere burble of the words; the meaning, to a modern, is often extremely obscure, and sometimes downright undecipherable. The whole fame of Poe, as a poet, is based upon five short poems. Of them, three are almost pure music. Their intellectual content is of the vaguest. No one would venture to reduce them to plain English. Even Poe himself always thought of them, not as statements of poetic ideas, but as simple utterances of poetic (i.e., musical) sounds.
It was Sidney Lanier who first showed the dependence of poetry upon music. He had little to say, unfortunately, about the clang-tint of words; what concerned him almost exclusively was rhythm. In "The Science of English Verse" he showed that the charm of this rhythm could be explained in the technical terms of music—that all the old gabble about dactyls and spondees was no more than a dog Latin invented by men who were fundamentally ignorant of the thing they discussed. Lanier's book was the first intelligent work ever published upon the nature and structure of the sensuous content of poetry. He struck out into such new and far paths that the professors of prosody still lag behind him after forty years, quite unable to understand a poet who was also a shrewd critic and a first-rate musician. It remained for another American, F. C. Prescott, to write the first scientific study of the intellectual and emotional content of poetry. His book is called "Poetry and Dreams." I reviewed it in these columns seven years ago. Lately it appeared in a new edition: perhaps it is gradually making its way. Its virtue lies in the fact that it rejects all the customary mystical and romantic definitions of poetry, and seeks to account for the thing in straightforward psychological terms. Poetry, says Prescott, is simply the verbal materialization of a day-dream, the statement of a Freudian wish, an attempt to satisfy a subconscious longing by saying that it is satisfied. In brief, poetry represents imagination's bold effort to escape from the cold and clammy facts that hedge us in—to soothe the wrinkled and fevered brow with beautiful balderdash.

The nature of the balderdash, of course, depends almost wholly upon the character of the patient. That is why it is often so difficult to get any agreement upon the merits of a definite poem, i. e., to get any agreement upon its capacity to soothe. There is the man who craves only the animal delights of a sort of Moslem-Methodist paradise: to him "The Frost is on the Pumpkin" is a noble poem. There is the man who yearns to get out of the visible universe altogether and tread the fields of asphodel: for him there is delight only in the mystical stuff of Crashaw, Thompson, Yeats and company. There is the man who revolts against the sordid Christian notion of immortality—an eternity to be spent flapping wings with pious greengrocers and oleaginous Anglican bishops: he finds his escape in the gorgeous blasphemies of Swinburne. There is, to make an end of examples, the man who, with an inferiority complex eating out his heart, is moved by a great desire to stalk the world in heroic guise: he may go to the sonorous swanking of Kipling, or he may go to something more subtle, to some poem in which the boasting is more artfully concealed, say Christina Rossetti's "When I am Dead." Many men, many complexes, many secret yearnings! They collect, of course, in groups; if the group happens to be large enough the poet it is devoted to becomes famous. Kipling's great fame is thus easily explained. He appeals to the commonest of all types of man, next to the sentimental type—which is to say, he appeals to the bully and braggart type, the chest-slapping type, the patriot type. Less harshly described, to the boy type. All of us have been Kiplinomaniacs at some time or other. But if the gifts of observation and reflection have been given to us, we get over it. There comes a time when we no longer yearn to be heroes, but seek only peace—maybe even hope for quick extinction. Then we turn to Swinburne and "The Garden of Proserpine"—more false assurances, more mellifluous play-acting, another tinkling make-believe—but how sweet on blue days!

