

Specialized education in social science is required to make the students grasp fully the objective law of social progress and the theories on the class struggle and on the strategy and tactics of the revolution. It should also make them acquainted with the valuable successes and experience gained by our Party in solving in a unique way the difficult and complex problems in all fields of politics, economy and culture. The students should likewise be cultivated with the ability to give profound theoretical explanation and publicity to the Party line and policy and to offer correct scientific clarification of the theoretical and practical problems arising in the revolution and construction.

In specialized technical education modern technology should be taught. The students should be initiated deeply into the principles of modern production and technological engineerings and made to acquire the specialized knowledge of some branches of technology. At the same time, they should be trained to master the skills to handle efficiently the automation installations and other up-to-date technical equipment.

The content of scientific and technical education should be supplemented and enriched ceaselessly in compliance with the needs of actual life and on the basis of the fresh achievements of science and technology.

Scientific and technical education should be keyed wholly to the Party policy. Instruction in all subjects should be based thoroughly on the Party policy and linked to the specific realities of our country. We should thus make sure that the students learn what is badly needed for our revolution and apply their knowledge and techniques admirably to revolutionary practice.

Physical Education

Physical education is aimed at developing the bodies of children and students and preparing them well for work and national defense.

The sound bodies of children and youth are essential for the revolutionary struggle and for the building of a rich and strong society. Their strong bodies built up through effective physical training will make it possible to push ahead vigorously with the revolution and construction and increase the might of the nation.

Physical education is of importance not only in increasing the physical strength of children and youth but also in tempering their minds and will and enhancing their cultural level. Through sports activities children and students will cultivate courage, audacity, fortitude and perseverance and increase their sports techniques and cultural attainments.

All educational institutions should give adequate physical training to the students. This education should be strengthened particularly in the primary and secondary schools bringing up children in the stage of most vigorous physical growth.

Physical training at school should center on strengthening the students' bodies and developing their physiques symmetrically. It should agree with the natural and geographical conditions of our country, the bodily features of our people, the sexes and ages of children and students and the physiological requirements of their bodies.

Physical culture which tends to increase the statures of children and students and develop their physiques harmoniously should be conducted systematically, and physical training for national defense should be promoted.

Physical culture and sports should be popularized and made an everyday need of the masses of people. At school, collective physical culture and sports activities should be conducted regularly with the participation of the great majority of the students.

The students' after-school sports activities should be organized widely. Widely varied physical culture and sports activities including exercises during recesses, collective running, mass games and athletic meets should be organized and various sports circle activities should be conducted actively at school, so that all students strengthen their bodies always and master more than one sports technique.