

BOOKS IN PRINT

The Structure of Social Action

BY TALCOTT PARSONS

For the last decade *The Structure of Social Action* has provided the focal point for the development of a systematic formulation for social science theory. Parsons traces the main streams of sociological theory and provides a comprehensive evaluation of its major contributors, Durkheim, Pareto and Weber. This analytical treatment supplies the basis for his presentation of an outline for a systematic sociological theory.

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Essays in Sociological Theory

BY TALCOTT PARSONS

"To the development of a systematic analytical theory, a noteworthy contribution has been made, and a careful reading of all these essays will repay anyone, whatever his particular orientation or interests in the social sciences may be."—*The Philosophy of Science*

\$4.50

Social Theory and Social Structure

BY ROBERT K. MERTON

This book has been assembled with an eye to the gradual unfolding and developing of two sociological concerns which pervade the whole of the book, concerns more fully expressed in the perspective found in all chapters than in the particular subject-matter under discussion. These are, first, the concern with the *interplay of social theory and social research* and, second,

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the concern with progressively *codifying both substantive theory and the procedures of sociological analysis*, most particularly of *qualitative analysis*.

\$5.00

The Methodology of the Social Sciences

BY MAX WEBER

Translated by Edward A. Shils and Henry A. Finch

Weber was perhaps the greatest modern writer on the methodology of the social sciences. The rigor and elaborateness of his thought bear fruit in these essays by way of the treatment of a series of problems at the heart of the social sciences—the relation between scientific knowledge and value judgment, the significance of theory in concrete empirical analysis, the criteria for the selection of research problems, and many other issues of critical importance.

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BY BERTRAND RUSSELL

In the portraits he draws of Galileo, Newton, Darwin and others there emerges a concept of what science and scientific method are. He delineates the conditions that make for progress in science and preserve the freedom of scientific inquiry.

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The Division of Labor in Society

BY EMILE DURKHEIM

Represents a landmark in the growth of the social sciences and of sociology in particular. It was Durkheim's first major book, and it was here that he introduced the notion of *anomie* that later came to fuller development and treatment in *Suicide*.

\$4.00

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