II

One of the things to remember here is that a man's conscious desires are not always identical with his subconscious longings; in fact, the two are often directly antithetical. No doubt the real
man lies in the depths of the subconscious, like a carp lurking in mud. His conscious personality is largely a product of his environment—the reaction of his subconscious to the prevailing notions of what is meet and seemly. Here, of course, I wander into platitude, for the news that all men are frauds was already stale in the days of Hammurabi. The ingenious Freud simply translated the fact into pathological terms, added a bed-room scene, and so laid the foundations for his psychoanalysis. Incidentally, it has always seemed to me that Freud made a curious mistake when he brought sex into the foreground of his new magic. He was, of course, quite right when he set up the doctrine that, in civilized societies, sex impulses were more apt to be suppressed than any other natural impulses, and that the subconscious thus tended to be crowded with their ghosts. But in considering sex impulses, he forgot sex imaginings. Digging out, by painful cross-examination in a darkened room, some startling tale of carnality in his patient’s past, he committed the incredible folly of assuming it to be literally true. More often than not, I believe, it was a mere piece of boasting, a materialization of desire—in brief, a poem. It is astonishing that this possibility never occurred to the venerable professor; it is more astonishing that it has never occurred to any of his disciples. He should have psychoanalyzed a few poets instead of wasting all his time upon psychopathic old maids, male and female. He would have dredged amazing things out of their subconscious, heroic as well as amorous. Imagine the thousands of men that Kipling would have confessed to killing!

But here I get into morbid anatomy, and had better haul up. What I started out to say was that a man’s preferences in poetry constitute an excellent means of estimating his inner cravings and credulities. The music disarms his critical sense, and he confesses to cherishing ideas that he would repudiate with indignation if they were put into plain words, I say he cherishes those ideas. Maybe he simply tolerates them unwillingly; maybe they are simply inescapable heritages from his barbarous ancestors, like his vermiform appendix. Think of the poems you like, and you will come upon many such intellectual fossils—ideas that you by no means subscribe to, but that nevertheless give you a strange joy. I put myself on the block as Exhibit A. There is my delight in Lizette Woodworth Reese’s sonnet, “Tears.” Nothing could do more violence to my conscious beliefs. Put into prose, the doctrine in the poem would exasperate and even enrage me. There is no man in Christendom who is less a Christian than I am. But here the dead hand grabs me by the ear. My ancestors were converted to Christianity in the year 1535, and remained of that faith until near the end of the eighteenth century. Observe, now, the load I carry: more than two hundred years of Christianity, and perhaps a thousand years (maybe even two, or three thousand years) of worship of heathen gods before that—at least twelve hundred years of uninterrupted belief in the immortality of the soul. Is it any wonder that, betrayed by music of the highest beauty, my conscious faith is lulled to sleep, thus giving my subconscious a chance to wallow in its immemorial superstition?

But don’t forget the importance of the music! It takes the place of Dr. Freud’s darkened chamber, of the low buzz-buzz of the Emmanuel Movers of yesteryear, of the moonlight which makes all cats gray and all gals pretty, of the drumbeat that converts an Iowa oaf into a prancing Soldat, a brother to Marshal Keith and Prince Eugene. The thing is largely physical: it has been studied and platted by sweating German psychologists, and their findings have been patriotically lifted without credit by American psychologists. The rhythm does part of the business, and the clang-tint does the rest. As for me, I am extraordinarily sensitive to sound—infinitely more so than to sight. There is no picture, or piece of statuary, or
natural scene, or even beautiful woman in the world that moves me half so much as, say, the last movement of Brahms' first symphony, or, for that matter, the last movement of his second, or third, or fourth. I am a melomaniac. Well, Miss Reese, in her sonnet, aims her gun straight at melomaniacs. Her fourteen lines are full of tremendously beautiful sounds, infinitely exquisite rhythms. Whenever I hear anyone speak against them I know that I am in the presence of the tone-deaf. The man or woman who is insensitive to their beauty is the sort of man or woman who is insensitive to the three B's. There is, in what English poetry I know, no more brilliant arrangement of the sounds of the Anglo-Saxon monosyllables. There is scarcely a Latin word in it. It is as starkly simple and as overwhelmingly lovely as a Haydn minuet . . . So feeling, so enchanted via the ear, I naturally fall an easy prey to the theological miasmas rising from my subconscious. It is really too easy. Another such sonnet, and I'd begin giving three cheers for Martin Luther.

