PAN AMERICAN DAY AND PAN AMERICAN WEEK, 1967 BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA A PROCLAMATION There is special meaning this year in the hemispheric tradition of Pan American Day. On April twelfth, for the first time in a decade and the second time in history, the Presidents and Heads of Government of the American nations will meet to fortify the foundation of the house of the Americas. Seventy-seven years ago we first joined our hearts and hands as brothers in a hopeful hemisphere. We pledged a common pledge -- we dreamed a common dream. We have since translated that pledge into progress. And we have founded the Organization of American States as a firm framework for the fulfillment of that dream. We have recently strengthened that Organization by amending its Charter to meet the challenge that our changing times demand. We have extended our unique experiment in international living by welcoming into our membership the new nation of Trinidad and Tobago. We have enhanced the meaning of that experiment by forging within it an Alliance for Progress in which our goals for the good life are matched only by our desire to achieve them. And the impressive accomplishments of these last oix years trace that desire's growing satisfaction.

When the Alliance was formed in 1961, it was estimated that our Latin American neighbors could supply about 80% of the capital required. In fact, they have done better than this. By the end of this year, the gross investment in Latin America will have totaled over \$100 billion -- and 95% of it will have been from domestic sources. This ability of our neighbors to save and invest in their own future is a most striking indication that Latin America can, with relatively modest external help, mobilize the resources needed for its own development -- and thus strengthen the foundations of the house we share in this homisphere.

The cooperative spirit of the Alliance is bringing newfound confidence and hope into this house.

- -- Per capita growth rates show that more and more countries are breaking the economic stagnation of earlier years.
- -- Men, women and children are alive today
 who would otherwise have died. In ten
 countries, deaths caused by salaria
 dropped from 10,810 to 2,280 in three
 years' time. Smallpox cases declined
 almost as sharply. And new health
 centers and hospitals are growing everywhere.
- -- Men whose fathers for generations toiled on land owned by others are now working it as their own. With U.S. assistance, 1.1 million acres have been irrigated and 106,090 acres reclaimed. 15,000 miles of road have been built or improved, many of them farm-to-market access roads.

-- For tens of thousands of families, the most fundamental conditions of life are improving.

350,000 housing units have been, or are now being constructed. New and modernized water supply systems have been built to benefit some 20 million people.

Frogress, we are cheered by success and encouraged in the task that lies shead.

With the confidence born of achievement, we know that we can prepare a better world for the new generation of Americans who will come after us.

We look to the 60% of Latin America's 245 million people who are now under the age of 25, and we know that the task of meeting their aspirations is great. But we also know that we have forged the tools to do the task. And there is promise in what we see.

The sustaining arm of education is reaching out to more and more of this strategic 60% of Latin Americans.

- -- Since the Alliance was formed, school
 enrollments have increased at an average
 annual rate of over 6%. This rate represents
 more than twice the rate of increase in the
 total population.
- -- For each 1,000 inhabitants, there were 124 students enrolled in schools in 1960, 170 in 1965, and 174 in 1966.
- -- 28,000 new claserooms have been built.

- -- 160,000 teachers have been trained or given additional training.
- -- More than 14 million textbooks have been distributed.
- 13 million school children and 3 million pre-schoolers participate in school lunch programs.

and more than this, what statistics cannot adequately relay is the emergence of a generation of vigorous, confident and responsible leaders throughout fatin America — leaders who are ready to help their countries help themselves. These leaders are beginning to include more and more women doers in their ranks. And since women comprise over half the population of Latin America, there is new potential in this leadership.

The successes scored by the Alliance have been sided by the United States -- but they have been realized by the co-operative spirit that resides in the commitment and dedication of the Latin American nations themselves. Their unrelenting perseverance has been a keystone in the firm foundation of our house of hemispheric progress.

So as together we seek to strengthen -- we seek a realistic goal.

As together we build to better -- we build on solid ground.

Bound by geography, born of a common revolutionary heritage, nurtured by common ideals, committed to the dignity of man, and sustained by the youth and vigor that have been our common strength, we will project our traditions into a promising future — and we will prevail.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, LYNDON B. JOHNSON, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim Friday, April 14, 1967, as Pan American Day, and the week beginning April 9 and ending April 15 as Pan American Week; and I call upon the Governors of the fifty States of the Union, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the officials of all other areas under the flag of the United States to issue similar proclamations.

Further, I call upon this Nation to rededicate itself to the fundamental goal of the inter-American system, embodied in the Charter of the Organization of American States and in the Charter of Punta del Ester social justice and economic progress within the framework of individual freedom and political liberty.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this

day

in the

of

year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-seven. and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and ninety-first.

By the Presidents

Secretary of State.

Draft

PAN AMERICAN DAY AND PAN AMERICAN WEEK, 1967

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There is special meaning this year in the hemispheric tradition of Pan American Day.

On April twelfth, for the first time in a decade and the second time in history, the Presidents and Heads of Government of the American nations will meet to fortify the foundation of the house of the Americas.