III

The recurrent debates over _vers libre_ and other such attempts to modify the external forms of poetry are all made valueless by ignorance of its dual nature. It is often, in fact, quite impossible to say whether a given composition is poetry or not poetry. Lincoln's Gettysburg speech is commonly reckoned as prose, and yet I am convinced that it is quite as much poetry as the Queen Mab speech or Marlowe's mighty elegy on Helen of Troy. More, it is so read and admired by the great masses of the plain people. It is an almost perfect specimen of a comforting but unsound asseveration put into rippling and hypnotizing words; done into plain English, the statements of fact would make even a writer of school history-books laugh. So with parts of the Declaration of Independence. No one seriously believes that they are true, but nearly everyone agrees that it would be a nice thing if they were true—and meanwhile Jefferson's eighteenth century rhetoric, by Johnson out of John Lyly's "Euphues," completes the enchantment. In the main, the test is to be found in the audience rather than in the poet. If it is in a sober and critical mood, demanding sense and proofs, then nearly all poetry becomes prose; if, on the contrary, it has a few drinks aboard, or is in love, or is otherwise in a soft and believing mood, then even the worst of prose, if it has a touch of soothing sing-song in it, becomes moving poetry—for example, the diplomatic and political gospel-hymns of Dr. Woodrow Wilson, a man constitutionally unable to reason clearly or honestly, but nevertheless one full of the bubbling that caresses the ears of simple men. Most of his speeches, translated into intelligible English, would sound as idiotic as a prose version of "The Blessed Damozel." Read by his opponents, they sound so without the translation.

But at the extremes, of course, there is indubitable poetry and incurable prose, and the difference is not hard to distinguish. Prose is simply a form of writing in which the author intends that his statements shall be accepted as literally true, even when they are about imaginary person and events. Its appeal is to the fully conscious and alertly reasoning man. Poetry is a form of writing in which the author attempts to disarm reason and evoke emotion, partly by presenting images that awaken a powerful response in the subconscious and partly by the mere sough and blubber of words. Poetry is not distinguished from prose, as Prof. Dr. Lowes says in his "Convention and Revolt in Poetry," by an exclusive phraseology, but by a peculiar attitude of mind—an attitude of self-delusion, of fact-denying, of saying what ain't. It is essentially an effort to elude the bitter facts of life, whereas prose is essentially a means of unearthing and exhibiting them. The gap is bridged by sentimental prose, which is half prose and half poetry—Lincoln's Get-
tysburg speech, the average sermon, the prose of an erotic novelette. Immediately the thing acquires a literal meaning it ceases to be poetry; immediately it becomes capable of convincing an adult and perfectly sober man during the hours between breakfast and luncheon it is indisputably prose.

This quality of untruthfulness pervades all poetry, good and bad. You will find it in the very best poetry that the world has so far produced, to wit, in the sonorous poems of the Jewish Scriptures. The ancient Jews were stupendous poets. Moreover, they were shrewd psychologists, and so knew the capacity of poetry, given the believing mind, to convince and enchant—in other words, its capacity to drug the auditor in such a manner that he accepts it literally, as he might accept the baldest prose. This danger in poetry, given auditors impressionable enough, is too little estimated and understood. It is largely responsible for the persistence of sentimentality in a world apparently designed for the one purpose of manufacturing cynics. It is probably chiefly responsible for the survival of Christianity, despite the hard competition that it has met with from other religions. The theology of Christianity—i.e., its prose—is certainly no more convincing than that of half a dozen other religions that might be named; it is, in fact, a great deal less convincing than the theology of, say, Buddhism. But the poetry of Christianity is infinitely more lush and beautiful than that of any other religion ever heard of. There is more lovely poetry in one of the Psalms than in all of the non-Christian scriptures of the world taken together.

More, this poetry is in both Testaments, the New as well as the Old. Who could imagine a more charming poem than that of the Child in the manger? It has enchanted the world for nearly two thousand years. It is simple, exquisite and overwhelming. Its power to arouse emotion is so great that even in our age, it is at the bottom of fully a half of the kindliness, romanticism and humane sentimentality that survive in Christendom. It is worth a million syllogisms.

IV

But despite the magical power that lies within it, poetry is much easier to write than prose. For every first-rate prose writer there are at least a score of first-rate poets. An effective prose style is a sort of miracle; not a dozen men in any generation ever attain to it. An effective poetical style is quite common. What does the beginning author write? Poetry, not prose. What does the backwoods literatus write? Poetry, not prose. The cause thereof is not far to seek. To write sound prose one must be well-informed and persuasive. It requires keen wits, a great intellectual resourcefulness, a superior manner. But to write poetry one needs be only sentimental and agreeable. The one challenges the highest critical faculties; the other merely reaches out for the emotions. Feel, and you are a poet—but to write prose you must have ideas, which are vastly harder to pump up than feelings. This fact always shows itself, sometimes in an appalling manner, when a poet turns to prose. The prose of Shelley, Byron and Swinburne, to take three scattered examples, is almost unfailingly idiotic. It is only the man of unquestionable genius, e.g., Milton, who can disport himself effectively in both tubs.

The poet tunes a pretty pipe, charms his reader as a snake-charmer charms a snake, and then plays upon his elemental emotions—his sentimentalities and stupidities. The materials of poetry are the materials of folk-lore, romance, superstition—in brief, the ideas that man outgrows as he becomes civilized. The more primitive the man, the more he is a slave to his emotions; civilized culture consists almost wholly of a capacity to resist and surmount them. Thus even the highest poetry is aimed at third-rate men; even the superlatively beautiful strophes of the Psalms fetch ten thousand suburban Methodists to one Huxley. To enter
into a poetic mood is to become, in a sense, childish again—to throw off the critical doubts of a civilized adult and to hearken boozily to incredible marvels and old wives' tales. The astute charlatan, seeking to merchant his dubious ideas, always puts them into the form of poetry. For example, Robert Browning. Browning was simply a bad philosopher who turned from prose to poetry because poetry was much easier. Thus coating them with sugar, he managed to get his notions down. Enchanted by his poetical hocus-pocus, vast numbers of uncritical folk jumped to the conclusion that his interior nonsense was profundity. Even so, he fooled only the most naive sort of readers—that is, after his first success. His chief admirers today are not men and women of sense, but small-fry pedagogues, club-women, moony literati and other such grown-up infants. His boss apostle in the United States, for many years, was Prof. Dr. Hiram Corson, of Cornell, a savant who also believed in table-tapping, poltergeists and other such imbecilities. If Browning actually had any ideas, then what were his ideas? No one, so far as I know, has ever stated them in plain English. If it were possible so to state them, they would make even poets laugh...

But here I risk misunderstanding. Once, after plowing through sixty or seventy volumes of bad verse, I described myself as a poetry-hater. The epithet was and is absurd. The truth is that I enjoy poetry quite as much as the next man—when the mood is on me. But what mood? The mood, in a few words, of intellectual and spiritual fatigue, the mood of revolt against the insoluble riddle of existence, the mood of disgust and despair. Poetry, then, is a capital medicine. First its sweet music lulls, and then its artful presentation of the beautifully improbable soothes and gives surcease. It is an escape from life, like religion, like enthusiasm, like glimpsing a pretty girl. And to the mere sensual joy in it, to the mere low delight in getting away from the world for a bit, there is added, if the poetry be good, something vastly better, something reaching out into the realm of the intelligent, to wit, appreciation of good workmanship. A sound sonnet is as pleasing an object as a well-written fugue. A pretty lyric, deftly done, has all the technical charm of a fine carving. I think it is craftsmanship that I admire most in the world. Brahms enchants me because he knew his trade perfectly. I like Richard Strauss because he is full of technical ingenuities, because he is a master-workman. Well, who ever heard of a finer craftsman than William Shakespeare? His music was magnificent, he played superbly upon all the common emotions—and he did it magnificently, he did it with an air. No, I am no poetry hater. But even Shakespeare I most enjoy, not on brisk mornings when I feel fit for any deviltry, but on dreary evenings when my old wounds are troubling me, and some fickle fair one has just sent back the autographed set of my first editions, and bills are piled up on my desk, and I am too sad to work. Then I mix a stiff dram—and read poetry.