Seventy-seven years ago we first joined our hearts and hands as brothers in a hopeful hemisphere. We pledged a common pledge -- we dreamed a common dream. We have since translated that pledge into progress. And we have founded the Organization of American States as a firm framework for the fulfillment of what dream.

We have remently strengthened that Organization by amending its Charter to meet the challenge that our changing times demand.

We have extended our unique experiment in international living by welcoming into our membership the new nation of Trinidad and Tobago.

We have enhanced the meaning of that experiment by forging within it an Alliance for Progress in which our goals for the good life are matched only by our desire to achieve them. And the impressive accomplishments of these last six years trace that desire's growing satisfaction.

When the Alliance was formed in 1961, it was estimated that our Latin American neighbors could supply about 80% of the capital. required. In fact, they have done better than this. By the end of this year, the gross investment in Latin America will have totaled over \$100 billion -- and 95% of it will have been from domestic sources. This ability of our brothers to save and invest in their own future is a most striking indication that Latin America can, with relatively modest external help, mobilize the resources needed for its own development -- and thus strengthen the foundations of the house we share in this hemisphere.

The cooperative spirit of the Alliance is breathing the life of newfound hope into this house.

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-- Men, women and children are alive today

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With U.S. assistance, 1.1 million acres have

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many of them farm-to-market access roads.

--For tens of thousands of families, the most fundamental conditions of life are improving.

350,000 housing units have been, or are now being constructed. New and modernized water supply systems have been built to benefit some 20 million people.

So as we assemble under the impregnable roof of our hemisphere, we are cheered by success and encouraged in the task that lies ahead.

Armed with these heartening facts of progress, we look to the new generation of Americans who will come after us. We look to the 60% of Latin America's 245 million people who are now under the age of 25. And there is boundless promise in what we see.

The sustaining arm of education is reaching out to more and more of this strategic 60% of Latin Americans.

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The successes scored by the Alliance have been aided by the United States -- but they have been realized by the cooperative spirit that is perpetuated and enhanced by the commitment and dedication of the Latin American nations themselves.

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of Puerto Rico, and the officials of all other areas under the
flag of the United States to issue similar proclamations.

Further, I call upon this Nation to rededicate itself
to the fundamental goal of the inter-American system, embodied
in the Charter of the Organization of American States and in
the Charter of Punta del Este; social justice and economic

progress within the framework of individual freedom and political liberty.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this

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By the President:

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PAN AMERICAN DAY AND PAN AMERICAN WEEK, 1967

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A PROCLAMATION

There is special meaning this year in the hemispheric tradition of Pan American Day.

On April twelfth, for the first time in a decade and the second time in history the Presidents and Heads of Government of the American nations will meet to fortify the foundations of the house of the Americas.

Another bold blueprint for hemispheric self-help and self-fulfillment will herald yet another creative chapter of achievement.

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This is a day of rededication to those goals. The Summit Meeting at Punta del Este confirms the sincerity of our mission.

We will be gathering with our brothers under the impregnable roof of our hemisphere. We will be working with them to advance their salutary programs for the integration of their economies, and the development of their power, their transportation, their communication, and their trade. Our productive partnership will be dedicated to modernizing their rural life, increasing agricultural productivity, and improving education. But more than that, it will be directed to strengthening the whole of our American family.

Bound by geography, born of a common revolutionary heritage, nurtured by common ideals and sustained by a common belief in the diquity of man, we will project these time-honored traditions into a promising future.

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By the President:

Secretary of State.

3/28/67

Over the period 1966-65 central ogvernment expenditures on education have grown faster than popultion, grooss product and public revenues in most of the region.

Nine governments have increased their expenditures at a rate 2-3 times the rate of their GNP. While much remains to be done such self-help accompllishments encourage the hemishpere to believe that adequate funds can be -- and are being-raised locally for investment in huma n resources/

Lung Donness ARA Citer Min, (AM-stra) 182 - 8441 To: Eliska From : Ceil

The Public Affairs office of the American Republics Area (a combined State Department and AID outfit) offers the following brand new figure from Latin America:

When the Alliance for Progress was established in 1961 it was estimated that the Latin Americans could supply about 80% of the capital required. In fact they have done better than this. By the end of this year the gross investment in Latin America will have totaled over \$100 billion --95% of it from domestic sources (i.e. Latam sources cdb). This unexpected ability of the Latin Americans to save and invest in their own future is perhaps the most striking overall indication that Latin America can, with relatively modest external help, mobilize the resources needed for its own development. This is the basis for our optimism that, with a modest addition to our aid levels and with concentrated effort by the developing countries, together, we can overcome the major part of the remaining obstacles to steady growth, institutional reform and economic integration.

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Source: ARA Public Affairs Mrs Dorrelly x
(American Republics area) - DOS and AID combined

They my He 95% is a broad new figure - never used before,

They are writing on Educatur Expediture figures