V

Too little space remains for a detailed review of actual poets. If I had room I'd probably offer amends to Edgar Lee Masters and Amy Lowell, both of whom I have ventured to mock politely in the past. In Miss Lowell's "Pictures of the World" (Macmillan) there is stuff so good that it confounds and converts me, and in Masters' "Starved Rock" (Macmillan) there is enough of good in the bad to give me pause. Even Vachel Lindsay begins to shake me up. The Bryan dithyrambs in "The Golden Whales of California" (Macmillan) are capital stuff, indeed. Nor are these the only poets worthy of attention. The national stock company, in fact, seems to grow larger every year, and its annual product is a series of volumes of varied and arresting interest. I name a few specimens: "The Solitary," by James Oppenheim (Huebsch); "The
Cobbler in Willow Street,” by George O’Neil, a beginning poet of the utmost promise (Boni-Liveright); “A Whisper of Life,” by Agnes Ryan (Four Seas); “Banners,” by Babette Deutsch (Doran); “The Passing God,” by Harry Kemp (Brentano); “Body and Raiment,” by Eunice Tietjens (Knopf); “A Woman of Thirty,” by Marjorie Allen Seiffert (Knopf); “The Beloved Stranger,” by Witter Bynner (Knopf); “The Hesitant Heart,” by Winifred Welles (Huebsch); “Poems,” by Gladys Cromwell (Macmillan); “Poems,” by T. S. Eliot (Knopf); “Candles That Burn,” by Aline Kilmer (Doran). Nor are two sonorous and extremely effective poetical plays to be forgotten: “The Hollow Head of Mars,” by Herman Scheffauer (Simpkin), and “Lilith,” by George Sterling (Robertson). Nor certain excellent books of comic verse: “Including Horace,” by Louis Untermeyer (Harcourt); “McAroni Ballads,” by T. A. Daly (Harcourt); “Something Else Again,” by Franklin P. Adams (Doubleday), and “Shadowy Thresholds,” by Cale Young Rice (Century). Untermeyer, Daly and Adams are deliberately jocose: they aim their grotesque guns at the midriff. Rice’s humor is unwitting, but none the less fetching. I quote the first line of his “Millicent Passes”:

Don’t let him be my pall-bearer, don’t let him!

To these native products must be added a number of meritorious importations and reprints, notably a handy and well-printed complete edition of Rudyard Kipling’s poems in one volume, by title “Kipling’s Verse, Inclusive Edition, 1885-1918” (Doubleday). The collection was long wanted, and is well worth buying. With it comes “The Years Between” (Doubleday), which includes “The Female of the Species” and other recent Kipling pieces. Among the other importations of interest are “The Queen of China,” by Edward Shanks (Knopf); “Argonaut and Juggernaut,” by Osbert Sitwell, an American living in England (Knopf); “The Dark Wind,” by W. J. Turner (Dutton); “Picture-Show,” by Siegfried Sassoon (Dutton); “War and Love,” by Richard Aldington (Four Seas); “Catholic Tales,” by Dorothy L. Sayers (Blackwell), and “The Mountainy Singer,” by Seosamh MacCathmaoil (Four Seas). The translations are even better, particularly “The Kilkartan Poetry Book,” by Lady Gregory (Putnam), and “170 Translations From the Chinese” and “More Translations From the Chinese,” by Arthur Waley (Knopf). In these three books, indeed, is the very best poetry of the year, for Lady Gregory and Mr. Waley are translators of the highest skill. The same thing, unluckily, cannot be said of Charles Wharton Stork, translator of the “Selected Poems,” by Verner von Heidenstam, the Swedish poet (Yale Press). It is impossible to judge von Heidenstam by such doggerels as the following:

I’ve searched half the world over everywhere
For a place that I fairest might call.
So lovely, though, were they all
That none could well be most fair.

Which brings me, finally, to the anthologies: an intelligent and useful collection of “Modern American Poetry,” for the use of colleges, by Louis Untermeyer (Harcourt); “The Book of Modern British Verse,” by W. S. Braithwaite (Small-Maynard); “Coloured Stars,” a series of translations from various strange tongues, including the Annamese, the Afghan, the Hindustani and the Siamese—all by Edward Powys Mathers (Houghton); “A Second Pagan Anthology,” a collection of exultations by poets with such curious names as Ulysses Goldberg, Moishe Nadir, Claire Bu Zard, Max Licht Sonin and Michel Procureur (Pagan), and the solemn Dr. Braithwaite’s seventh “Anthology of Magazine Verse,” this time for 1919 (Small-Maynard). Dr. Braithwaite’s critical comments, as usual, are in the manner of a talented high-school teacher, but he prints more decent verse than is his wont, and much less nonsense.
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